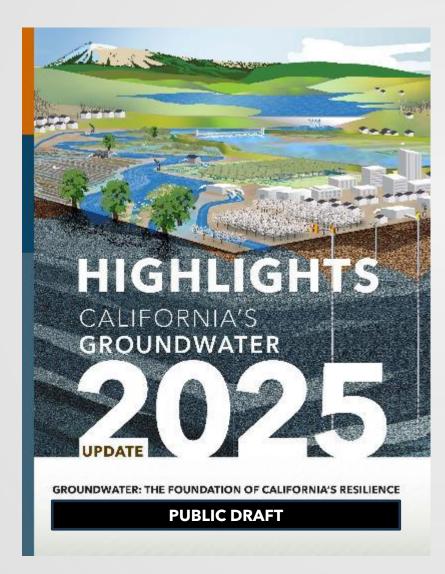
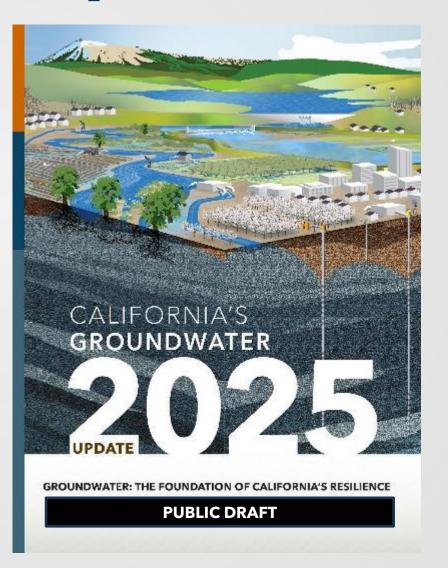
California's Groundwater: Bulletin 118 – Update 2025





Public Webinar November 04, 2025

CalGW Update 2025 Agenda & Housekeeping

Agenda

- Webinar Logistics & How to Comment/Ask Questions
- Overview of California's Groundwater (CalGW)
 Update 2025
- High-Level Chapter-by-Chapter Details
- Next Steps & Resources
- Question & Answer Portion



CalGW Update 2025 Webinar Logistics

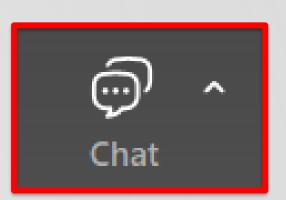
- Recordings will be available online at www.water.ca.gov/CalGW (English & Spanish caption versions)
- Turn on live captioning in the meeting controls toolbar (click 'More' if the icon is not initially showing there, to enable)



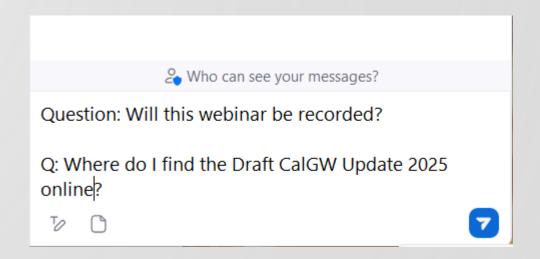
Technical difficulties? Contact
 Joshua Baar via chat direct message

Webinar Questions & Comments

Use the Zoom Chat feature to ask clarifying questions
 & provide public comments throughout the webinar



- Designate a "Q" for questions
- Clarifying questions will be prioritized & answered
- Comments will be noted
- Please provide longer comments via email



Comment Period Logistics

- Email questions & submit public comments to <u>CalGW@water.ca.gov</u>
 - Please reference the document, section & page you are commenting on
 - Include any attachments you need to support your comment
 - Comment period closes Friday, December 5, 2025

Período de comentarios

Instrucciones en Español

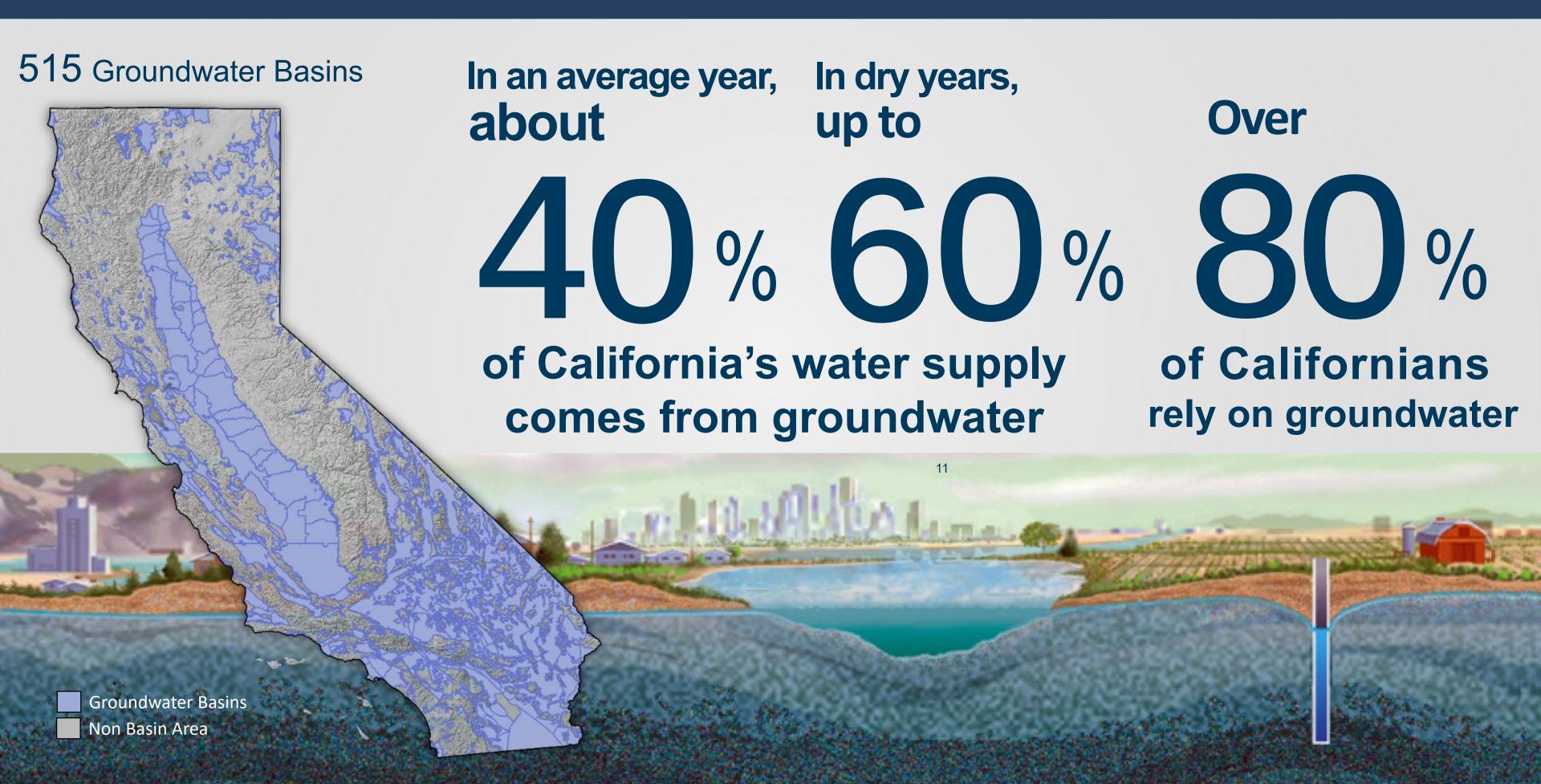
- Envíe sus preguntas y comentarios sobre el Agua Subterránea de California – Informe 2025 a <u>CalGW@water.ca.gov</u>.
- El periodo de comentarios cierra el 5 de diciembre del 2025.
- Por favor, haga referencia a la página, sección, y pagina en la cual su comentario(s) apliquen.
- Incluya cualquier documento o nota que apoye a su comentario.

La grabación de este seminario web con subtítulos en español estará disponible aquí: www.water.ca.gov/CalGW

CalGW Update 2025 Overview



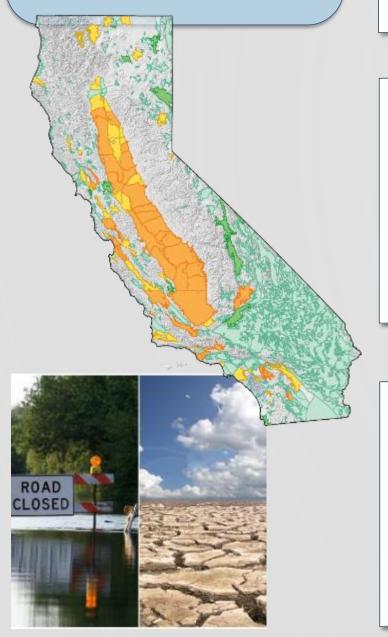
California's Groundwater Overview



California's Groundwater Connected Activities

Requirements

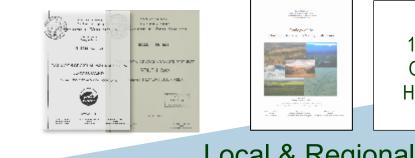
Water Code 225, 226, 229, 231 10720.1, 10729, 10920, 12924 Water Resilience Portfolio, Water Supply Strategy, Drought/ Flood/Recharge



California's Groundwater (Bulletin - 118) <u>Updates</u> – CalGW



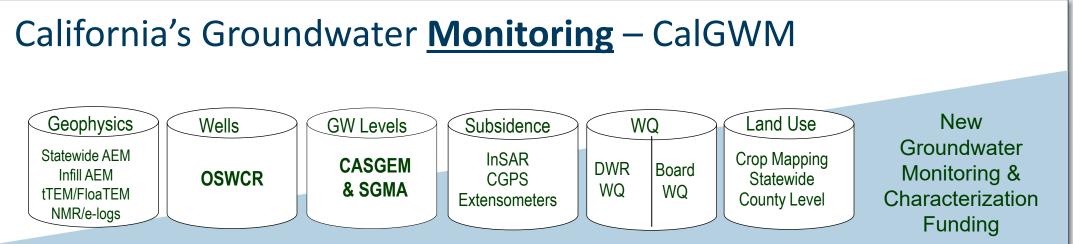
California's Groundwater **Basin Characterization** – CalGWBC



100+
GSP
HCMs
Statewide
AEM Surveys

Local
Pilots & Modeling
Regional
Studies
C2VSim
& HydroStrat
Analysis
Local
Models

