

SCHISM (and DSM2) System Modeling for Monitoring Special Studies



Jan 2022

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Outline

- Intro to modeling, SCHISM and DSM2
- Ongoing refinements
- Applications
 - Study SJR-South Delta-Export system
 - Synthesize observations from MSS
 - Virtually try reach-based monitoring ideas
 - Operational modeling

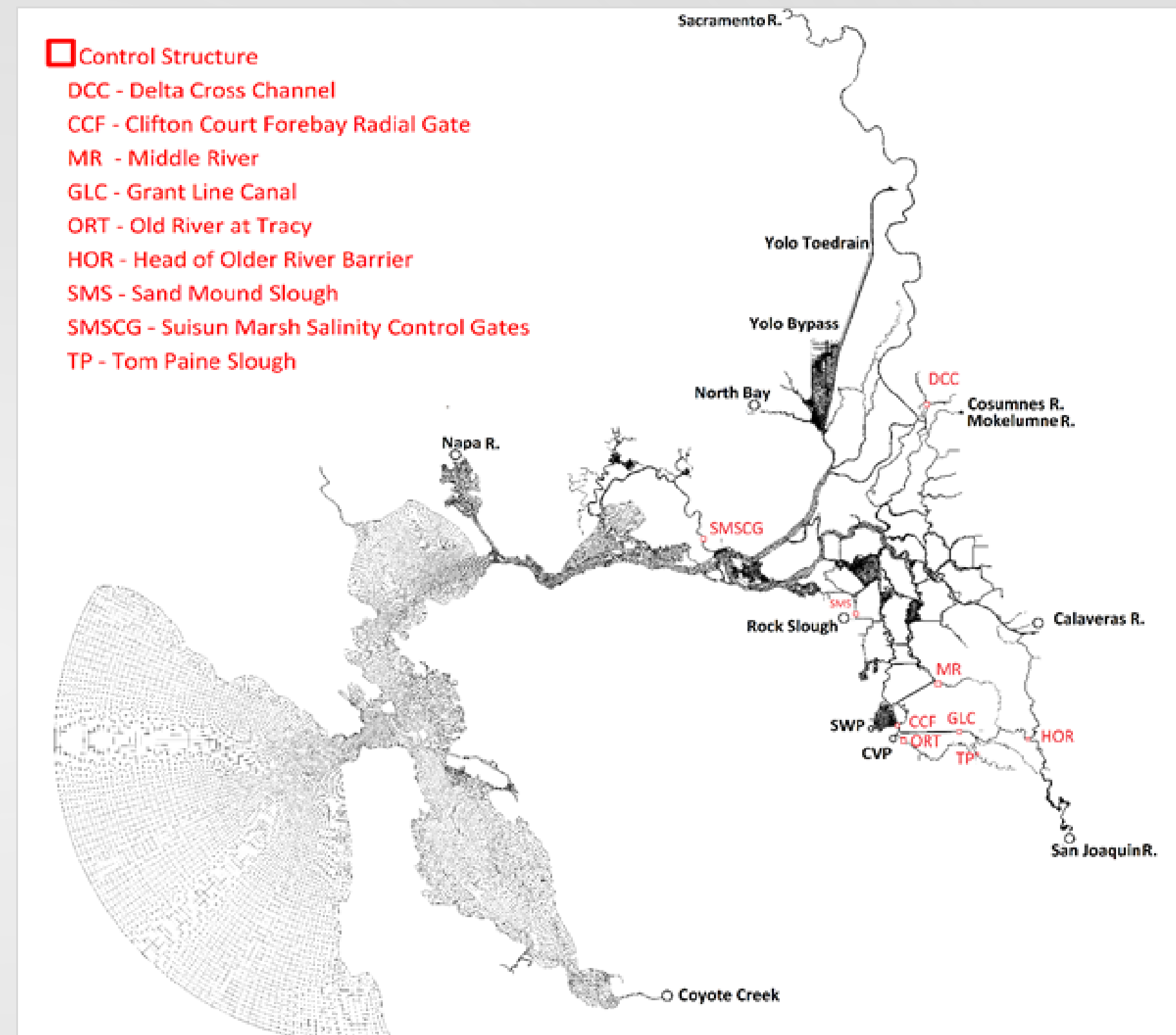


Bay-Delta SCHISM

- SCHISM model
- Farallon to Vernalis/Knights Landing Domain
 - 300K+ elements
 - 23 vertical max
- Major flows, exports, structures, channel depletions
- Approximate run speed:
1/2 year per day on cluster



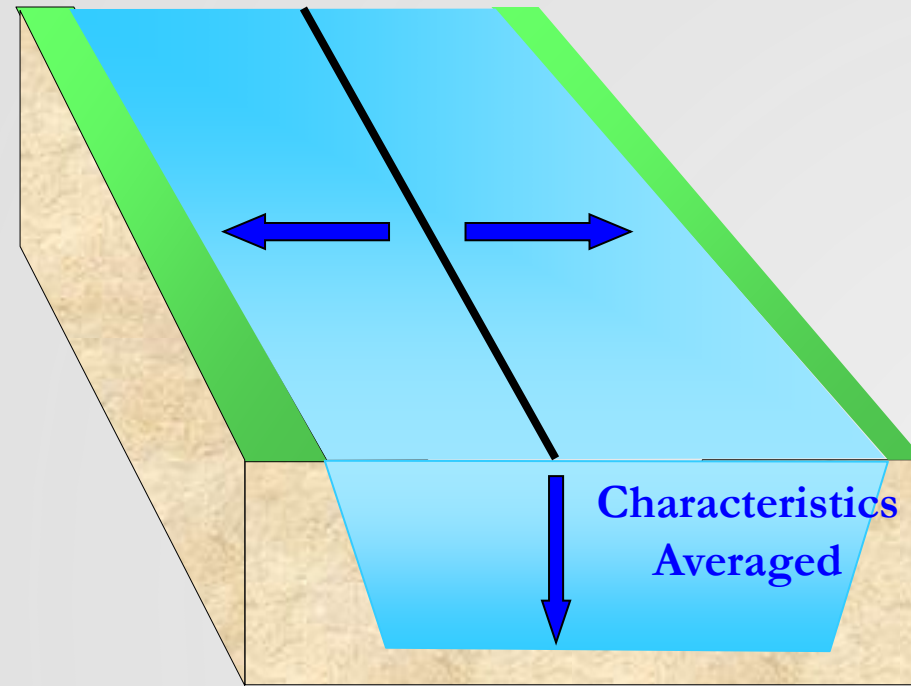
CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF
WATER RESOURCES



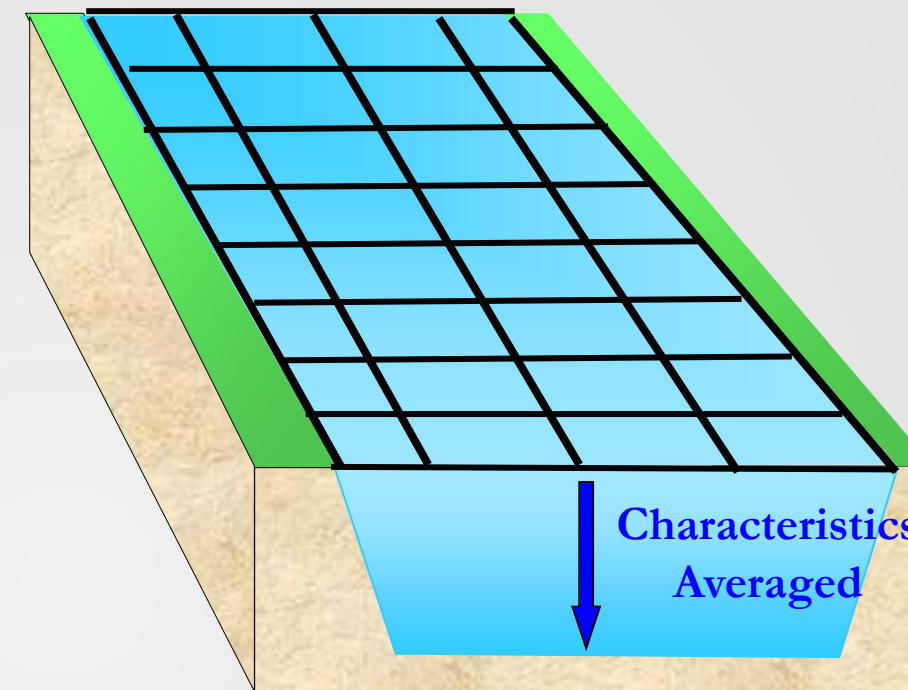
Ateljevich E, Nam K, Zhang Y, Wang R, Shu Q. 2014. "Bay Delta Calibration Overview." In: *Methodology for Flow and Salinity Estimates in the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta and Suisun Marsh. 35th Annual Progress Report.* Sacramento (CA): California Department of Water Resources.

