California Department of Water Resources’ Mission...

To manage the water of California, in cooperation with other agencies, to benefit the state's people and protect, restore and enhance the natural and human environments.

Pyramid Lake

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History

In 1843, gold was discovered near Pyramid Lake and in the Santa Feliciana Canyon, just south of what is now Pyramid Dam. But the small find failed to trigger a rush to the mountainous countryside. Only Francisco Lopes, owner of Rancho Temescal, a Mexican land grant, and a handful of ranchers attempted to settle the region.

Pyramid Lake and Dam, completed in 1973, were named after a pyramid-shaped rock carved out by engineers building the Old Highway 99. Travelers between Los Angeles and Bakersfield christened the landmark “Pyramid Rock,” which still stands just adjacent to the dam.

Powerplants

The Department of Water Resources owns and operates the Warne Powerplant. Located on the Gorman Creek arm of the lake, the powerplant helps meet the Project’s need for electricity.

Taking advantage of the 739-foot drop to the lake surface, this plant, with a maximum rated capacity of 78 megawatts, can generate up to 358 million kilowatt-hours a year.

Water flowing from Pyramid Lake through the 7.2-mile-long Angeles Tunnel spins the turbines in Castaic Powerplant. The 30-foot-diameter tunnel carries water on its way to coastal Southern California to Castaic Lake, the final Project reservoir on the State Water Project’s West Branch.

Castaic Powerplant generates electricity during on-peak periods (weekday daylight hours) when extra power is needed in the Los Angeles area. During off-peak periods...
Pyramid Lake

mouth bass, striped bass, blue gill, crappie, and some trout.

Boating

Boating speed limits differ in parts of the lake. Canoes, rubber rafts and rowboats are often seen in the canyons where power boats are restricted to low speeds. Higher speeds for waterskiing are allowed on the main body of the lake.

Water Levels

The reservoir’s water level can change every day because Pyramid Lake provides regulated storage for Castaic Powerplant.

Recreation

Recreation Sites

**Vaquero**, located just below the Vista Del Lago Visitors Center, has a two-lane boat ramp, a beach, picnic areas, and restrooms.

**Emigrant Landing**, reached via Smokey Bear Road off-ramp from I-5, has a marina with boat rentals, an eight-lane boat launching ramp, a beach, and several picnic areas. Fishing is also accessible to wheelchair users.

**Los Alamos** Campground in lower Hungry Valley contains 93 family camping units and the group facilities.

Beaches and picnic sites **Spanish Point, Tin Cup, Bear Trap, Yellowbar, and Serrano** are reachable only by boat.

Fishing

Fishing is allowed everywhere at Pyramid Lake. You can catch fish such as large mouth bass, small

(nights and Sundays) when local power is cheaper the plant pumps water back into Pyramid Lake.

The operation also reduces the cost of power required to move Project water from Northern to Southern California. Castaic Powerplant is a cooperative venture of DWR and the City of Los Angeles Department of Water and Power.
Vista Del Lago Visitors Center
Vista Del Lago Visitors Center
Peninsula is among Pyramid’s recreational points of interest. The 18,500-square-foot, Mediterranean-style building highlights interactive exhibits on California’s water — its sources and its vital role in the state’s quality of life. To get to the center from Interstate 5, take the Vista Del Lago Road off-ramp.

Information
For Vista Del Lago Visitors Center, call . . . . . . . . . . (661) 294-0219
For other recreational opportunities, call . . . . . . . . . (661) 296-9710
For group camping reservations, call . . . . . . . . . . (661) 295-1245
or (800) 416-6992
For boat rentals, call . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . (661) 257-2892
For information about Pyramid Lake, and other State Water Project facilities, the hearing impaired can call California Relay Service (voice) at . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . (800) 735-2922.
Visit DWR’s website at http://wwwdwr.water.ca.gov
If you need this publication in an alternate form, contact the Office of Water Education at (800) 272-8869
For TTY phone service, call . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . (916) 653-6226

The State Water Project
Planned, designed, constructed and operated by the California Department of Water Resources (DWR), the State Water Project (SWP) is the largest state-built, multipurpose water project in the United States. The SWP, spanning more than 600 miles from Northern California to Southern California, includes 32 storage facilities, 17 pumping plants, 3 pumping-generating plants, 5 hydroelectric power plants, and approximately 660 miles of canals and pipelines. (This doesn't include the East Branch Extension, located in Southern California, which is under construction.)

The SWP’s main purpose is to provide a water supply — that is, to divert and store surplus water during wet periods and distribute it to areas of need in Northern California, the San Francisco Bay area, the San Joaquin Valley, the Central Coast, and Southern California. Other SWP purposes include flood control, power generation, recreation, fish and wildlife enhancement, and water quality improvement in the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta.
Pyramid Lake and Dam Statistics

Lake
Capacity .................. 171,200 acre-feet
Surface.................... 1,297 acres
Shoreline .................. 21 miles
Maximum depth ............ 355 feet

Dam
Height .................... 400 feet
Elevation .................. 2,606 feet
Length .................... 1,090 feet
Volume ................... 6,860,000 cubic yards

Twenty-nine urban and agricultural water agencies have long-term contracts for a maximum delivery of just over four million acre-feet of water per year. Of this amount, approximately 70 percent will go to urban users and 30 percent to agricultural users.

These SWP contracting agencies are repaying the full cost, plus interest, of financing, building, operating and maintaining the SWP water storage and delivery system.

Pyramid Lake

Pyramid Lake is located in the Angeles and Los Padres National Forests, about 60 miles northwest of downtown Los Angeles. The lake’s 21 miles of shoreline and 1,297 acres of surface area spread out into long, arm-like waterways and steep canyons. As a reservoir of the SWP, Pyramid Lake stores water for delivery to Los Angeles and other coastal cities of Southern California. It also provides regulated storage for Castaic Powerplant, flood protection along Piru Creek which it dams, and recreational opportunities.