Local & Regional Basin Characterization





SGMA Data Viewer

ВСХ

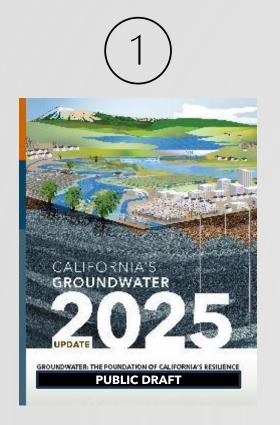
Reports

2D/3D Data Viewer

Open Data

Technical

California's Groundwater Products



California's Groundwater (B-118)
Comprehensive Updates

in years ending in 5





California's Groundwater (B-118) Semi-Annual Updates

Expanding in Spring, Conditions in Fall





California's Groundwater Live

Expanded Content

Level of Detail & Analysis

Now 10 years (Next one – 2035)

6 months

daily

Update Frequency

CalGW Update 2025 – Public Draft Content

DRAFT Highlights (English & Spanish)

- Summary of Statewide Report
- Key Findings & Recommendations

DRAFT Statewide Report (English)

- 1. Context & Vision for Sustainable Groundwater Management
- 2. Progress towards Sustainable Groundwater Management
- 3. California's Natural & Built Groundwater Infrastructure
- 4. Water Use, Extraction & Budget
- 5. Groundwater Monitoring
- 6. Groundwater Conditions
- 7. Regional Groundwater at a Glance (10 HRs)

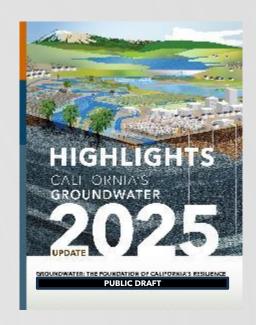
AVAILABLE DRAFT Appendices

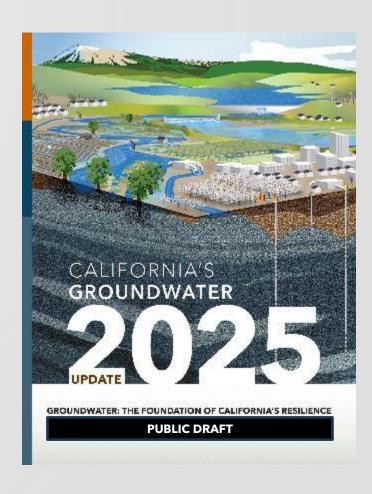
Appendix A – Findings & Recommendations
Appendix D – Reference Materials

Appendix B – Glossary

Appendix I – Update on Land

Subsidence in California





CalGW Update 2025 – Themes

1. Maximizing Groundwater Infrastructure for Climate Adaptation & Resiliency

2. Accelerating Momentum for Sustainability

3. Strengthening Connections for Equity

4. Enhancing Groundwater Data, Tools & Analysis for Decision Support

CalGW Update 2025 – Recommendations

- Aligned with CalGW 2025 themes
- Each recommendation backed by specific actions
- Total of 15 recommendations
 & 59 actions
- 2020 recommendations retained & refined
- New 2025 recommendations driven by findings
- Some actions interconnected

Theme	Recommendation Topic	Actions
Maximizing Groundwater	Basin Characterization	6 (3 New)
	Investments & Funding	1
	Non-Financial Incentives	2
Infrastructure	Innovation & New Technology	2
	Climate Change (New)	3 (3 New)
	Oversight, Support, & Stewardship	3
Accelerating	Multi-Benefit Projects	6 (2 New)
Momentum for Sustainability	Water Markets & Transfers	3
	GSA Capacity Building	3
	Engagement	3 (1 New)
Strengthening Connections	Coordination	4 (1 New)
	Groundwater Education	4
	Data Collection	12 (2 New)
Enhancing Data, Tools & Analysis	SGMA Portal	2 (1 New)
	Methods, Standards, Tools	5 (2 New)

CalGW Update 2025 – Collaborating Agencies

- NGO Advisory Group
- State Water Board
- U.S. Geological Survey
- Dept. of Conservation
- NASA, Jet Propulsion Laboratory
- CA Dept. of Fish & Wildlife
- CA Dept. of Food & Ag
- CA Water Commission
- Association of California Water Agencies
- Northern California Water Association

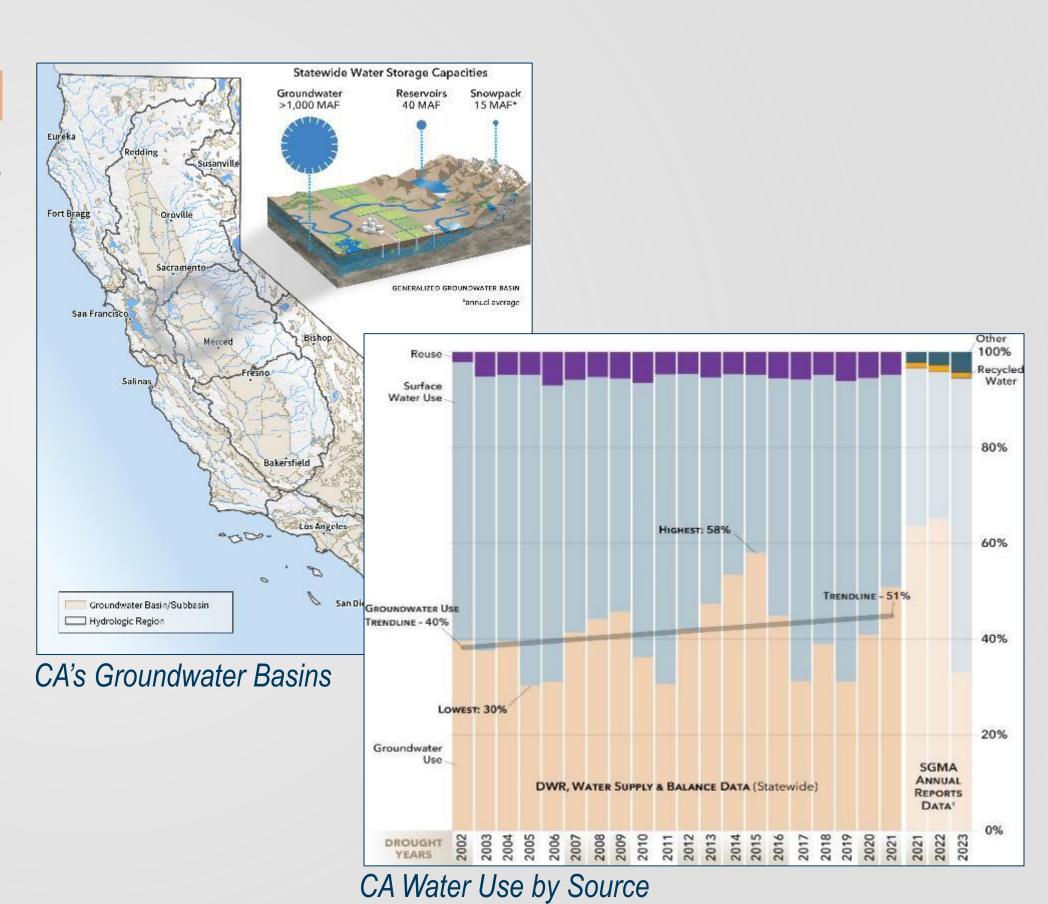
CalGW Update 2025 – Development Team

Core Team	Department of Wa		Steven Springhorn Saquib Najmus	Amanda Ott Josh Uecker	Emilia Wisniewski Frank Qian	Erin Crandall	Brett Wyckoff	
Executive Review	Paul Gosselin	Nancy Vogel	Keith Wallace	Timothy Godwin	Eric Tsai	Scott Morgan	Hanspeter Walter	
Content Leads	Bill Brewster Erica Haight	Katherine Dlubac Kyle Hardage	Andres Guillen Michelle Dooley	Barrett Kaasa Wyatt Arnold	M. Katy Janes Romain Maendly	Mark Nordberg		
Technical Review	Roy Hull Jim Blanke	Dane Mathis Rich Juricich	Jack Tung Reza Namvar	Jennifer Marr	Shane Edmunds	Bryce Russell	Chris Bonds	
Additional Content Developers & Reviewers	Yaman Al Ahmed Tad Bedegrew Jamie Dubay Francisco Guzman Evan MacKinnon Anita Regmi K. Sunny Singh Nicole Jacobsen (W	Craig Altare Kimberly Bowman Julie Ekstrom Edween Hernandez Bryce Matsumura Andrew Renshaw Deborah Spangler Joodard & Curran) DWR	Nicholas Anchor Benjamin Brezing Behrooz Etebari Zoe Kanavas Caitlin McHugh Giancarlo Restreppo Jennifer Stricklin Art Machado (Wood	Alexander Arita Alyse Briody David Fairman Abdul Khan Andrew Morgan Alicia Ruplinger Scarlett Tovar dard & Curran) Borchers		Jorge Baca Zhiming Chen Eric Garcia Kelley List Michael Parker Andrew Schwarz arth Knowledge, Inc.) pini Consulting Engin		Victor Bautista Jackson Cook Vivian Guillen Christopher Lyles George Peraza Paul Shipman
Partner Agencies	State and Regional Water Boards: Adam Weinberg (CDFW)		Mike Conway John Reager (NASA	Emily Haugen	Emily Houlihan	Sarah Sugar		
Graphics & Production	Asif Ali Sandy Bailey	Frank Keeley Leah Makler	Scott Olling					
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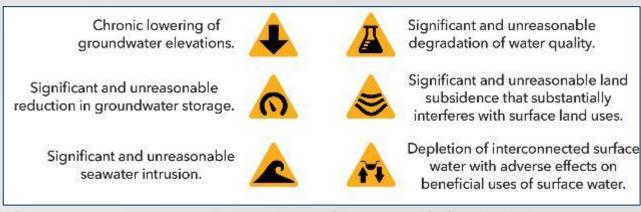