Model Dimensionality

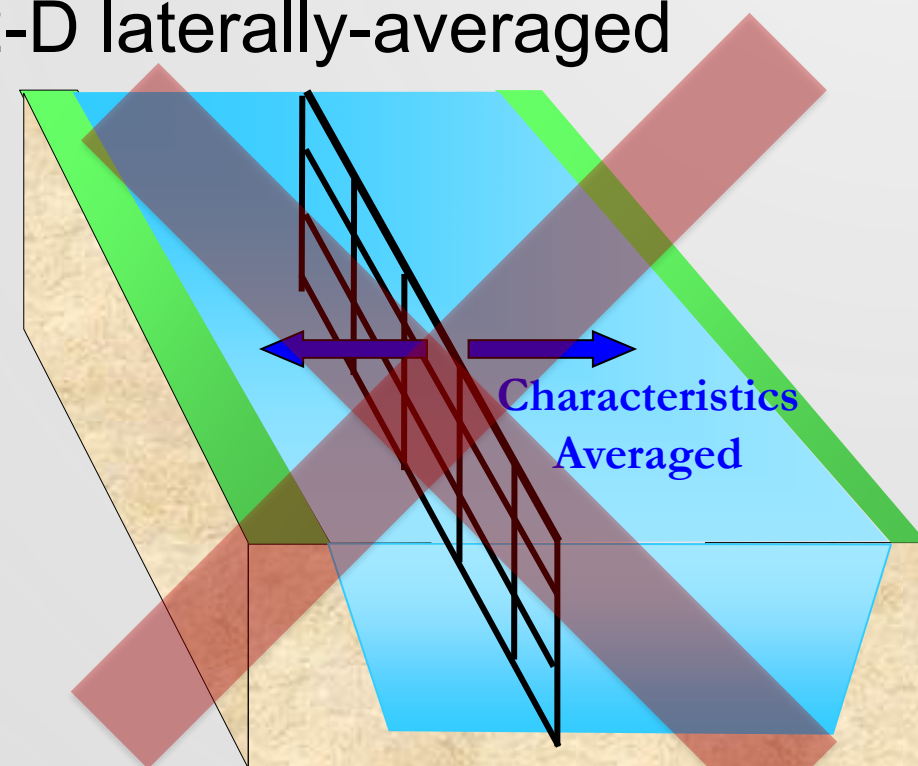
a) 1-D



b) 2-D depth-averaged

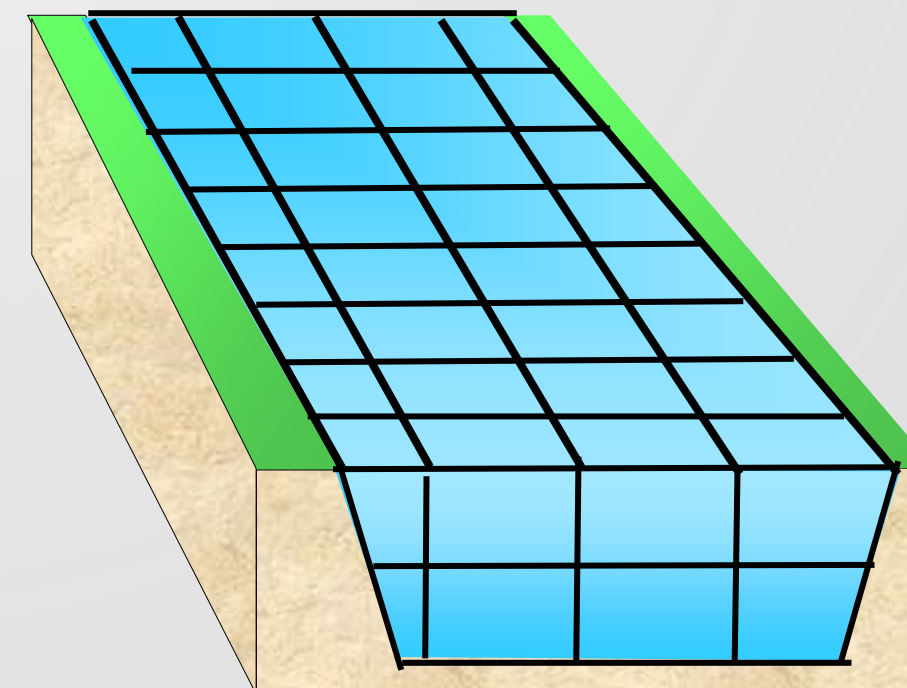


c) 2-D laterally-averaged



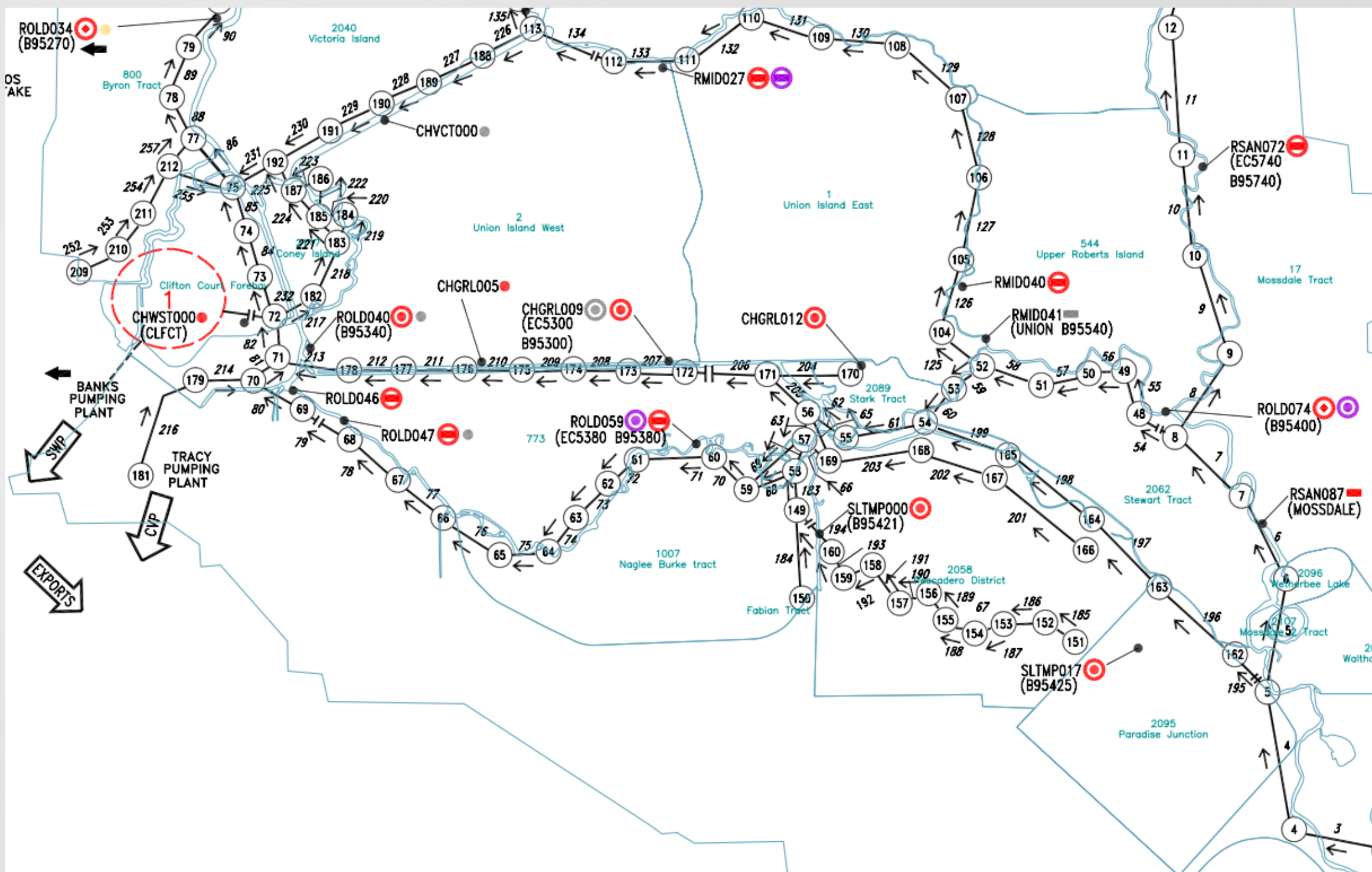
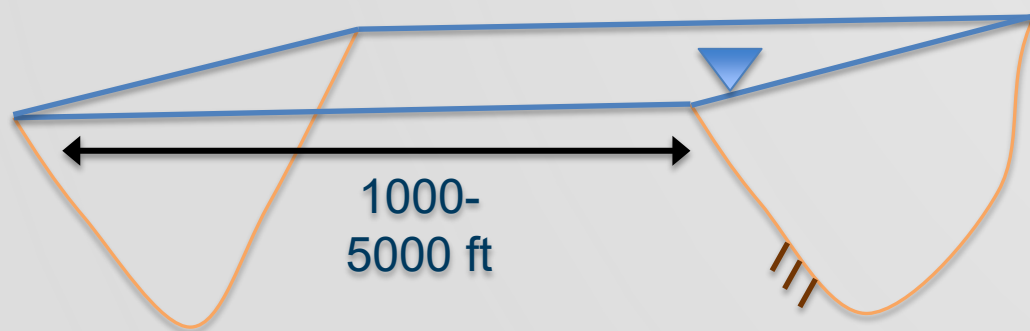
(Uncommon at full field scale)

d) 3-D



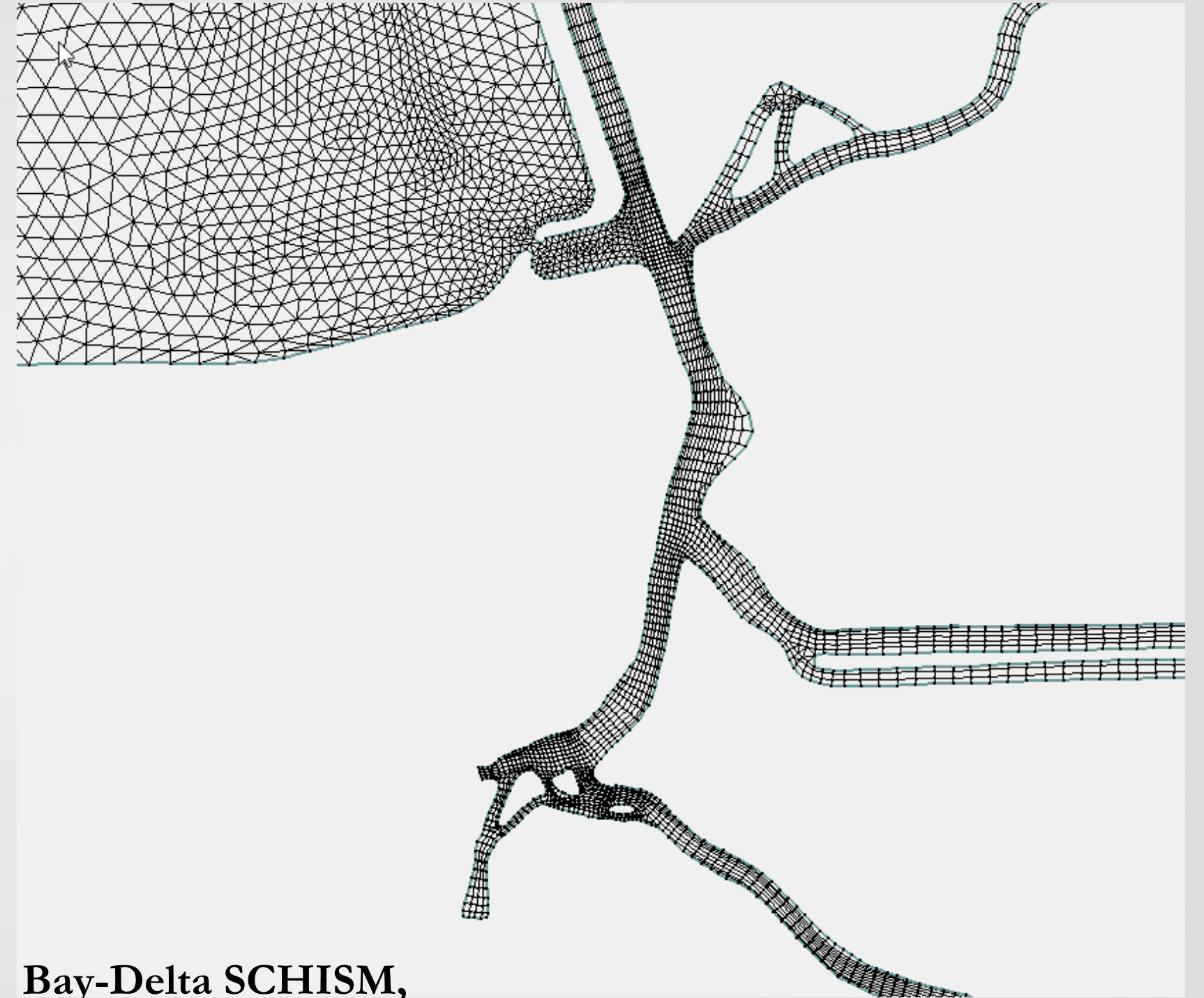
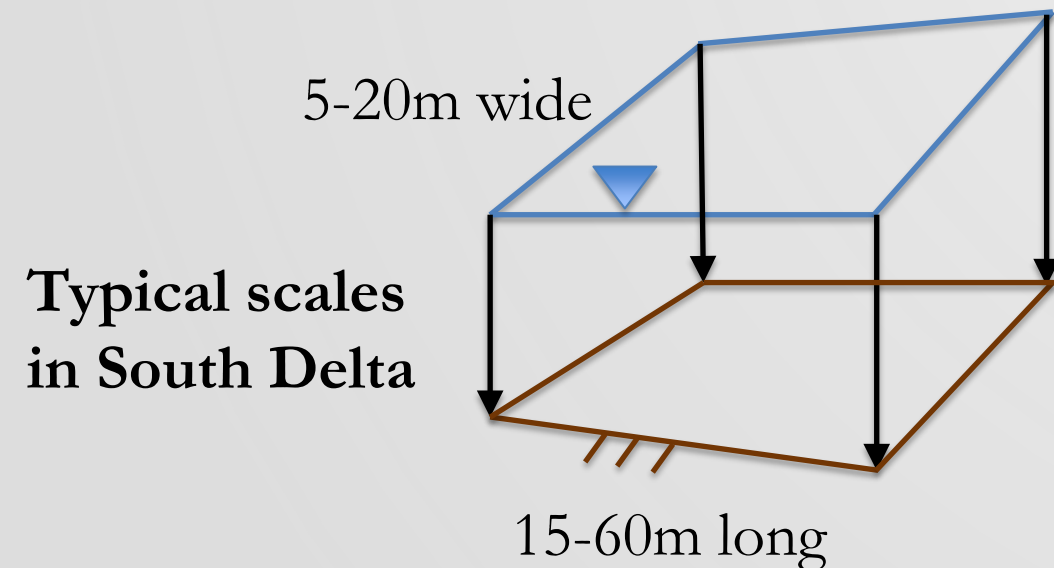
DSM2

- 1-dimensional network
 - Fast: years in minutes
 - Key physics for S.Delta
- Spatially resolved laterally
- Spatially coarse along channel (MSS=1000ft, standard=5000ft)
- Data assimilation insights good
- Culturally slow



SCHISM

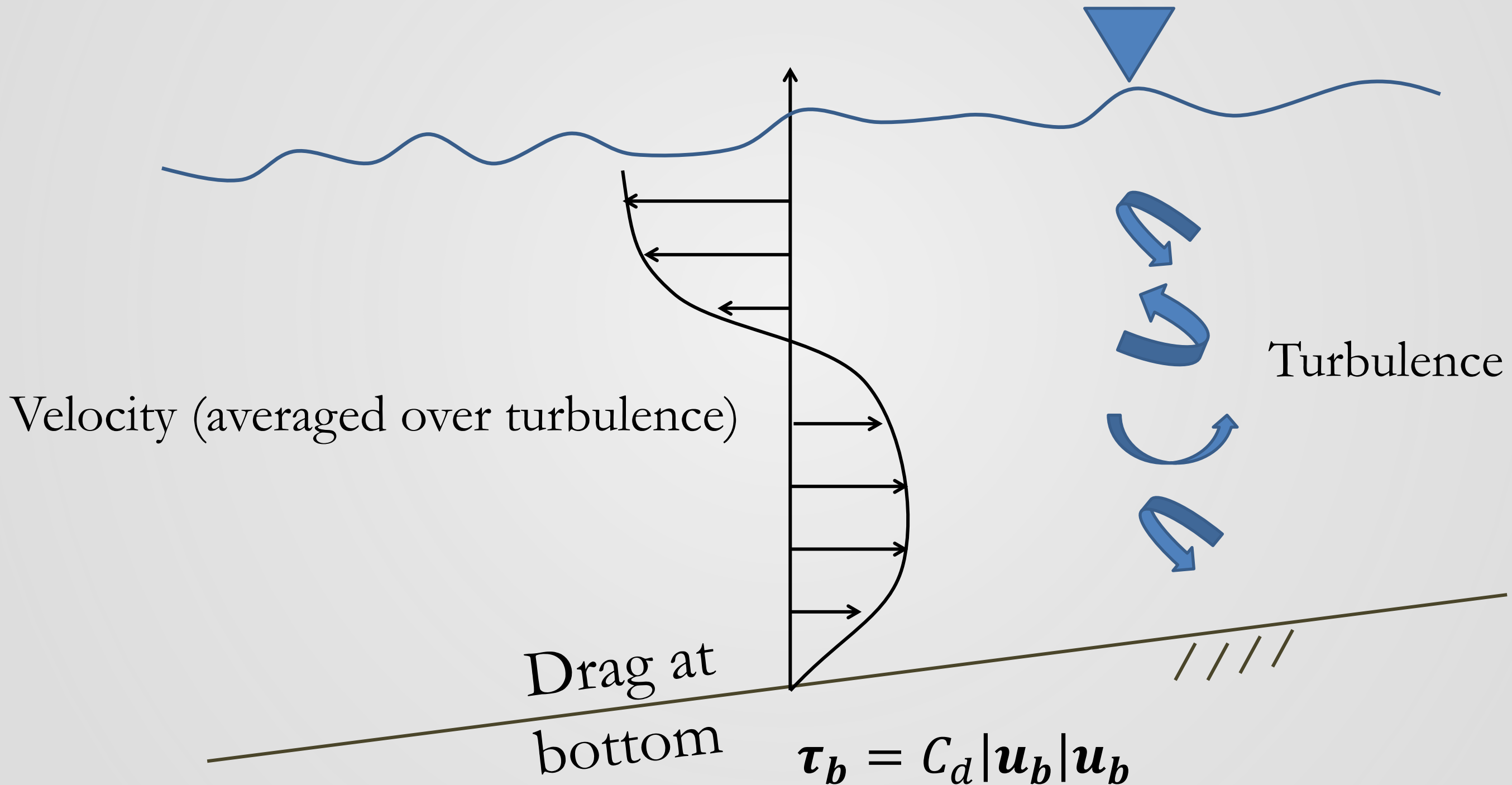
- 3-dimensional grid
 - Year-in-2-days speed on cluster
 - Other physics: some help
 - Good for vegetation
- Adaptive grid resolution, detailed
- Culturally flexible



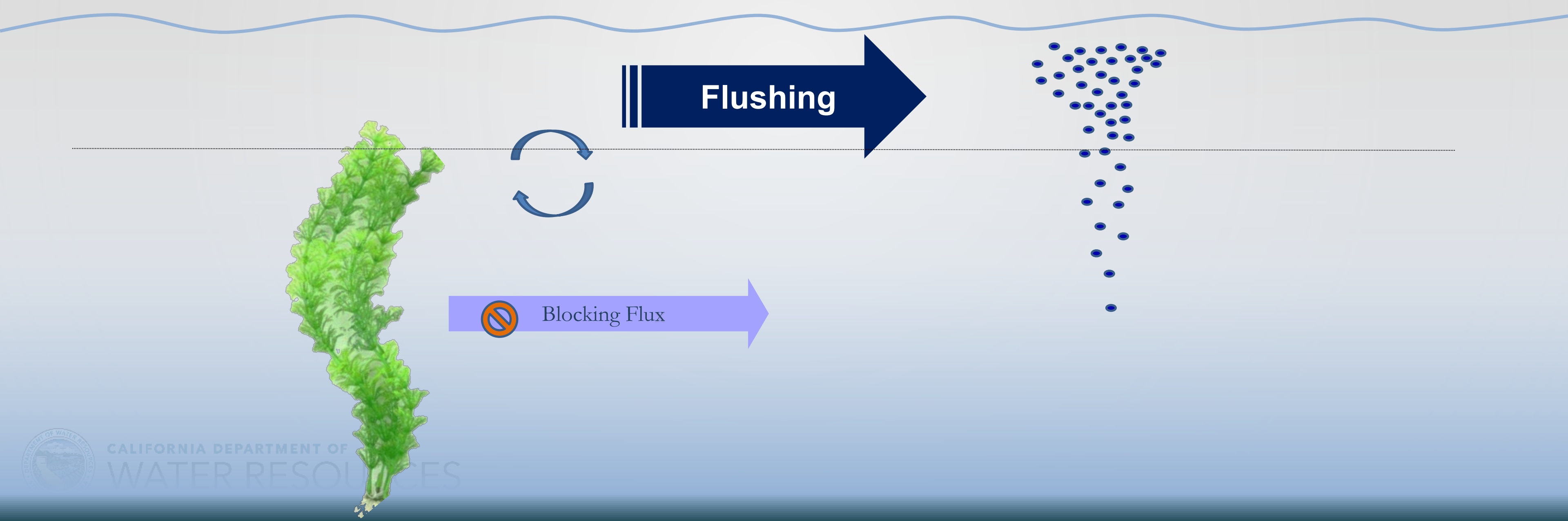
**Bay-Delta SCHISM,
Export region in South Delta**



Drag in 3D



Feedback from SAV to Flow



Boundary/Initial Conditions

- Major inflows/ boundaries like SJR/exports:
 - “Easy” in hindcast. SJR/exports are measured redundantly
 - “Hard” in applied operational/forecast settings
- Source/sink terms less well understood
 - treatment plants, ag diversions, Pescadero etc.
 - general fluxes/concentrations good but ...
 - flow direction makes a big difference



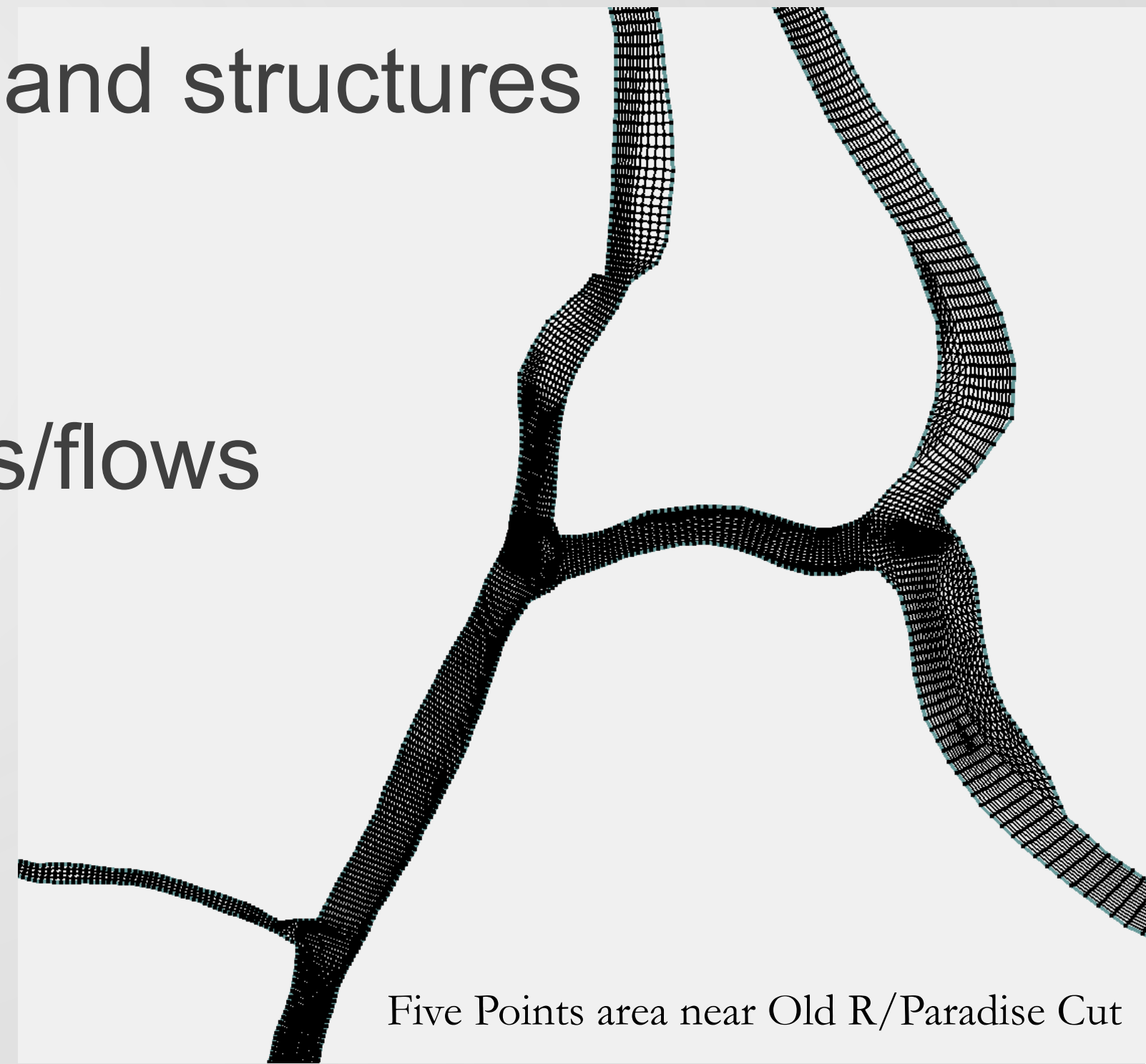
SCHISM South Delta Improvements

- Higher resolution where dispersion is critical
- Measure and recalibrate barriers and structures
 - So far Old River culverts
- Incorporate bathymetry
- Fill in knowledge gaps on sources/flows

Comment:

Data is trickling in asynchronously,

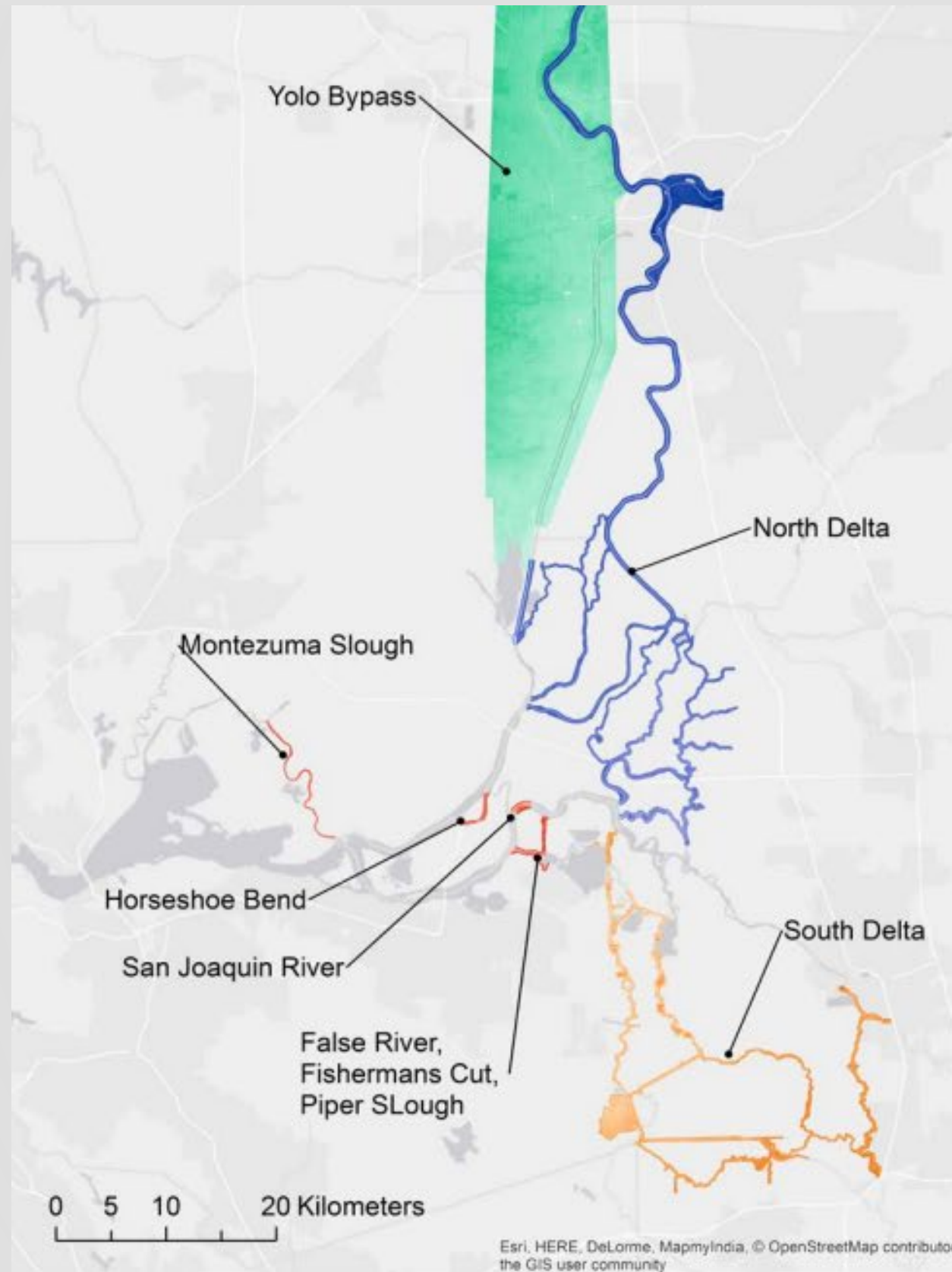
So a lot of schedule revision



Five Points area near Old R/Paradise Cut



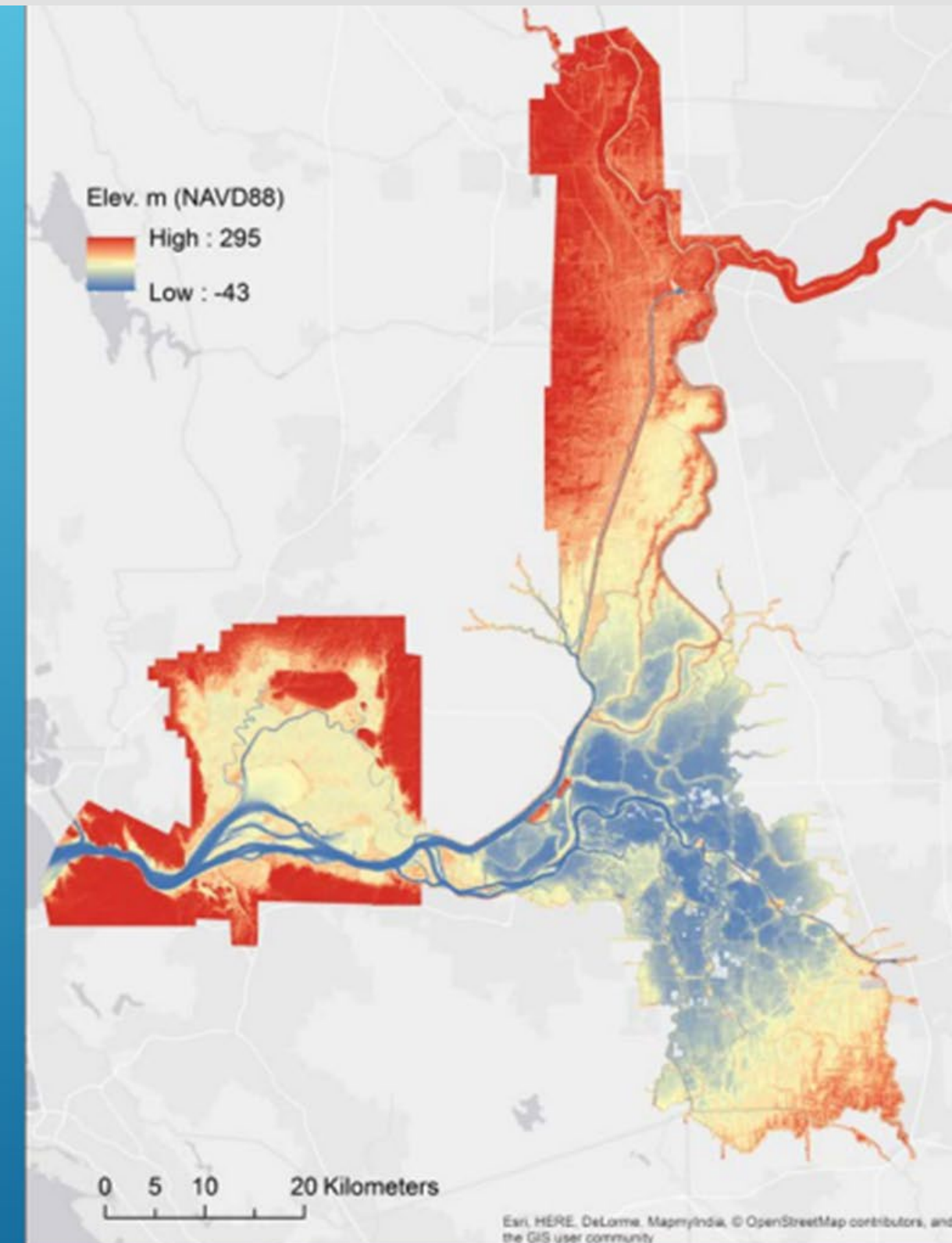
Bathymetry Mapping



- ▶ 2m DEMs
- ▶ 10m DEM
- ▶ Work done in 2m

Lineage:

- Foxgrover (2005) [USGS]
- Wang (2012) [USGS]
- Fregoso (2017) [USGS-DWR]
- Wang (2018) [DWR-USGS]



Bathymetry Caveats

- Need fairly complete incoming data
- “Cross sections” at points not helpful
 - Not even great for DSM2
- Local bathy issues:
 - Often have big effects on local questions
 - Sometimes have effects on system questions
- Funding/time for bathymetry is balanced

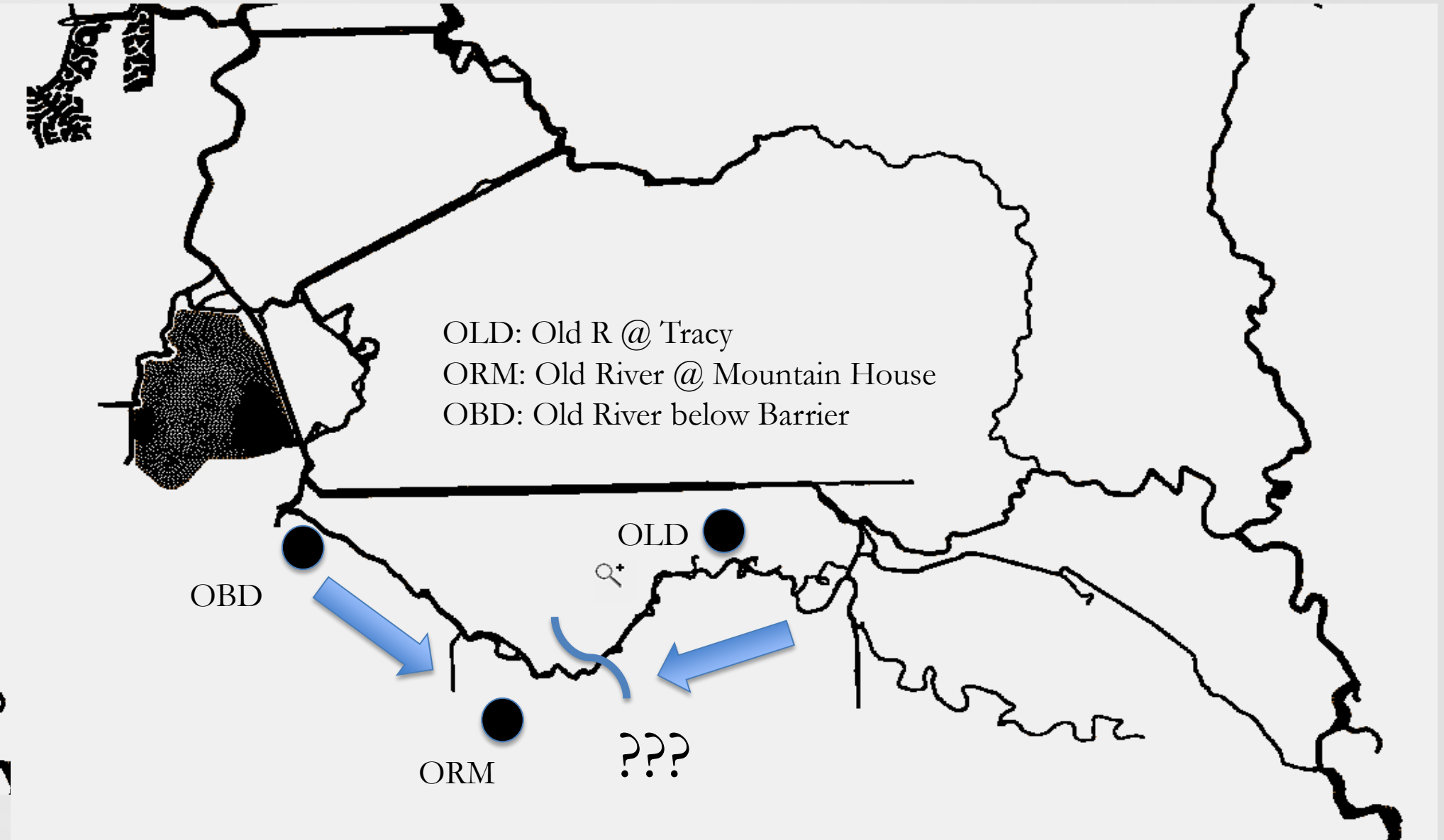
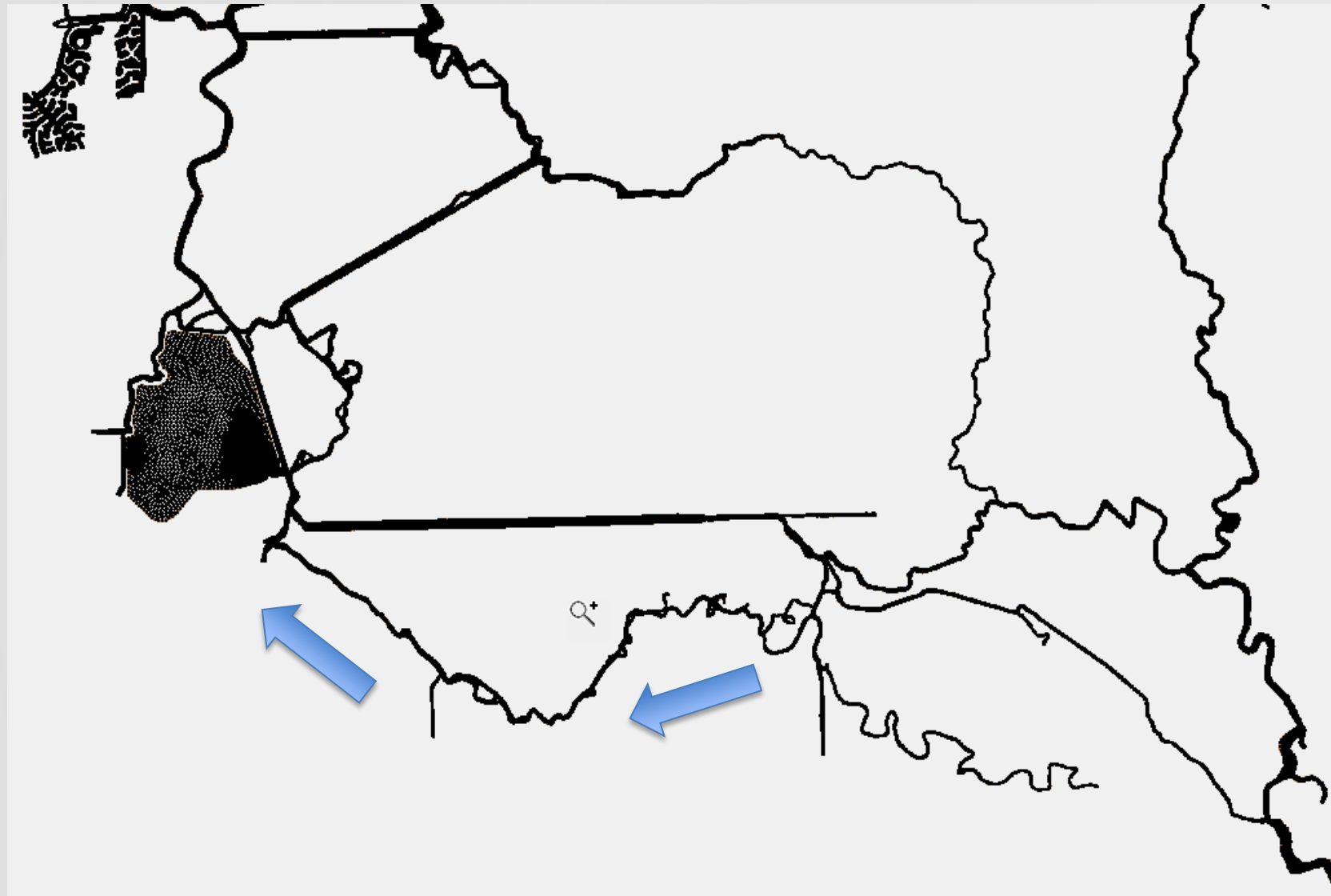


Information Gaps, Approximations

- Water flux and null zones:
 - Diversions to match observed null zones on Old/Middle R
 - South Delta Water Agency estimates of diversions/returns on Paradise and Tom Paine
- Salinity loadings of return flows:
 - Data assimilation
 - Comparisons to high speed data
 - Measurements of discharges
- Treatment plant flows:
 - Flow/EC available but with a lag.
- “Best science so far” approach