CalGW Update 2025 Chapter 1

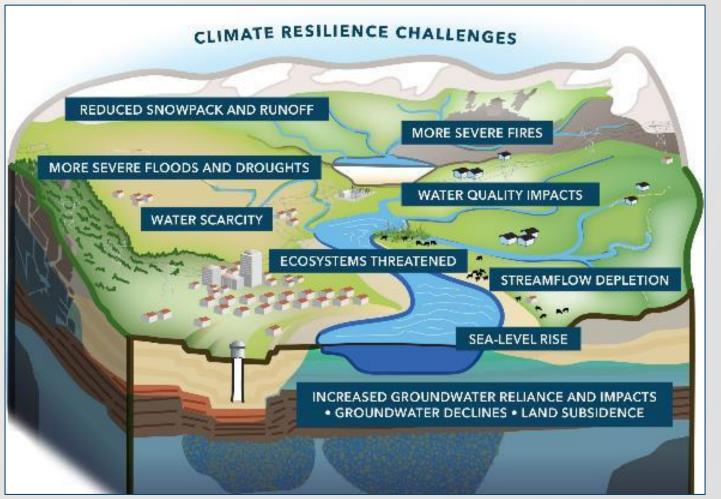
- Role of groundwater in California
- State's water management goals
- Core themes of CalGW Update 2025
- Advancing equity in groundwater management
- Climate change resilience, adaptation, extremes
- Structure & organization of CalGW Update 2025



- Role of groundwater in California
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Six Undesirable Results Defined in SGMA



Multi-Faceted Nature of Climate Change Impacts

- Role of groundwater in California
- State's water management goals
- Core themes of CalGW Update 2025
- Advancing equity in groundwater management
- Climate change resilience, adaptation, extremes
- Structure & organization of CalGW Update 2025

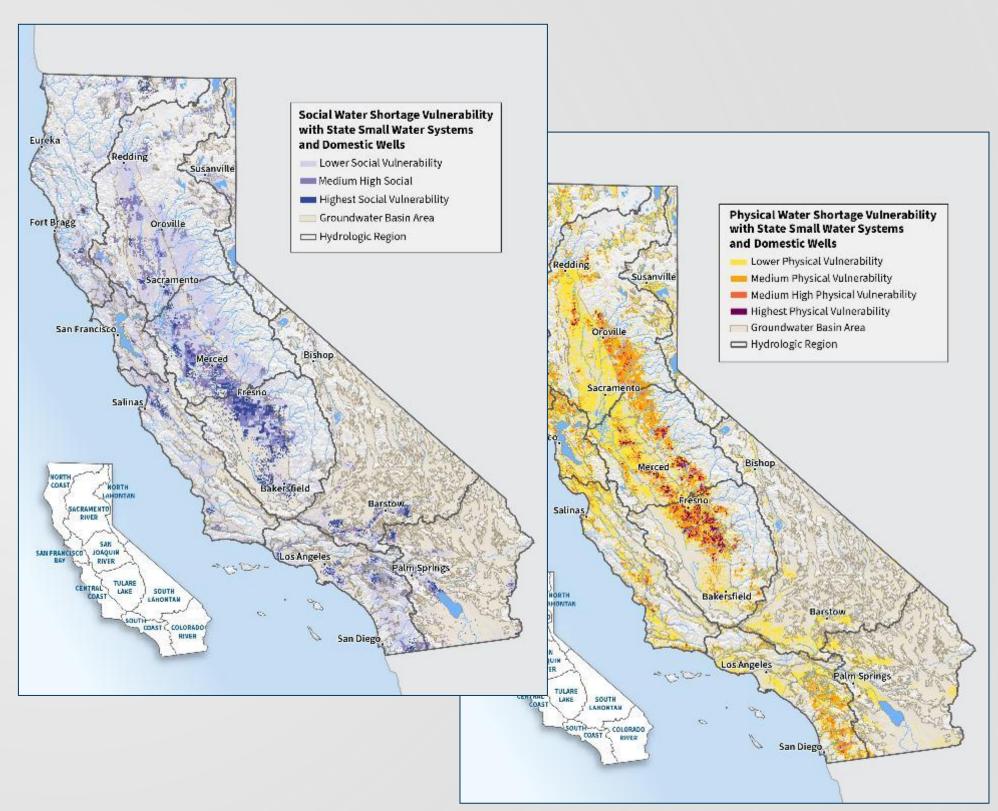
Maximizing Groundwater
 Infrastructure for Climate
 Adaptation & Resiliency

2. Accelerating Momentum for Sustainability

3. Strengthening Connections for Equity

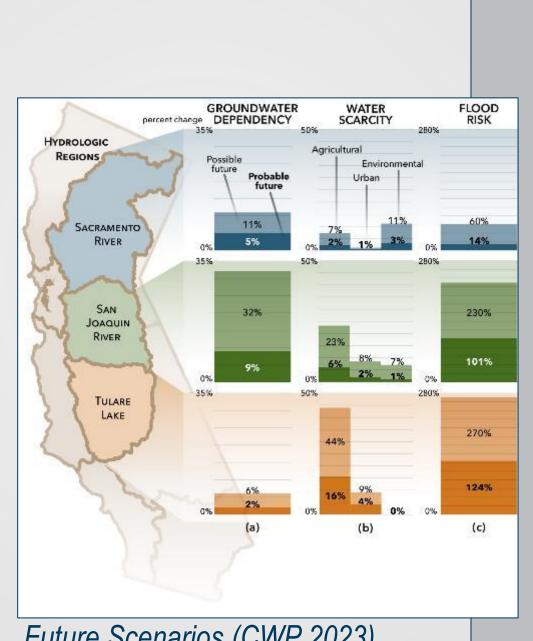
4. Enhancing Groundwater Data, Tools & Analysis for Decision Support

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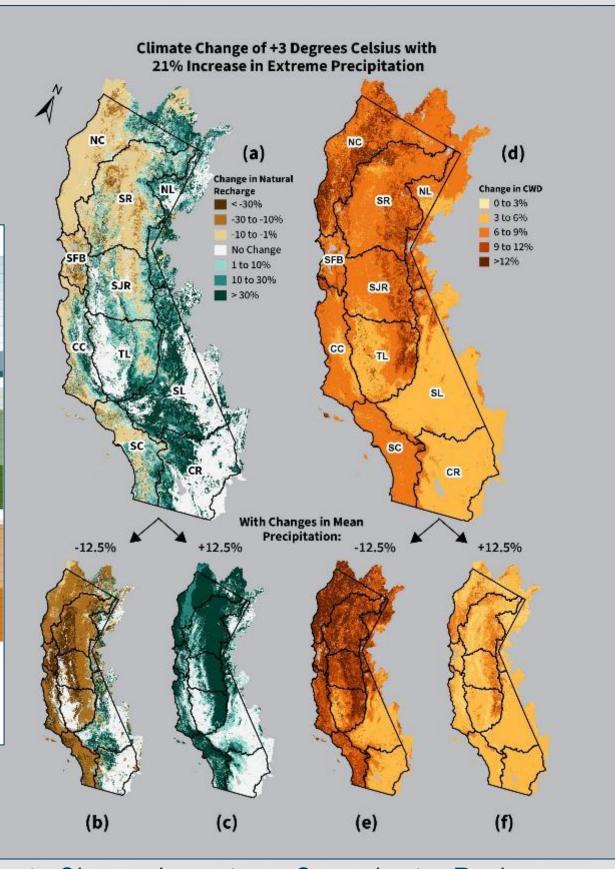


Data Source: Water Shortage Vulnerability Scoring and Tool

- Role of groundwater in California
- State's water management goals
- Core themes of CalGW Update 2025
- Advancing equity in groundwater management
- Climate change resilience, adaptation, extremes
- Structure & organization of CalGW Update 2025

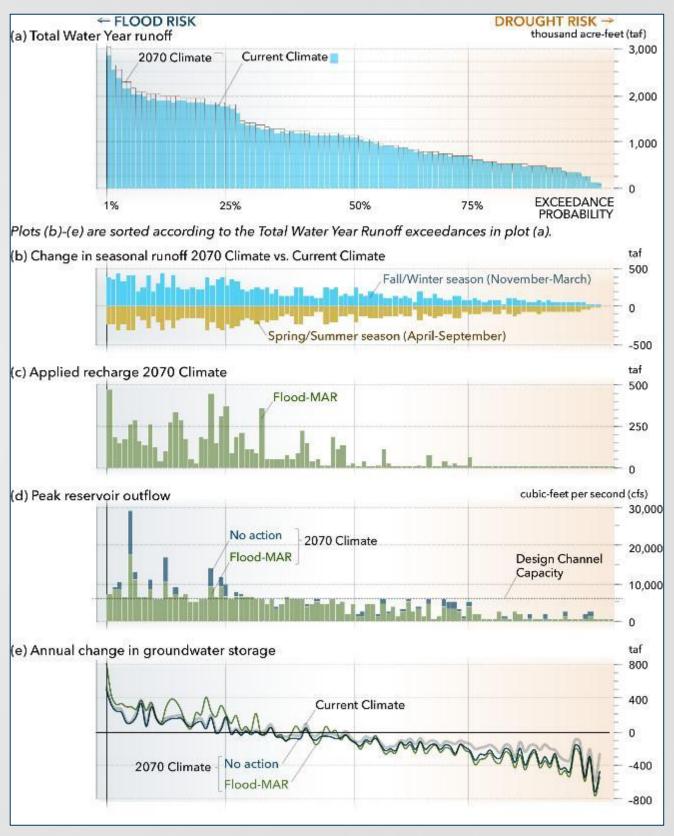


Future Scenarios (CWP 2023)



Climate Change Impacts on Groundwater Recharge

- Role of groundwater in California
- State's water management goals
- Core themes of CalGW Update 2025
- Advancing equity in groundwater management
- Climate change resilience, adaptation, extremes
- Structure & organization of CalGW Update 2025



Climate-Driven Flood & Drought Risk Mitigation with Flood-MAR in the Merced River Watershed

- Role of groundwater in California
- State's water management goals
- Core themes of CalGW Update 2025
- Advancing equity in groundwater management
- Climate change resilience, adaptation, extremes
- Structure & organization of CalGW Update 2025

Beneath the Surface – Fun GW Facts!