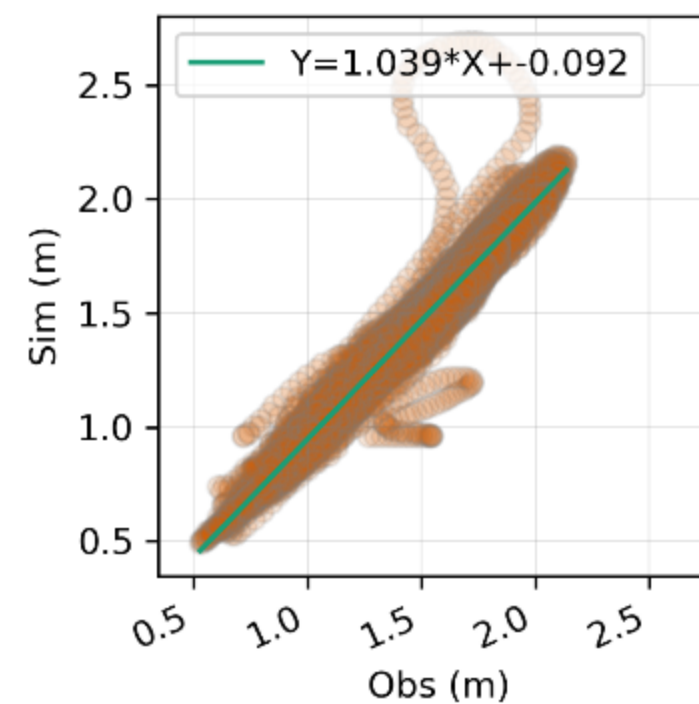
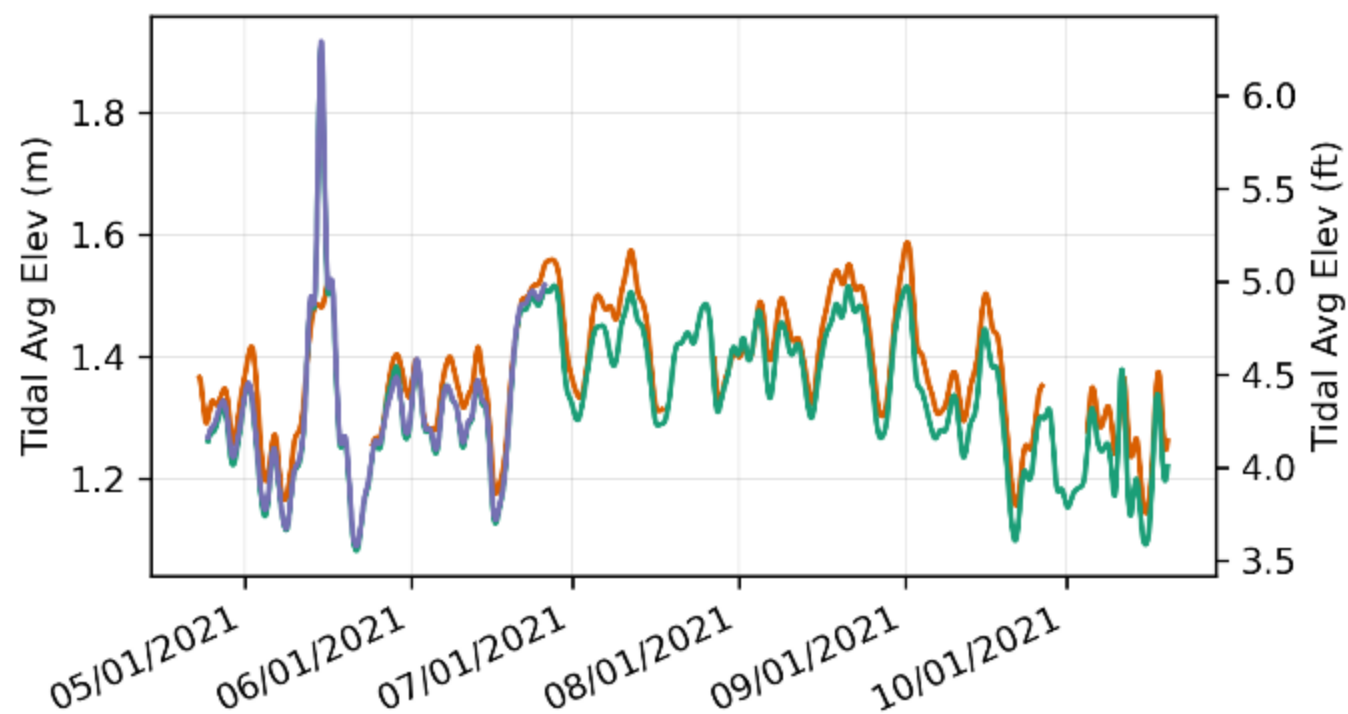
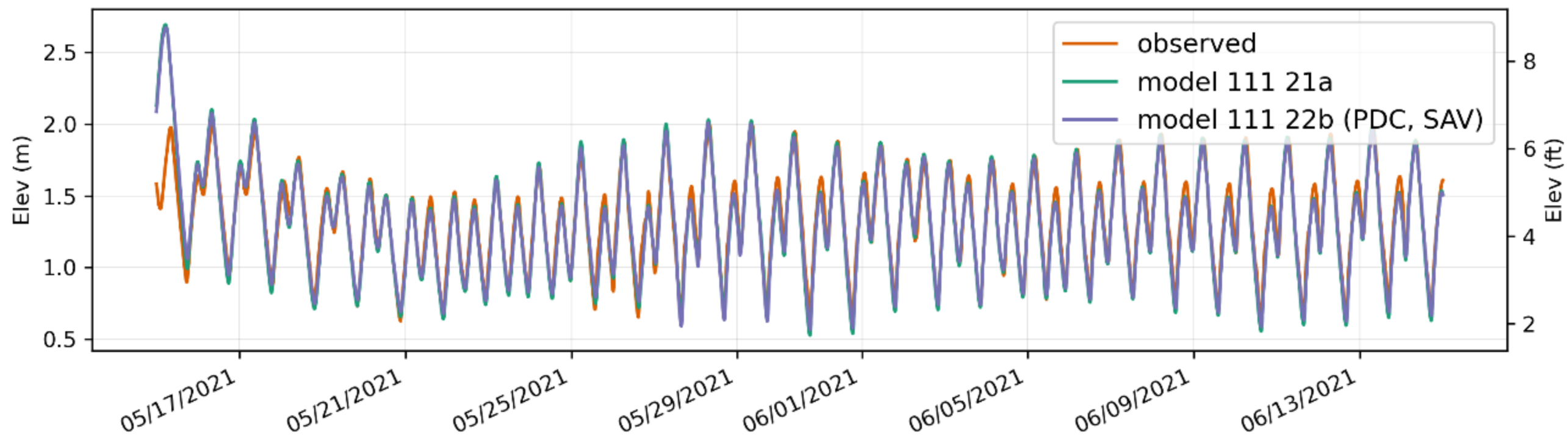
 PESCADERO





Status so far ...

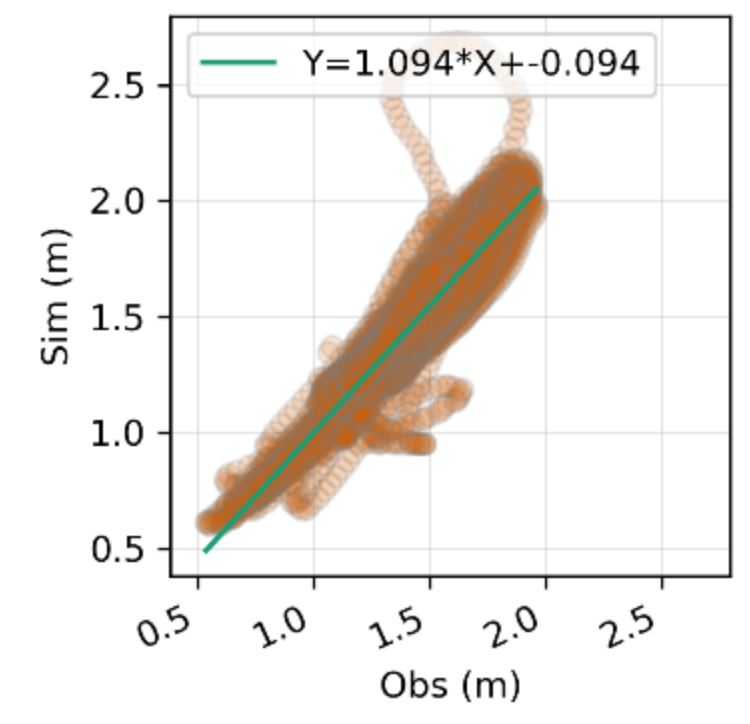
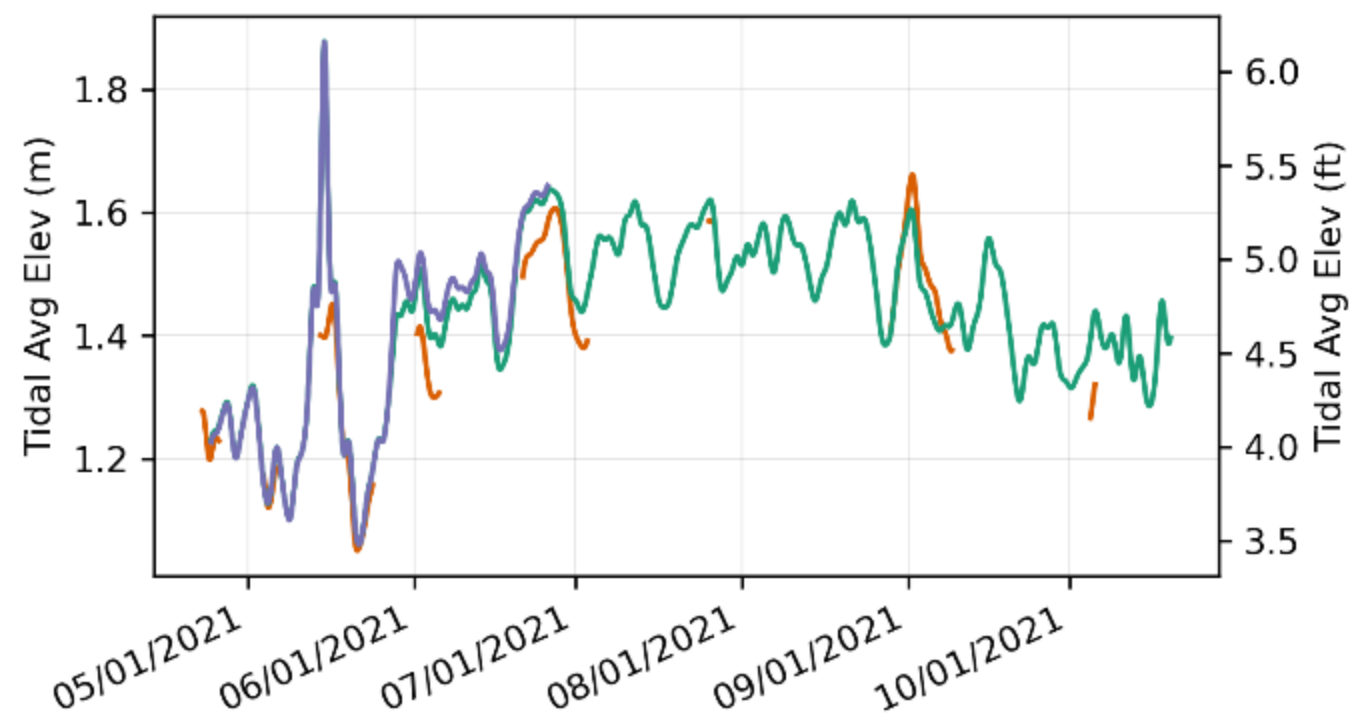
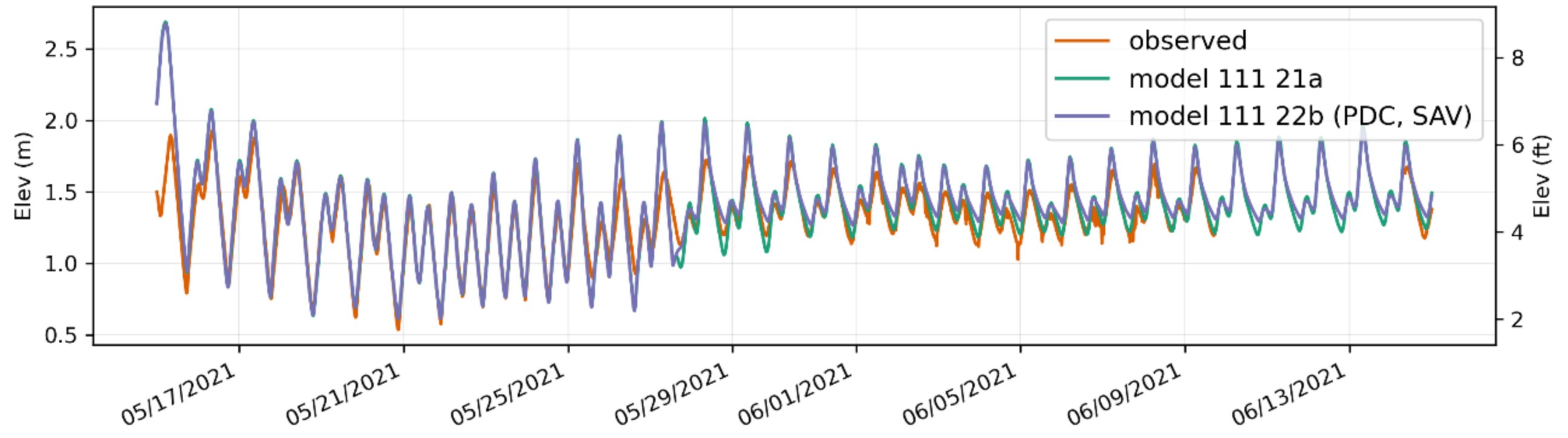
Grant Line Canal at Tracy Rd Bridge Source: WDL, ID: GCT



model 111 21a: RMSE=0.086 m Lag=<-11 * Minutes> Bias $_{\phi}$ =-0.039 NSE $_{\phi}$ =0.923 R $_{\phi}$ =0.973
 model 111 22b (PDC, SAV): RMSE=0.098 m Lag=<-6 * Minutes> Bias $_{\phi}$ =-0.027 NSE $_{\phi}$ =0.896 R $_{\phi}$ =0.957

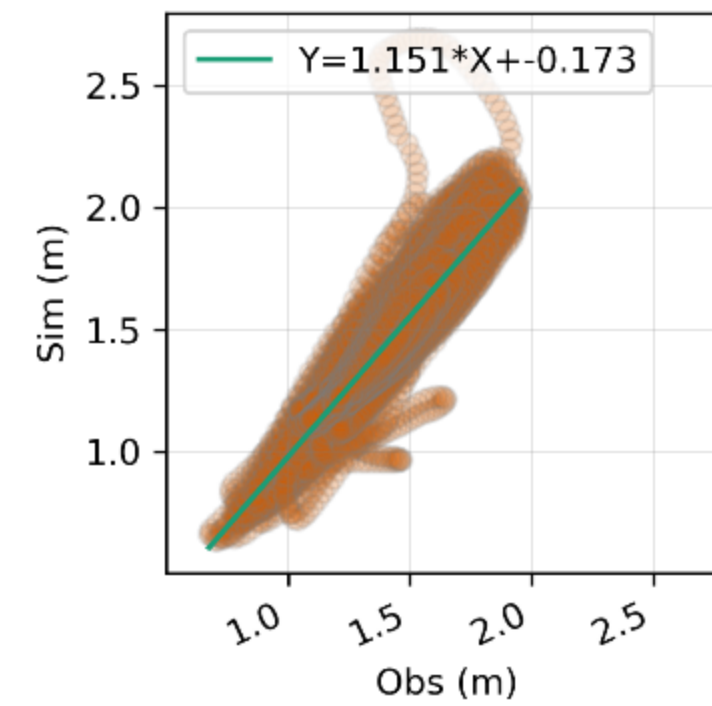
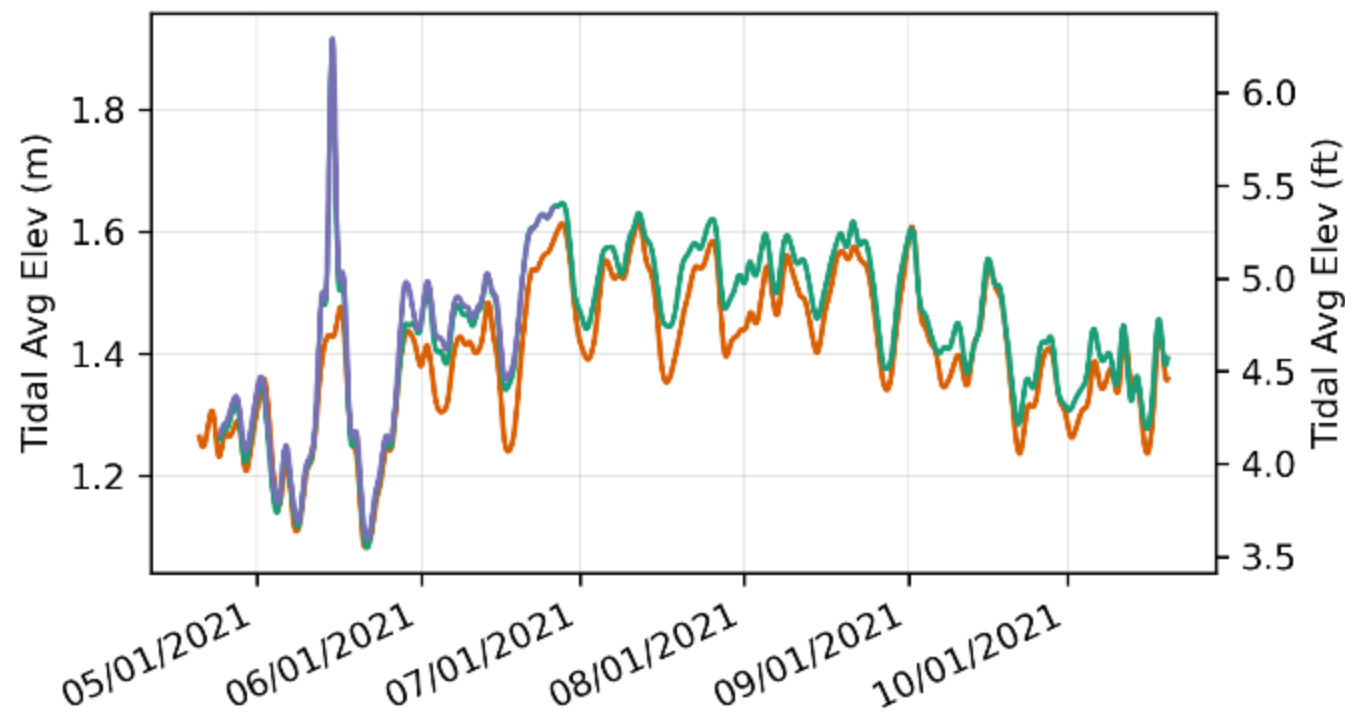
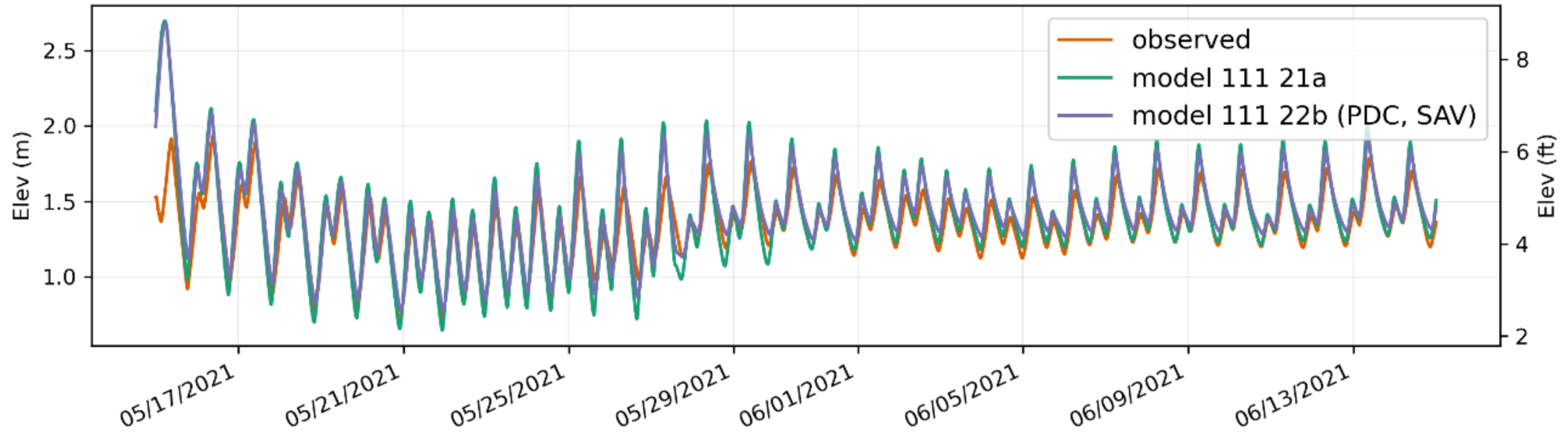
Old River upstream of Mountain House Creek

Source: CDEC, ID: ORM



model 111 21a: RMSE=0.103 m Lag=<-22 * Minutes> Bias $_{\phi}$ =0.038 NSE $_{\phi}$ =0.773 R $_{\phi}$ =0.930
 model 111 22b (PDC, SAV): RMSE=0.129 m Lag=<-24 * Minutes> Bias $_{\phi}$ =0.053 NSE $_{\phi}$ =0.748 R $_{\phi}$ =0.927

Old River at Tracy Blvd
Source: WDL, ID: OLD



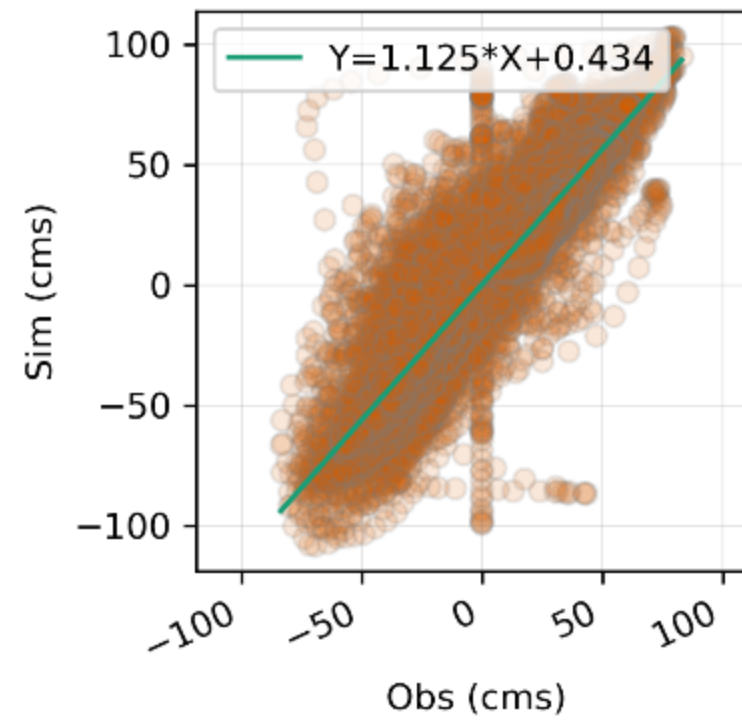
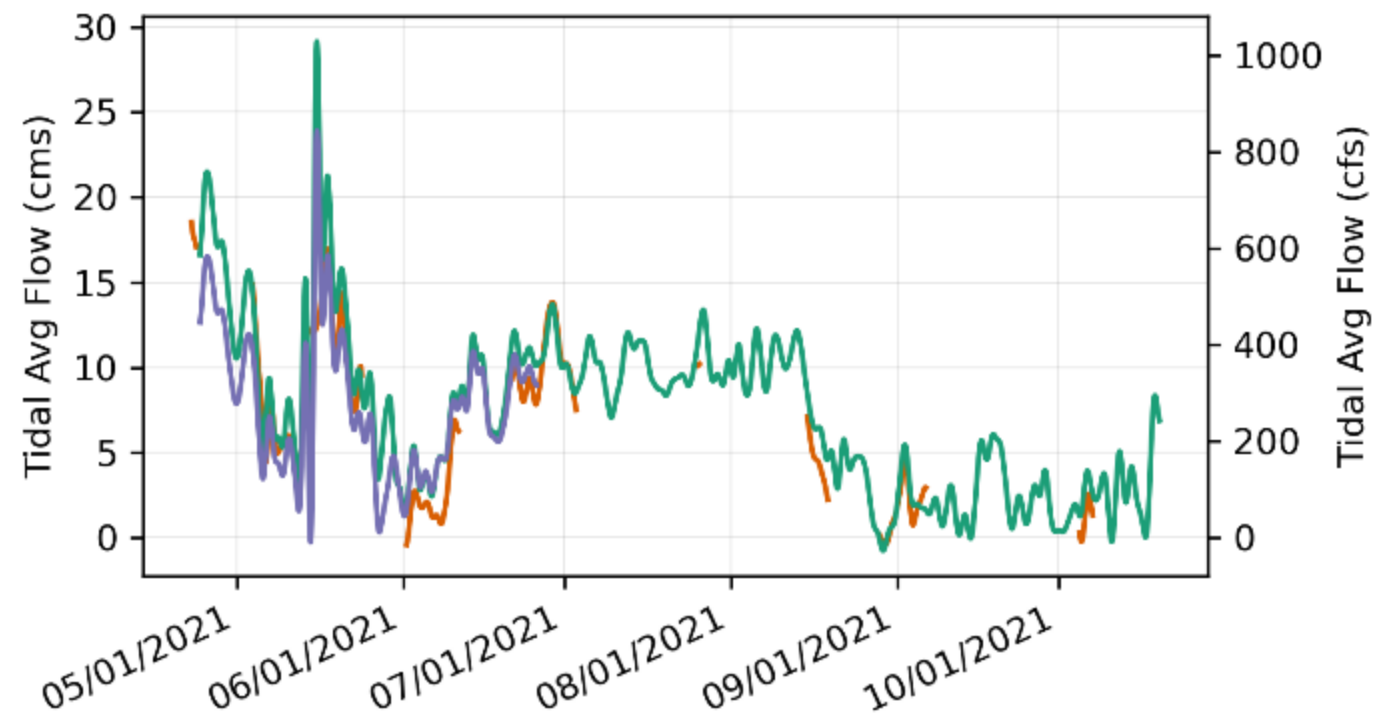
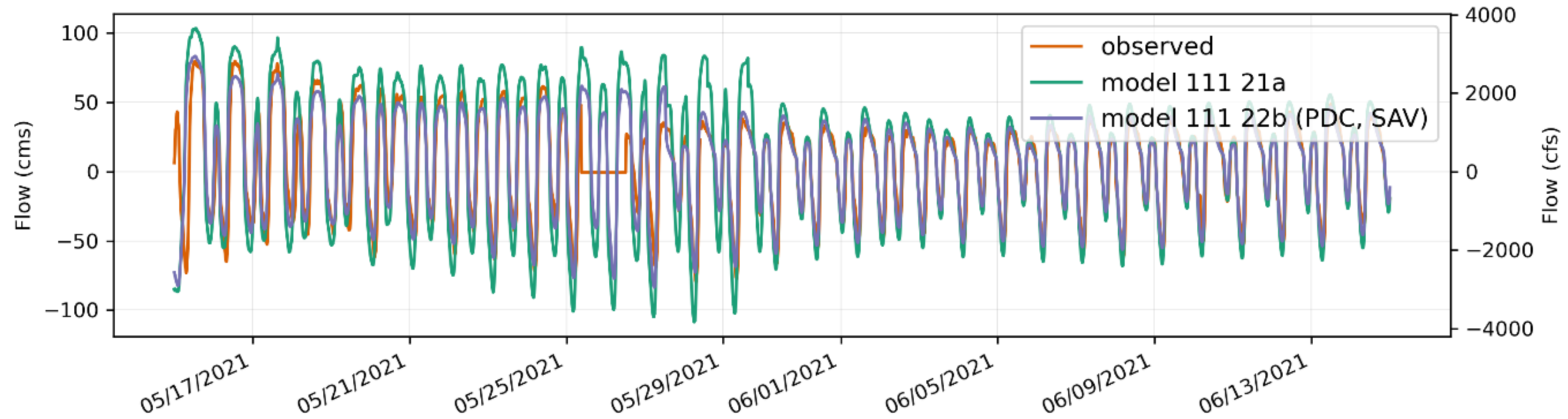
model 111 21a: RMSE=0.117 m Lag=<-56 * Minutes> Bias $_{\phi}$ =0.039 NSE $_{\phi}$ =0.636 R $_{\phi}$ =0.903
 model 111 22b (PDC, SAV): RMSE=0.117 m Lag=<-25 * Minutes> Bias $_{\phi}$ =0.052 NSE $_{\phi}$ =0.732 R $_{\phi}$ =0.922