- ➤ SGMA Is Shaping How California

 Manages Water Not Just Groundwater
- ➤ Groundwater Sustainability Is Climate Adaptation



CalGW Update 2025 Chapter 2

Chapter 2: Progress towards SGM

Evolution of groundwater management

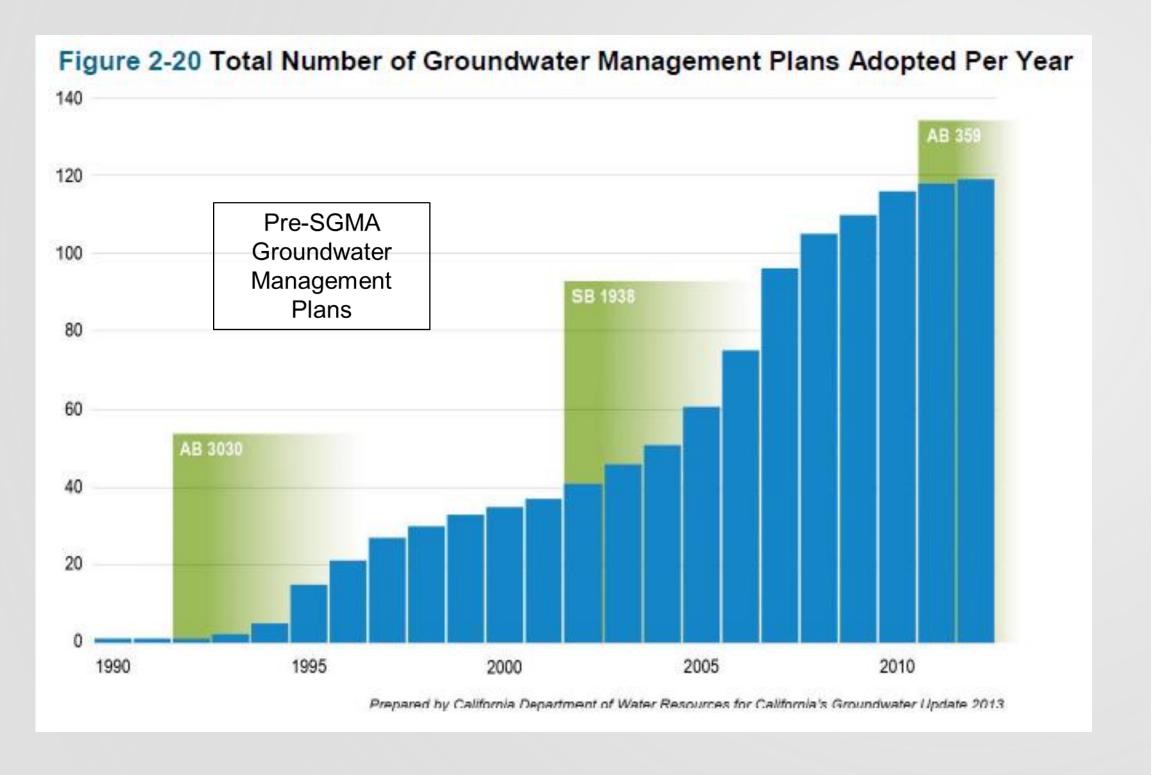
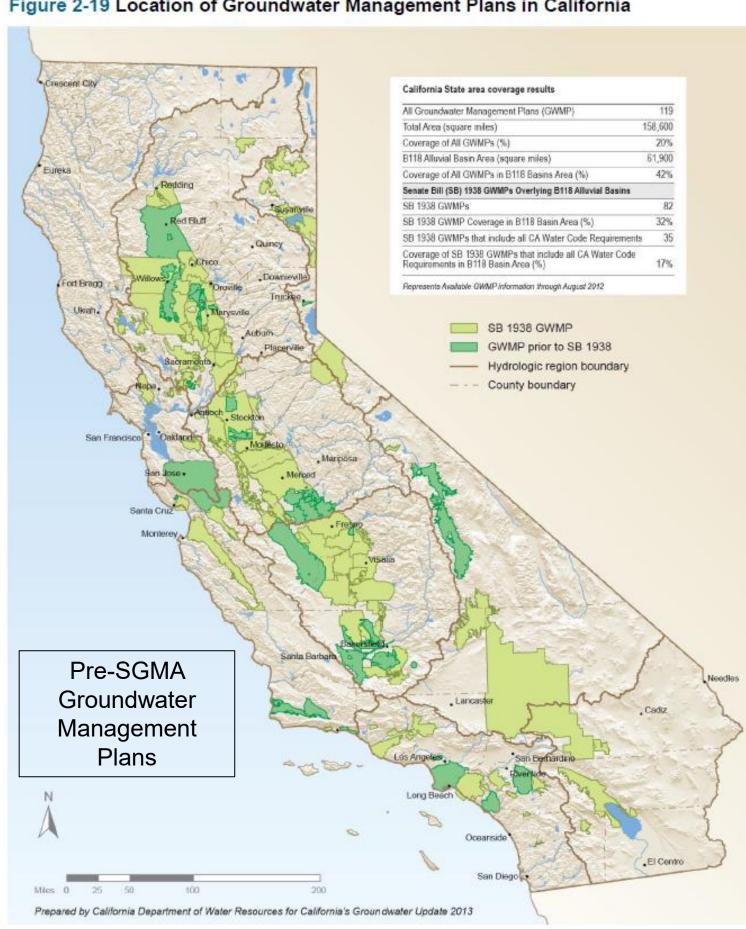


Figure 2-19 Location of Groundwater Management Plans in California



Chapter 2: Progress towards SGM

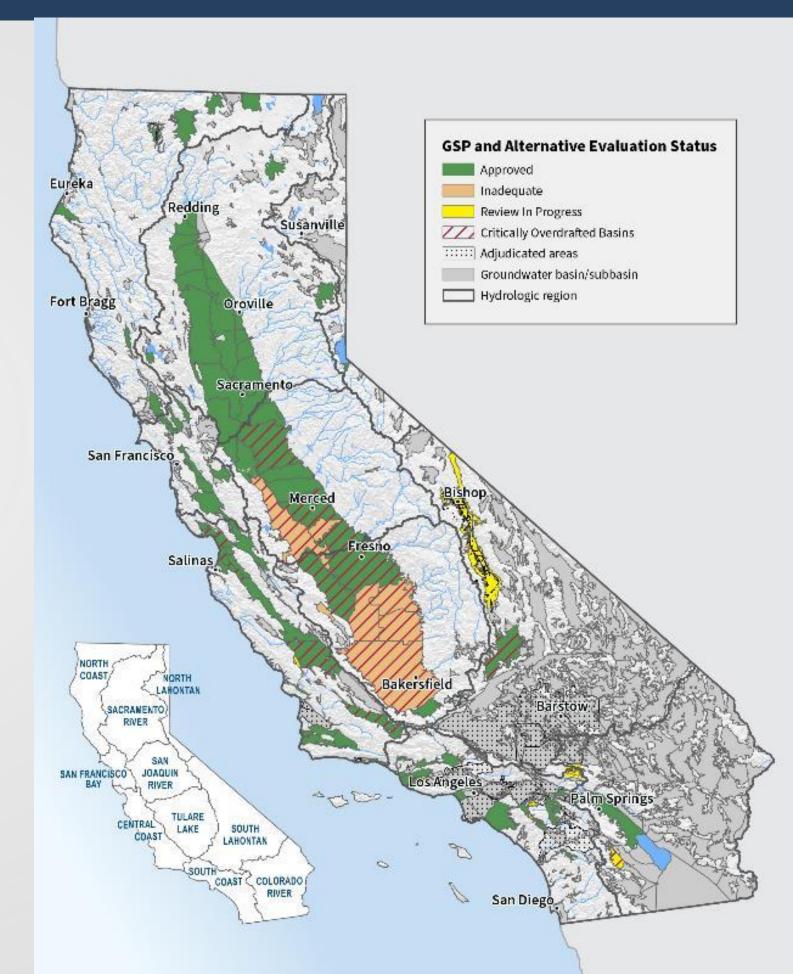
- Evolution of groundwater management
- 10-Years of SGMA

Table 2-8 Summary of GSP and Alternative Status as of August 202	25
--	----

Type of Plan and Approval Status	Number of Basins	Basin Priority
CSD Approved	81	76 High and Medium
GSP — Approved	01	5 Very Low
GSP — Inadequate ¹	7	High
GSP — Incomplete	4	Low and Very Low
Alternative — Approved	10	High and Medium
No GSP or Alternative	413	1 Medium
Submitted ²	413	412 Low and Very Low

Table 2-8 Notes:

- As of August 2025, the GSP covering the Chowchilla Subbasin has been returned to DWR following an inadequate determination and State Intervention, and the GSP is currently under DWR review.
- The medium priority basin that did not submit a GSP is the Carmel Valley Basin, which is managed under the State Water Resources Control Board's subterranean stream designation and is not required to submit a GSP.

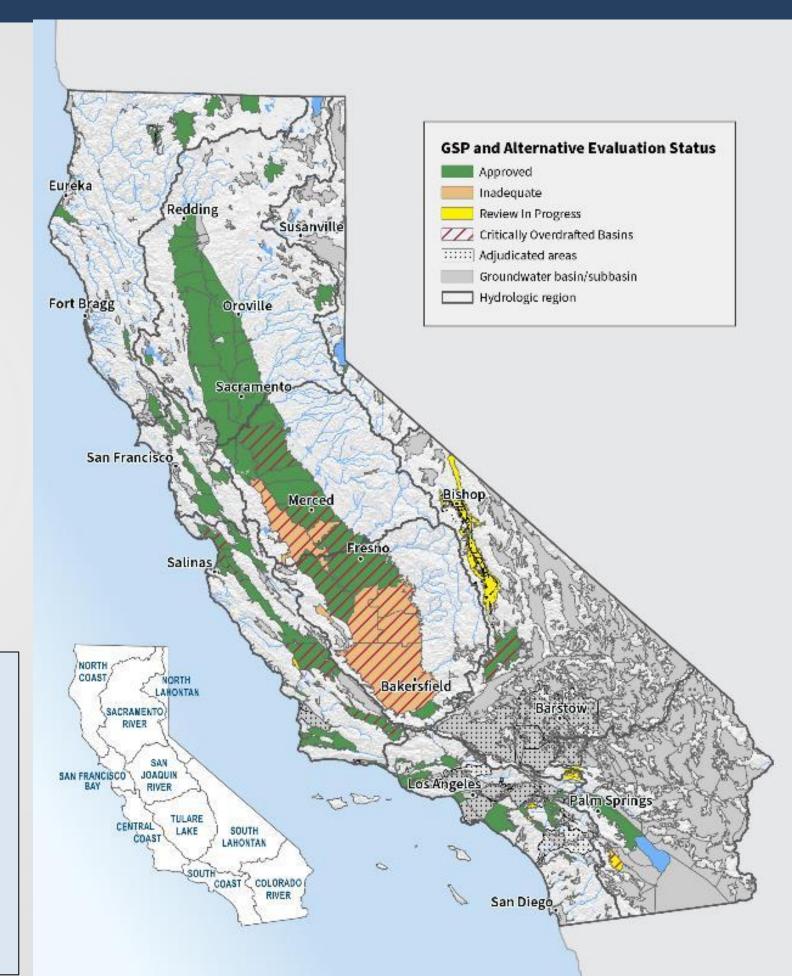


Chapter 2: Progress towards SGM

- Evolution of groundwater management
- 10-Years of SGMA
- DWR's SGMA roles & responsibilities
- DWR's assistance efforts
- Local implementation of SGMA
- Projects & management actions
- Overview of sustainable management criteria

Beneath the Surface

- ➤ Over 250 GSAs formed in 142 Basins
- ➤ Over 1,500 Projects and Management Actions in >100 GSPs
- >DWR-SGMO has reviewed all initial GSPs
- >\$1B in State Investment in SGMA over 10 years





CalGW Update 2025 Chapter 3

- Comprehensive understanding of California's natural and built groundwater system.
- Natural and built infrastructure play critical role in sustainable groundwater management.
- Descriptions and definitions of basin characteristics that are discussed in detail in other chapters.