Water level/elev notes

- General model skill high given good boundaries
- Even the error that is there may be bias-correctable
- Interpretation or specific clogged spots may require a slog
- The prediction problem is much harder
 - Model error is small compared to unknown press/wind

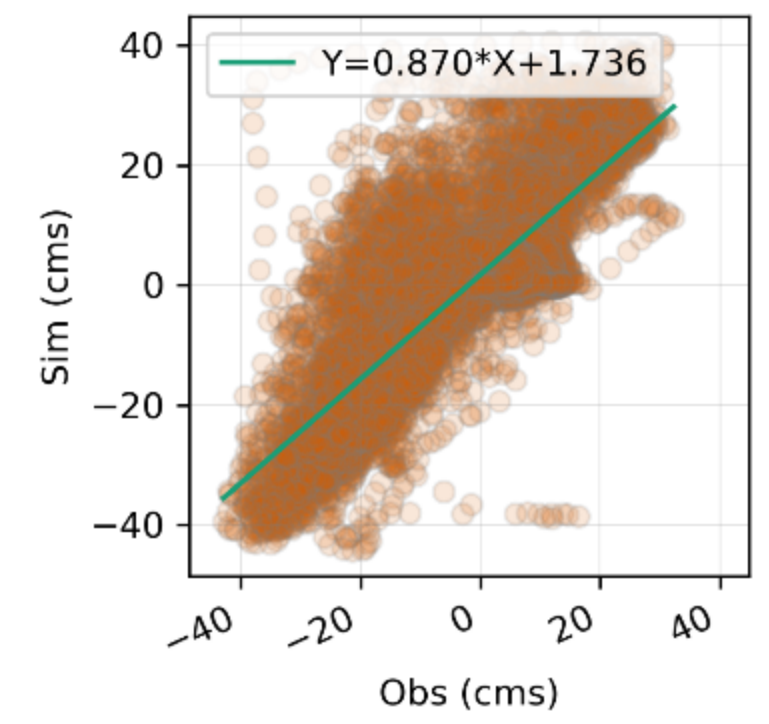
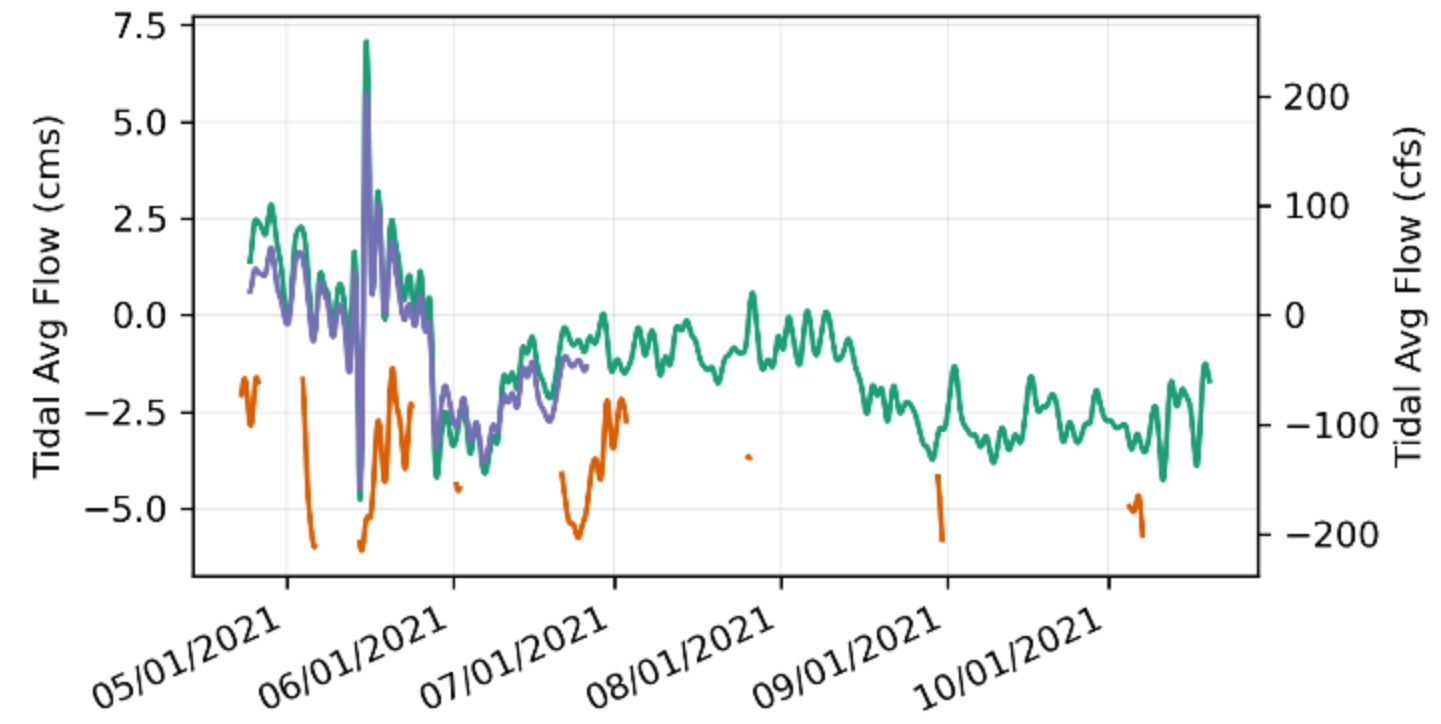
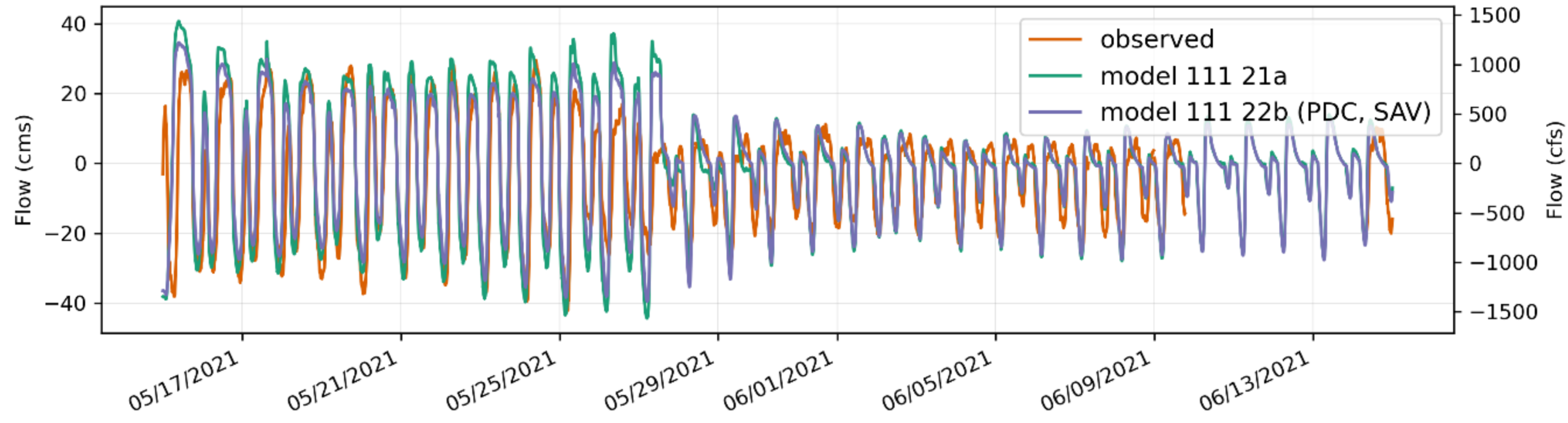