Beneath the Surface

➤ Aquifers Are Now Natural Infrastructure (§71154 PRC)

GW Basins & HR Regions

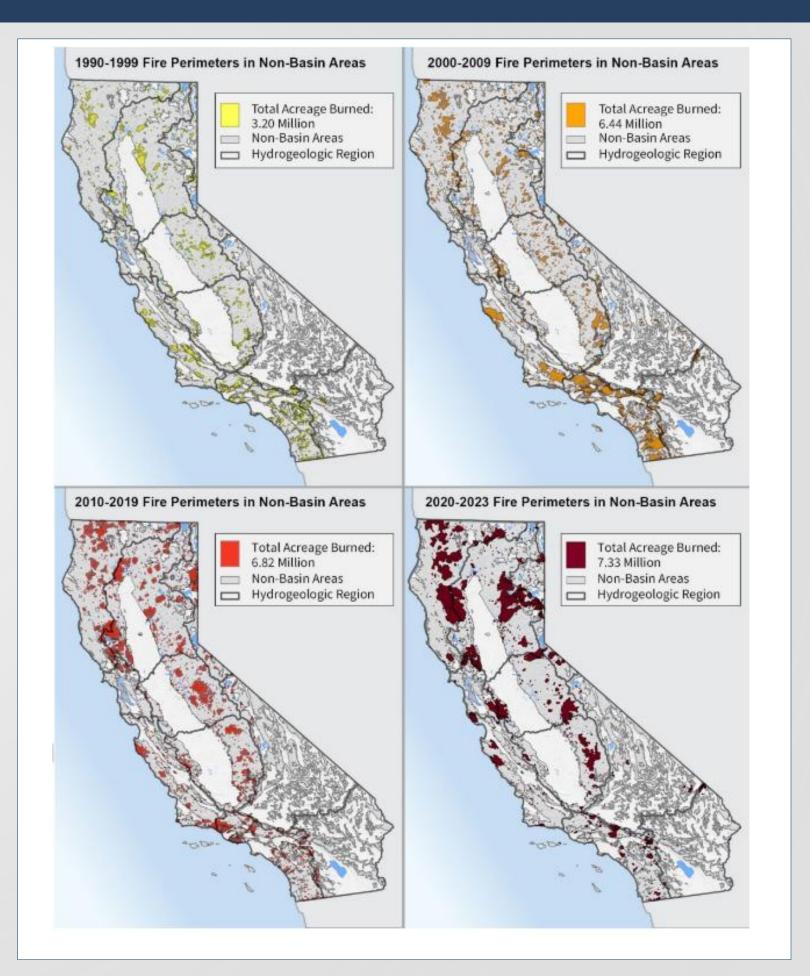




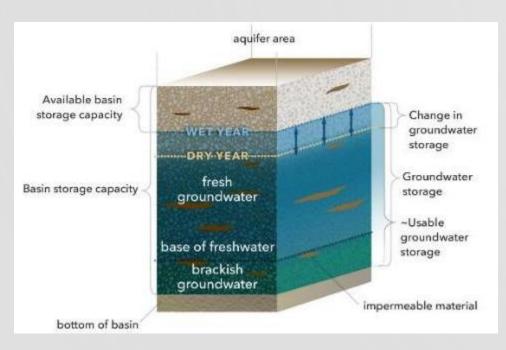
- Natural groundwater infrastructure
 - Watersheds, rivers, forests, and meadows
 - Groundwater Aquifers
 - Alluvial groundwater aquifers/basins
 - Hard rock aquifers (Non-Basin Areas)
 - Impacts of climate change on natural infrastructure
 - Temperature and ET increases
 - Snowpack shifts
 - Precipitation shifts and atmospheric rivers
 - Wildfire impacts

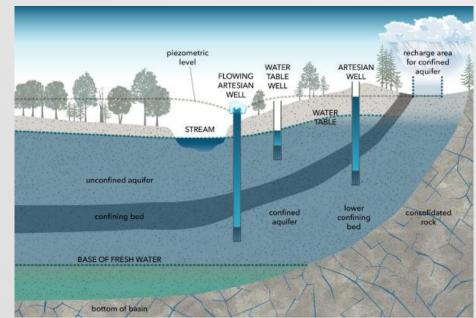
Beneath the Surface

- ➤ Over 80% of Californians live over groundwater basins
- ➤ Over 50% of all domestic wells are in Non-Basin Areas

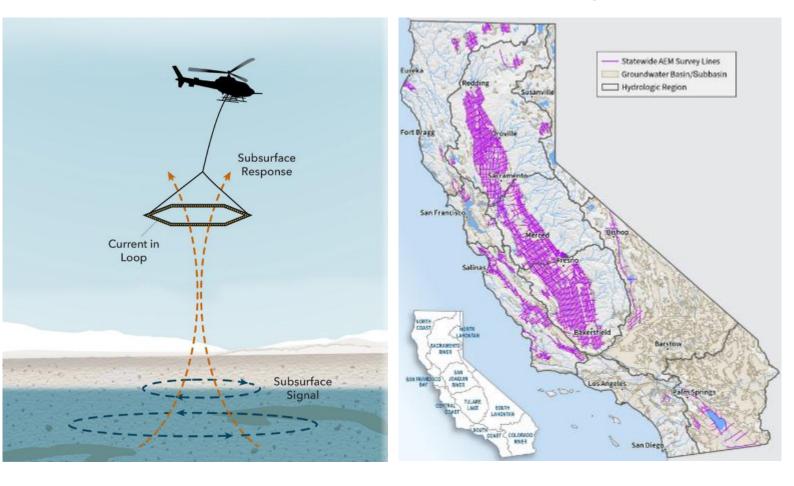


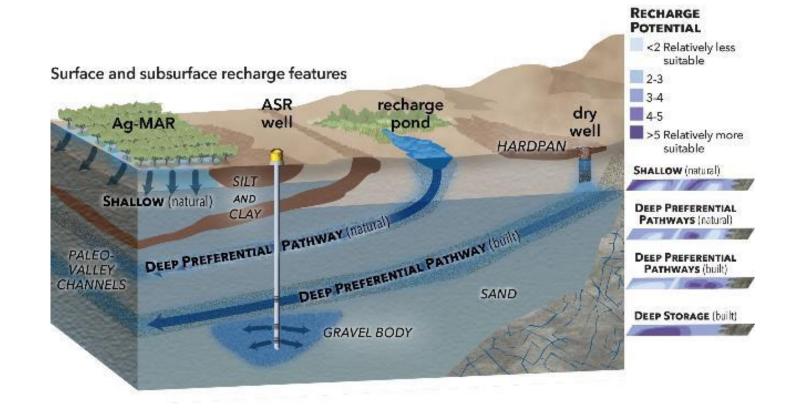
- Groundwater Basin Characterization
 - Hydrogeologic Conceptual Models and Basin Characteristics
 - DWR's Basin Characterization Program
 - Data collection
 - Advanced data analysis tools
 - Maps and 3D models
 - Other Basin Characterization Efforts in CA



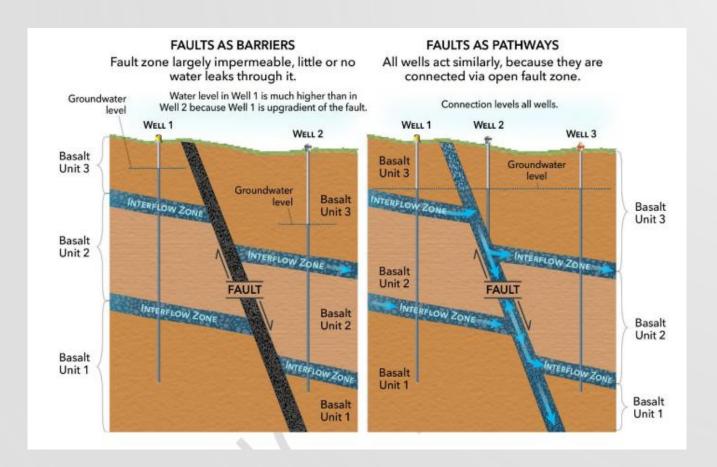


AEM Survey Lines

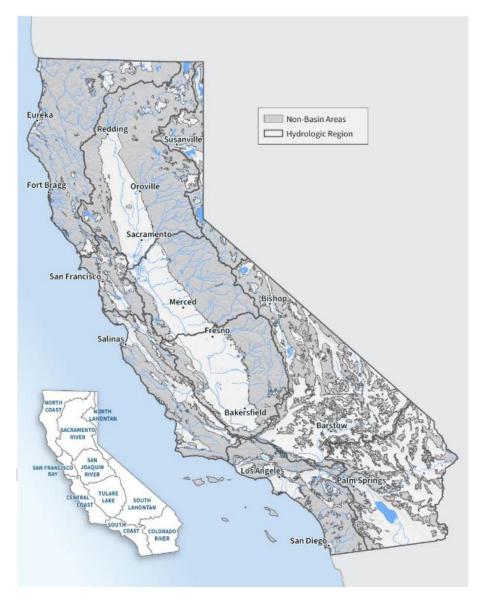


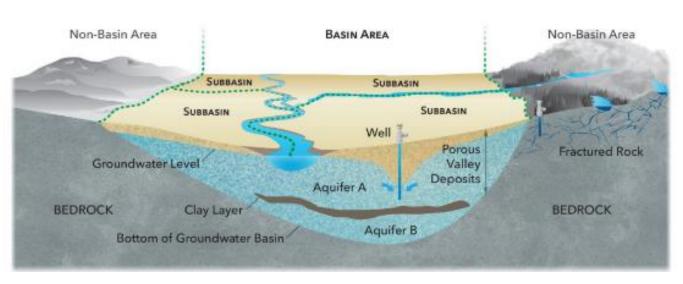


- Non-Basin Areas (NBAs)
 - Any area outside of a groundwater subbasin.
 - Population in NBAs
 - NBAs by Hydrogeologic Province
 - Geology, hydrology, and climate
 - Recharge Areas in NBAs
 - NBA Characterization Efforts

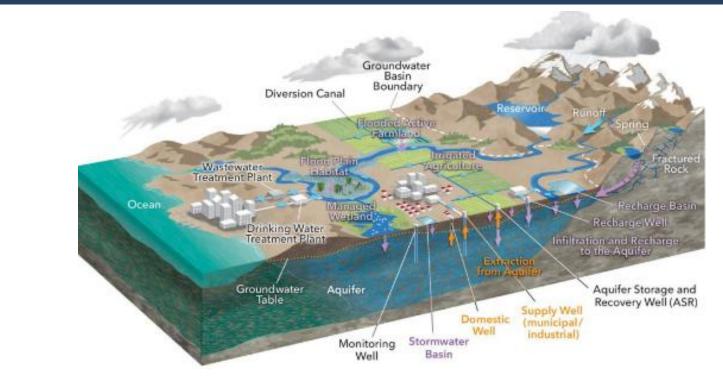


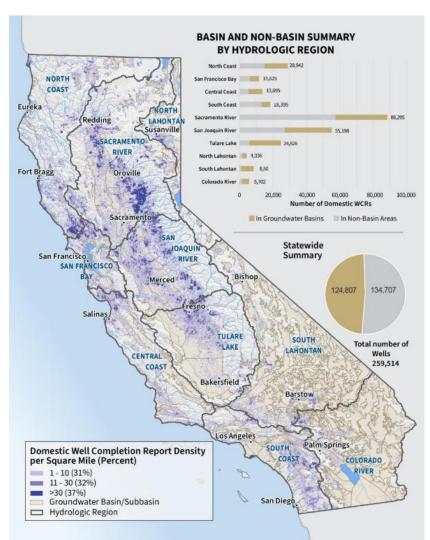
Non-Basin Areas



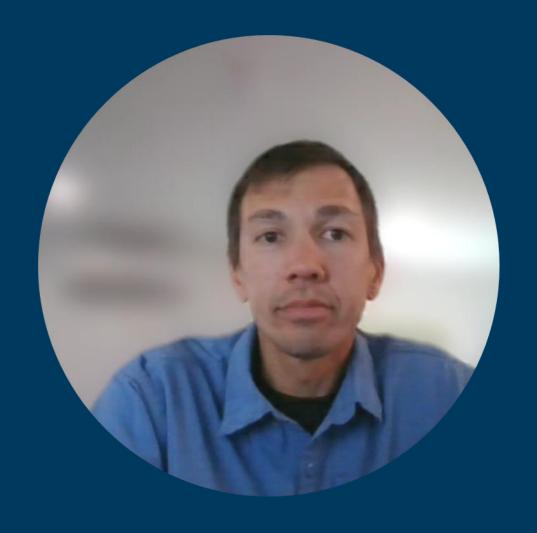


- Built Groundwater Infrastructure
 - Extraction Infrastructure
 - Statistical analysis of wells by type, location, depth, date of installation
 - Recharge Infrastructure
 - Methods and approaches
 - Conveyance Infrastructure
 - "Built backbone infrastructure" CA's Water Plan 2023
 - Utilization Infrastructure
 - Integration of built and natural infrastructure
 - Recharge Infrastructure Expansion
 - Proposed projects, costs, and challenges



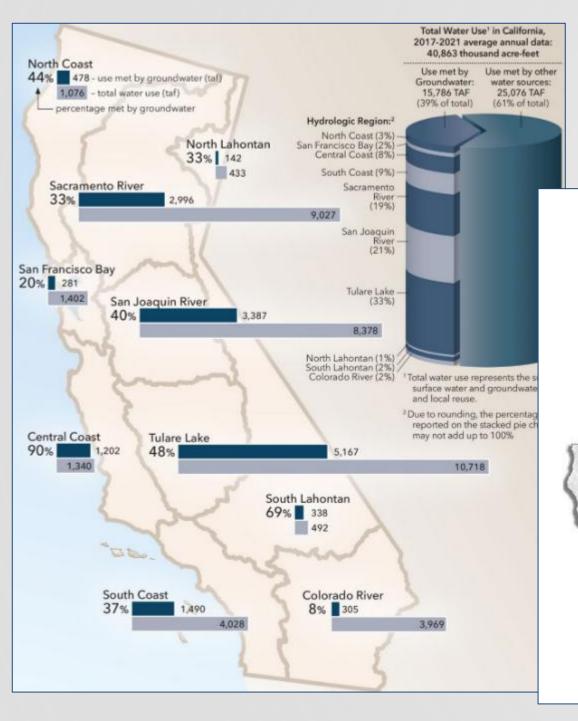






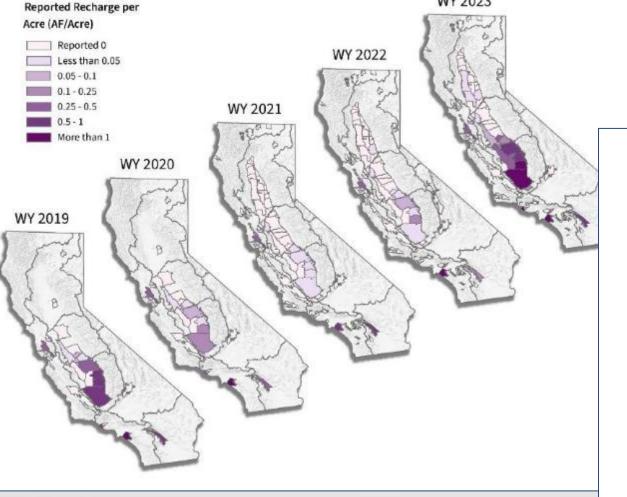
CalGW Update 2025 Chapter 4

Groundwater Use

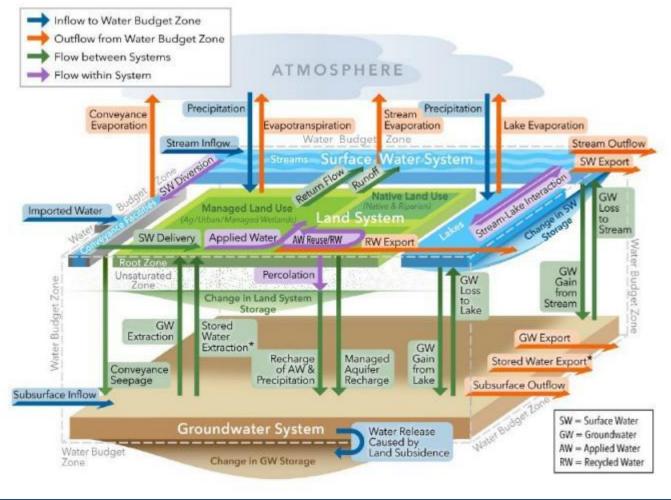


Groundwater Recharge

WY 2023



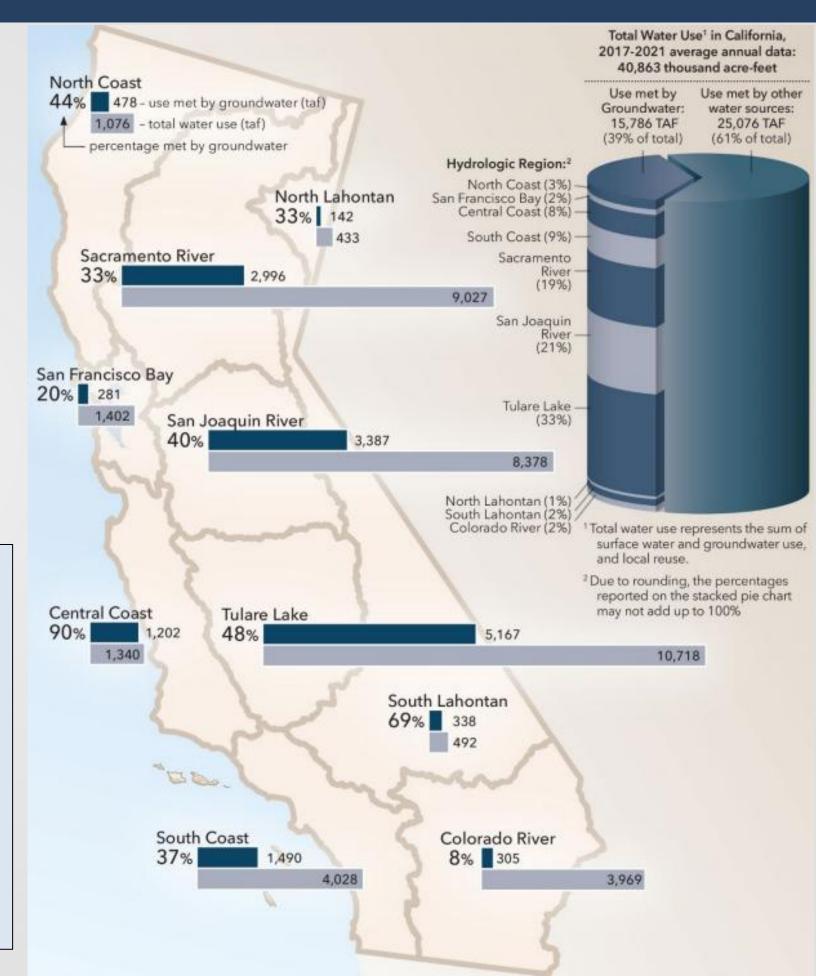
Water Accounting



Groundwater Use

- Recent and historical trends in groundwater use
- Water source type
- Water use sector
- Statewide, hydrologic region, and basin / non-basin
- New for 2025: summary of water use in SGMAreporting basins