Grant Line Canal East Source: CDEC, ID: GLE



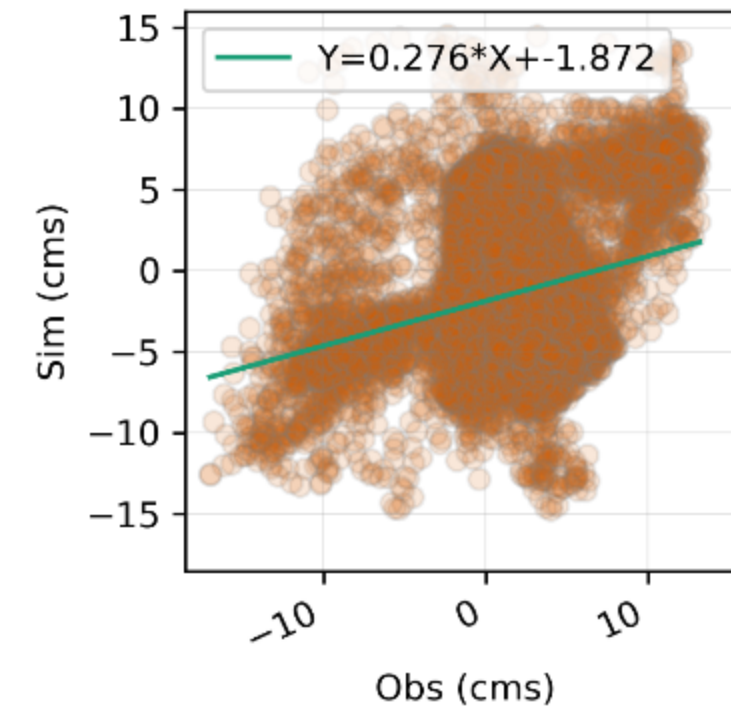
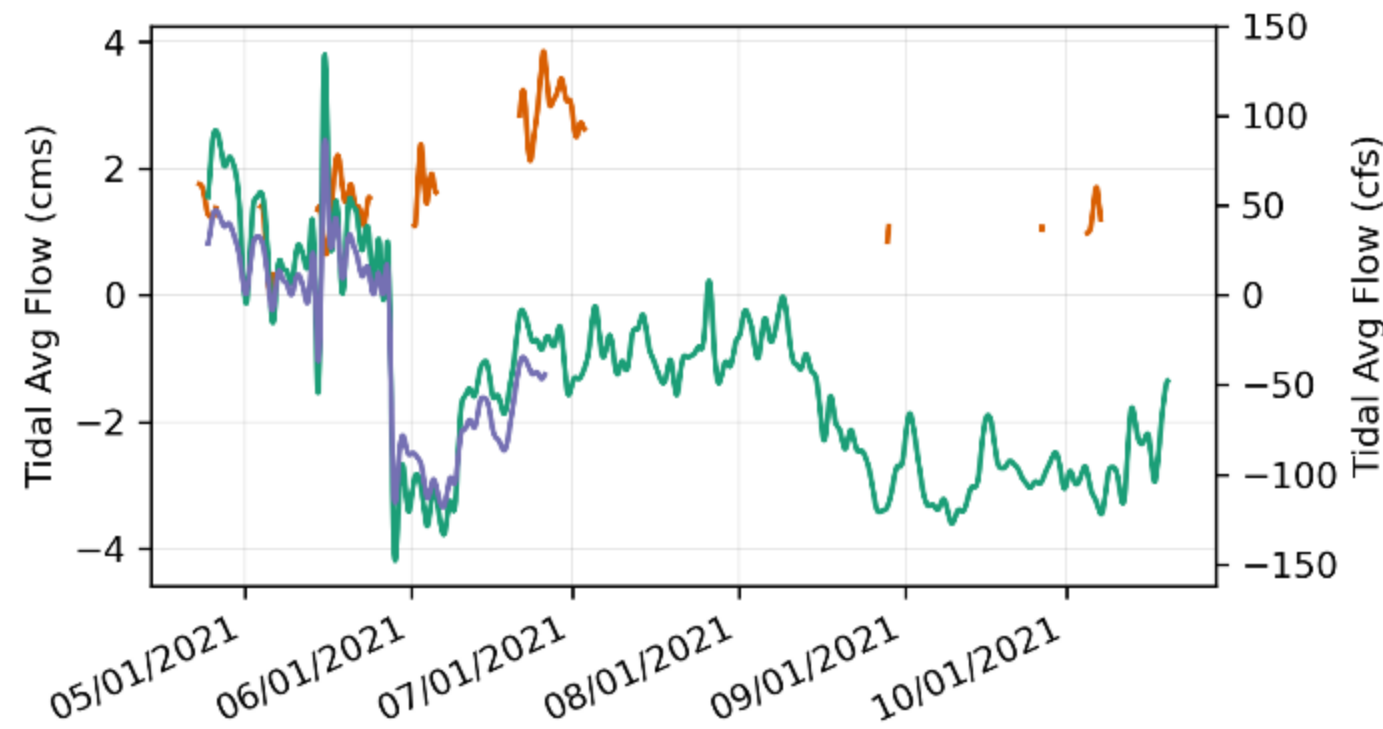
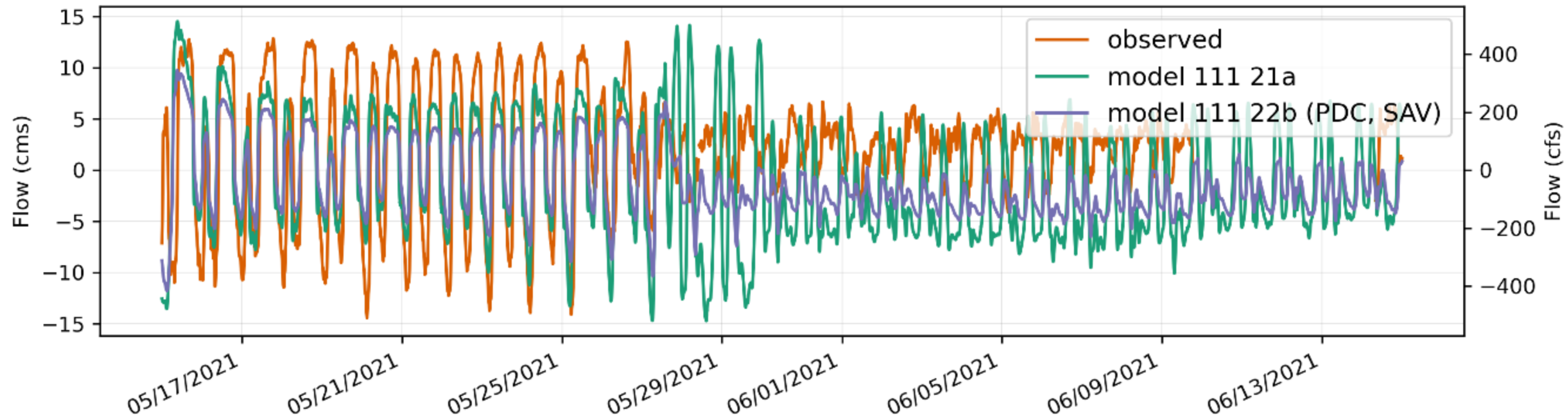
model 111 21a: RMSE=17.283 cms Lag=<-31 * Minutes> Bias $_{\phi}$ =1.213 NSE $_{\phi}$ =0.715 R $_{\phi}$ =0.909
 model 111 22b (PDC, SAV): RMSE=16.200 cms Lag=<-30 * Minutes> Bias $_{\phi}$ =-0.585 NSE $_{\phi}$ =0.812 R $_{\phi}$ =0.904

Old River upstream of Mountain House Creek Source: WDL, ID: ORM



model 111 21a: RMSE=8.802 cms Lag=<-42 * Minutes> Bias_φ=2.190 NSE_φ=0.596 R_φ=0.822
 model 111 22b (PDC, SAV): RMSE=9.187 cms Lag=<-34 * Minutes> Bias_φ=3.371 NSE_φ=0.728 R_φ=0.879

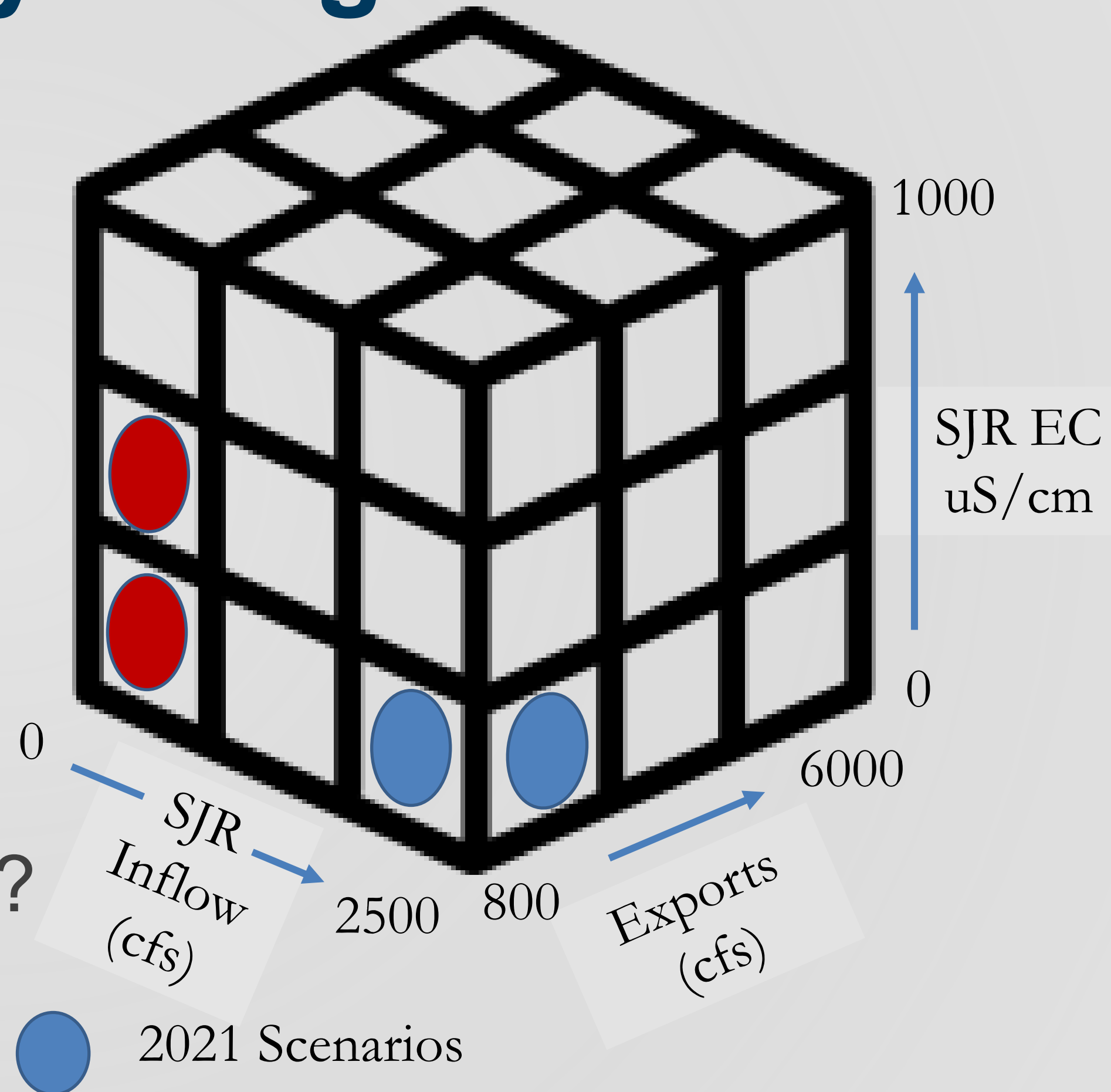
Old River at Tracy Blvd
Source: WDL, ID: OLD

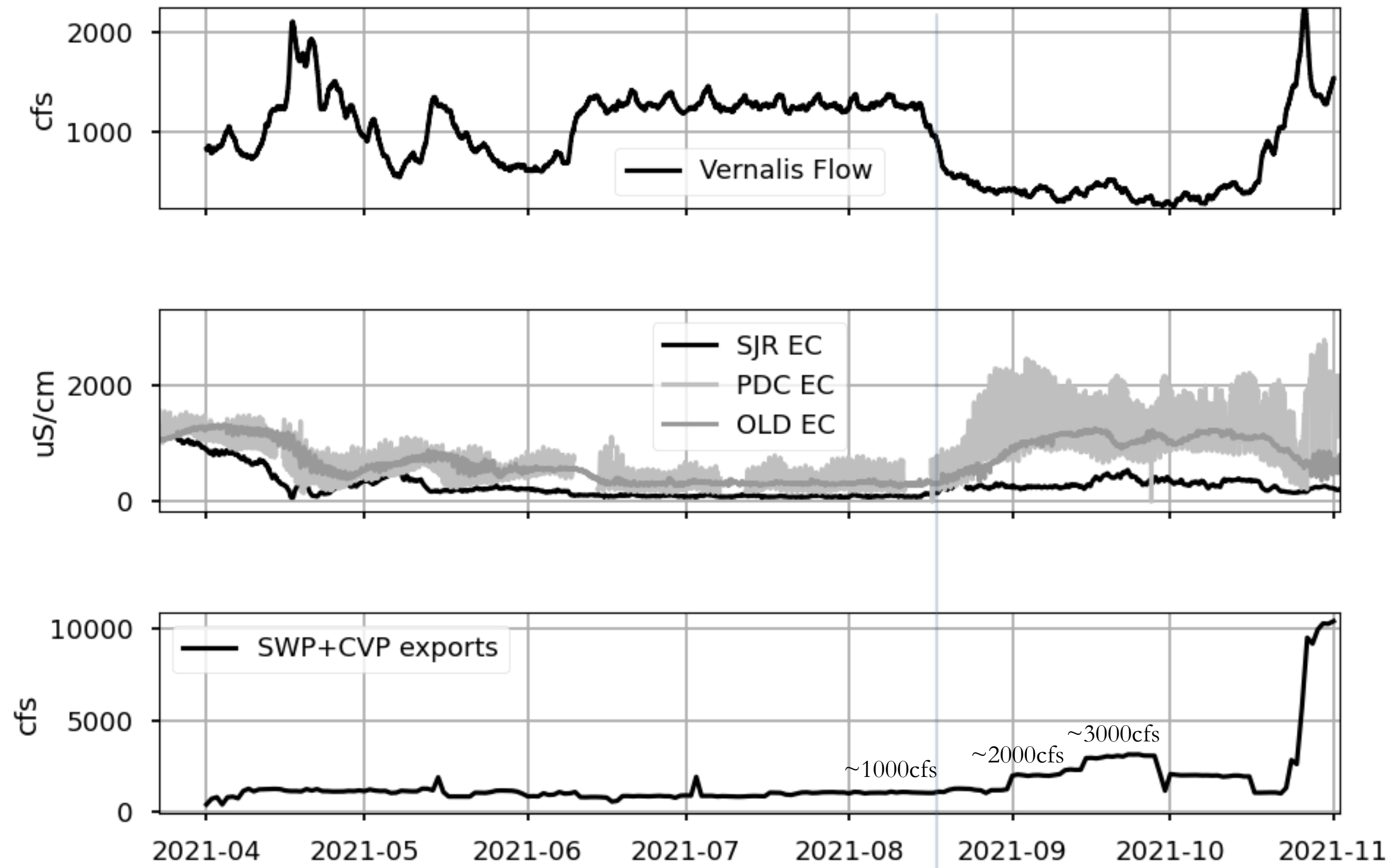


model 111 21a: RMSE=6.552 cms Lag=<-72 * Minutes> Bias $_{\phi}$ =-3.253 NSE $_{\phi}$ =-1.187 R $_{\phi}$ =0.252
 model 111 22b (PDC, SAV): RMSE=5.687 cms Lag=<-36 * Minutes> Bias $_{\phi}$ =-2.451 NSE $_{\phi}$ =0.302 R $_{\phi}$ =0.674

Export – SJR Study Design

- Vary:
 - SJR Inflow
 - SJR EC
 - Exports
- Seeking:
 - Right flows categories?
 - Other scenario covariates?





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