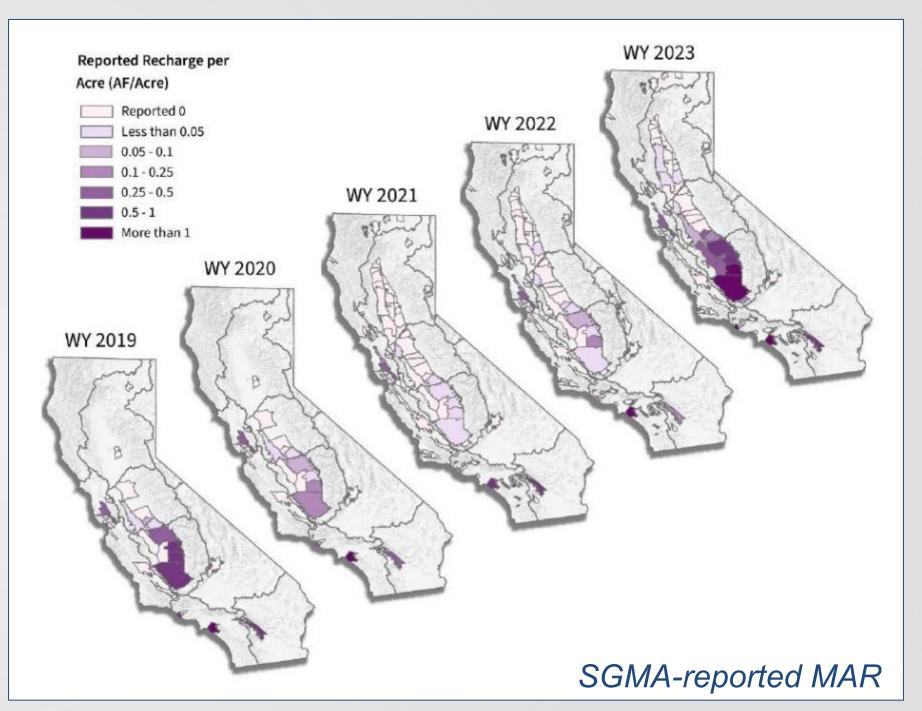
- ➤ Statewide GW use: 80% Ag, 18% Urban, 2% Mgt Wetlands
- ➤On average 40% of the State's water supply comes from groundwater
- ➤GW use is highly dependent on hydrologic conditions, ranging from approximately 30% of total water use in wetter years to almost 60% in drier years



Groundwater Recharge

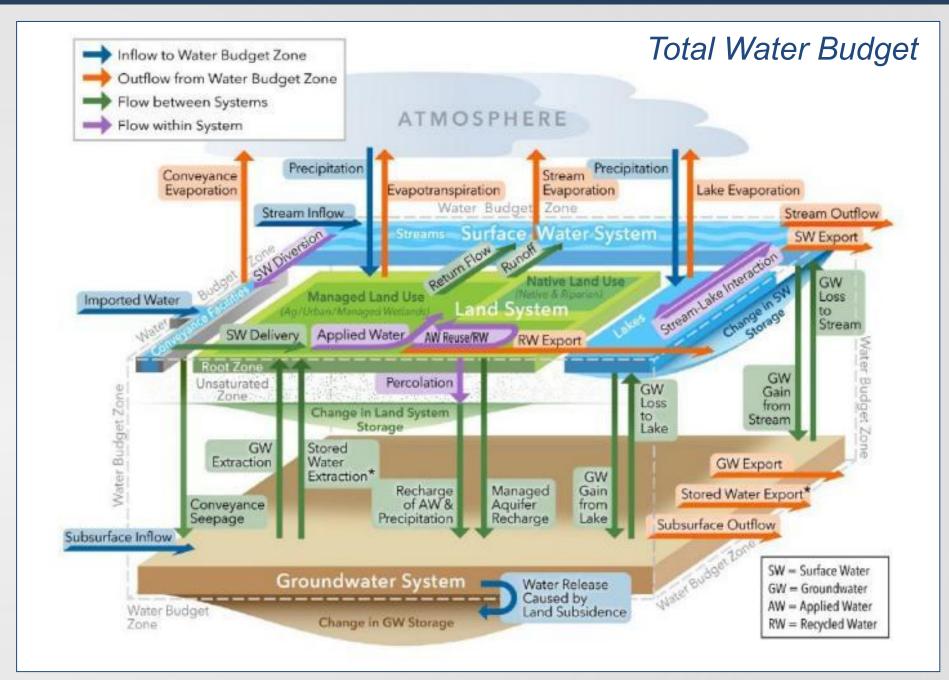
- Focus on quantification of recharge volumes
- Baseline Recharge
 - Modeled recharge estimates
- Managed Aquifer Recharge
 - Summary of recharge volumes in SGMA-reporting basins
 - Various other MAR efforts

- ➤ Modeled average annual baseline recharge ranges from ~8 to 10 MAF in the Central Valley
- >~4.9 MAF of recharge reported by SGMA Basins in 2023



Water Accounting

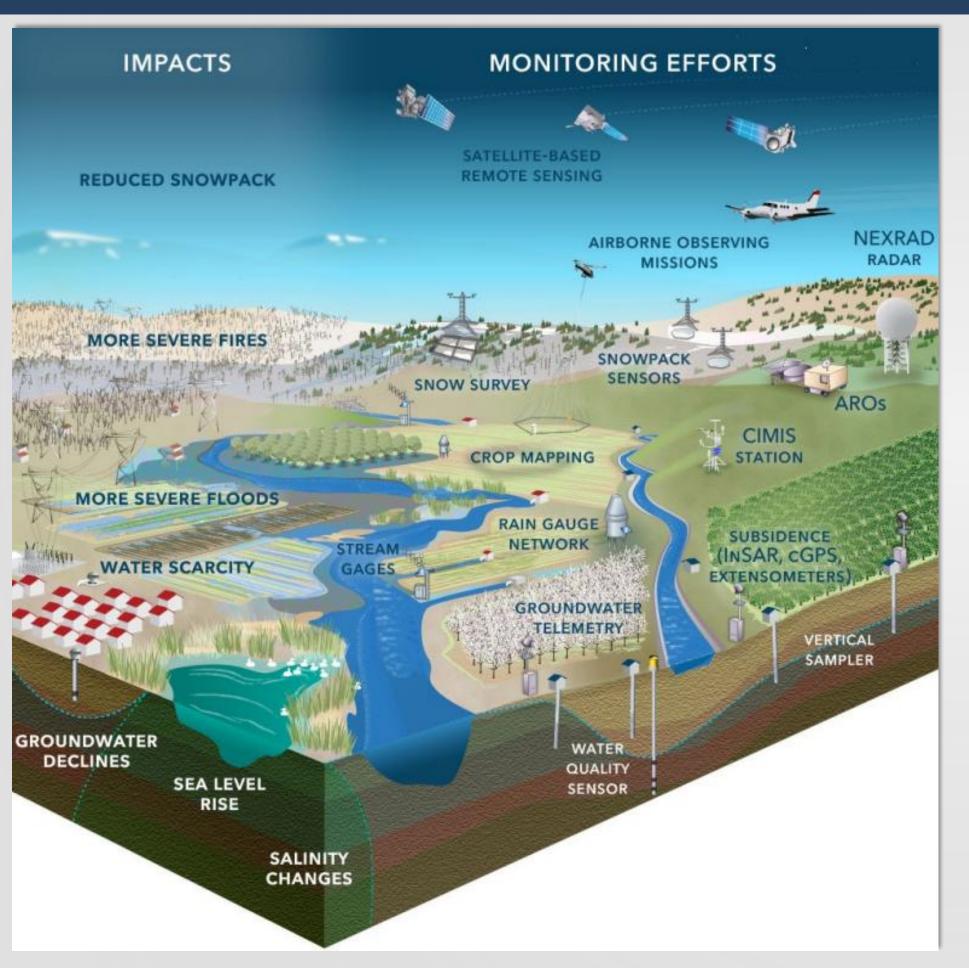
- Summary of legislatively mandated accounting:
 - Adjudications
 - UWMPs, AWMPs
 - SGMA
- Resources for water accounting:
 - Guidance documents
 - Draft Handbook for Water Budget Development
 - SGMA BMPs: HCM, Water Budget, Modeling
 - Data: SGMA Data Viewer, CDEC, OSWCR
 - Modeling tools: IWFM, MODFLOW



CA DWR's draft Handbook for Water Budget Development



CalGW Update 2025 Chapter 5



- Groundwater Monitoring supports Groundwater
 Management, especially under SGMA
- Monitoring provides the data foundation for informed, adaptive groundwater management
- As climate change intensifies, there's an increase the need for continuous monitoring
- Core Principle: "You can't manage what you can't measure."
- California's statewide monitoring network include
 State, federal, and local agencies
- This chapter details how data are collected for the six sustainability indicators:
 - Groundwater Levels
 - Groundwater Storage
 - Groundwater Quality
 - Subsidence
 - Interconnected Surface Water
 - Seawater Intrusion

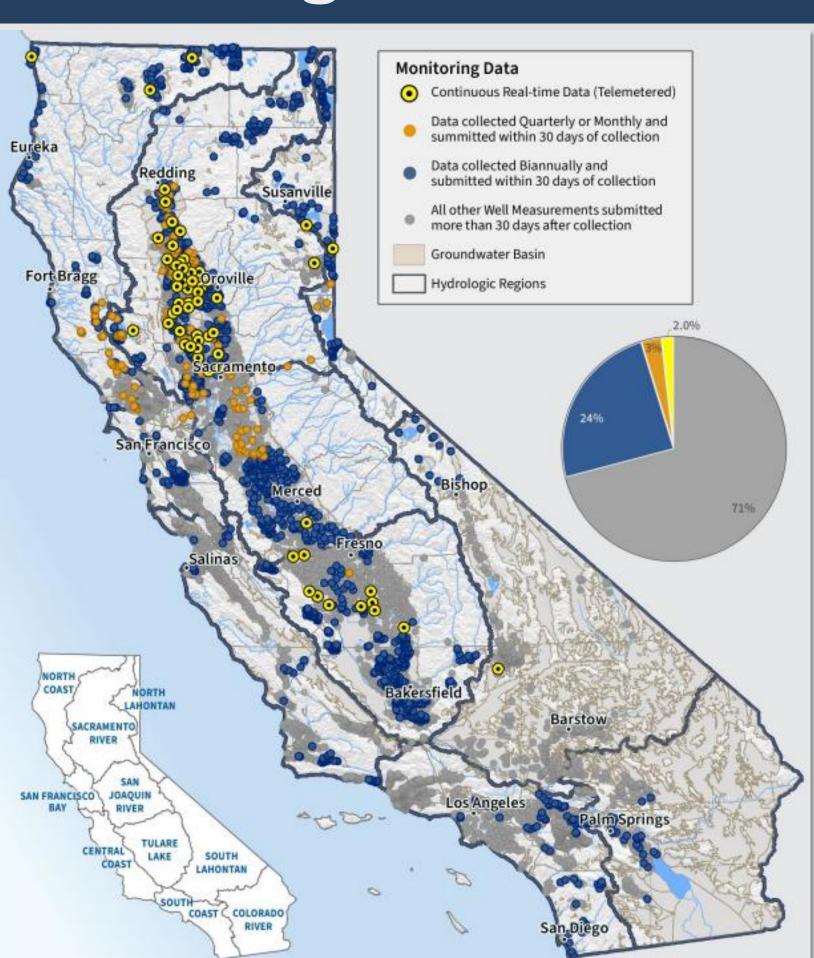
Groundwater Level Monitoring

- Tracking Basin Response
- Modern Monitoring Methods
- Coordinated Data Systems
- Data Collection and Submission Trend Improving

Groundwater Storage Monitoring

- Connects Recharge and Extraction
- Indirect Measurement Methods

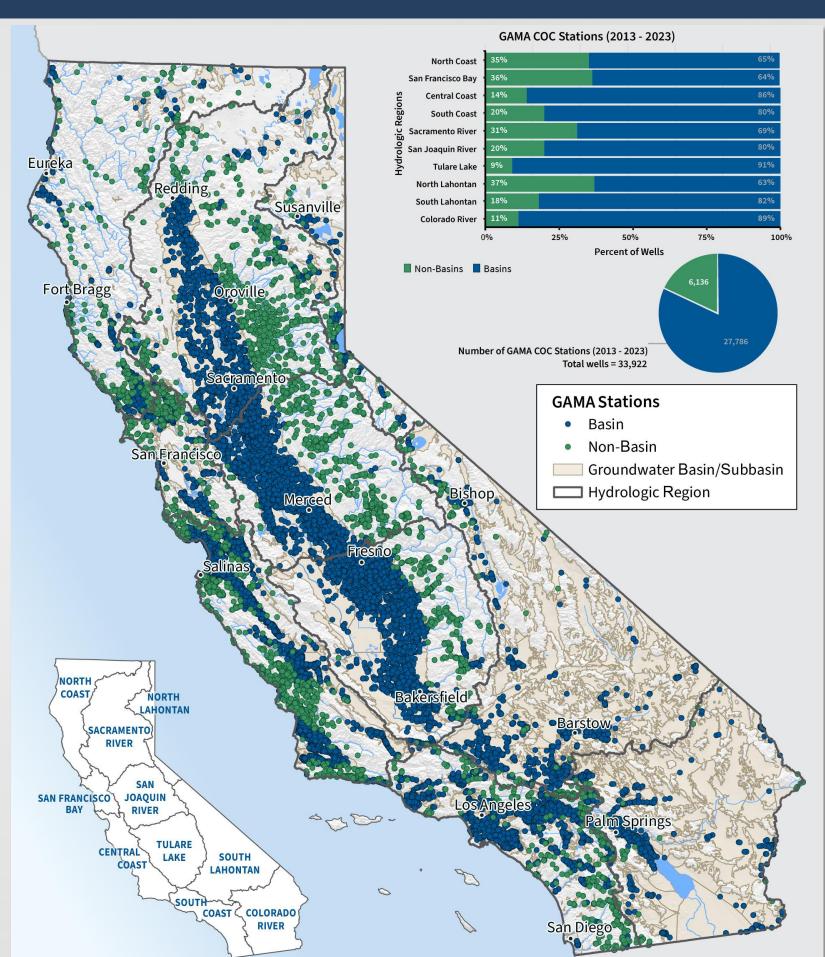
- > 9,000 wells are monitored statewide plus 191 outside basin areas.
- > Data turnaround is improving: data submissions within 30 days double WY 2019 to WY 2024.
- Local agencies lead the way, monitoring 57% of wells; DWR covers 18%, and federal partners 2%.
- > SGMA progresses: nearly 63% of all active wells are part of the SGMA program.



Groundwater Quality

- Detect & Evaluate
- Statewide GAMA Database
- Eight Key Constituents
- SGMA: Locally Tailored Monitoring

- > 34,000 groundwater quality wells analyzed statewide.
- > GAMA database: more than 25 million records from ~116,000 unique wells.
- ➤ **Eight key Constituents of Concern:** 1,2,3-TCP, Nitrate, Arsenic, Uranium, TDS, Hexavalent Chromium, PFOA, and PFOS.
- ➤ Nearly half (48%) of all wells have been sampled since WY 2014 showing expanding coverage and new insights.



Subsidence

- Historical Methods
- Modern Methods
- Management Support

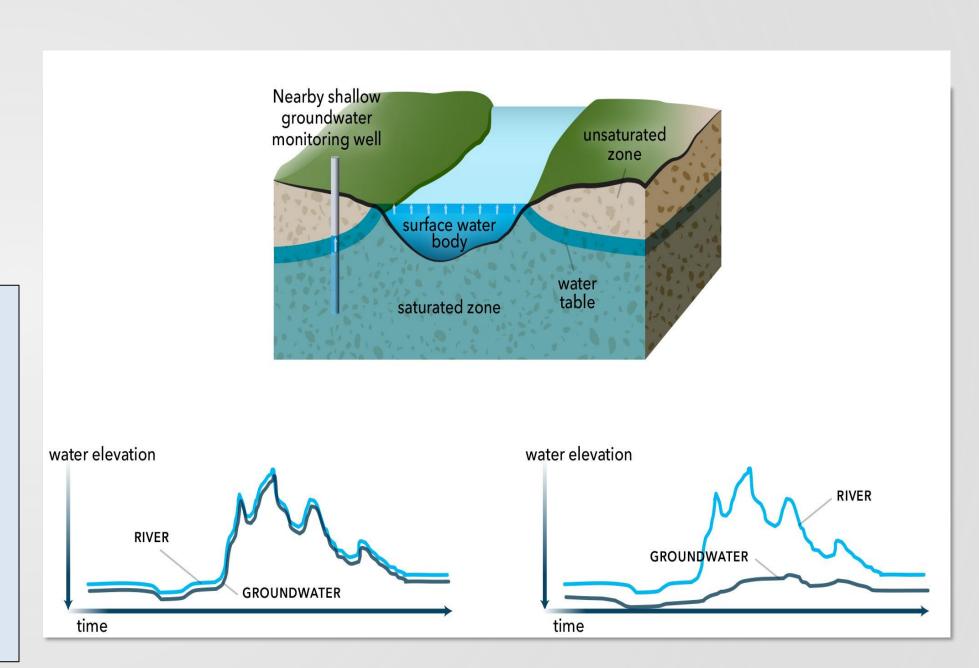
- ➤ Monitoring since the 1950s: from early spirit leveling to borehole extensometers.
- ➤ Modern tools, modern reach: GPS, InSAR, and LiDAR now track land movement statewide in near real time.
- > Expanding network: 398 continuous GPS stations, 18+ active extensometers, and new corner reflectors improve coverage each year.
- > Open data access: DWR, USGS, SOPAC, and UNAVCO share subsidence data publicly for science and management.



Interconnected Surface Water

- Connected Water Systems
- Monitoring Stream Depletion
- Data Uncertainty Limits

- ➤ **Linked systems:** groundwater and surface water flow together through a shared saturated zone.
- ➤ **Ecosystem boost:** groundwater inputs sustain streamflow, stabilize habitats, and help keep water cool for aquatic life.
- > **Depletion risk:** excessive pumping can lower groundwater levels and reduce streamflow for downstream users and ecosystems.
- ➤ Data & uncertainty: connectivity depends on well proximity, pumping patterns, and data quality refined models are helping close the gap.

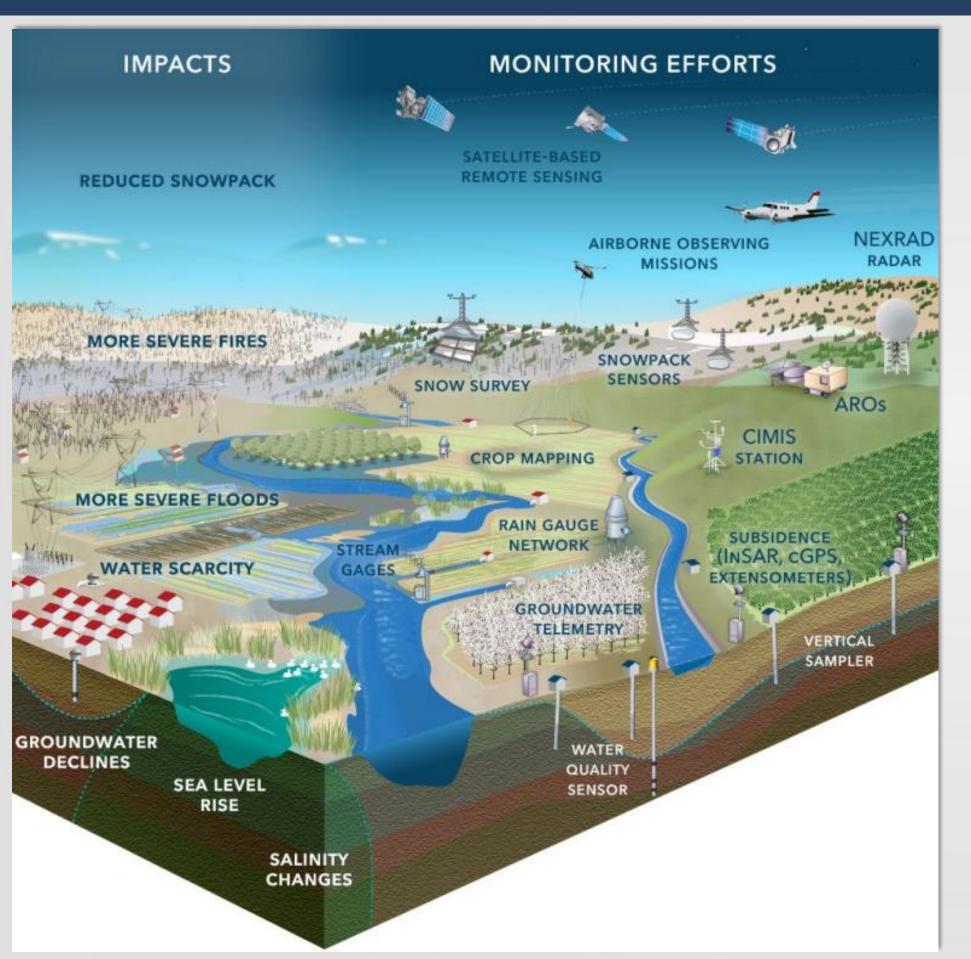


Seawater Intrusion

- Coastal Aquifer Threat
- Rising Sea Levels
- Chloride & TDS Tracking and Analytical Tools

- Key indicators: high levels of Chloride (~19,000 mg/L) and Total Dissolved Solids (~35,000 mg/L) signal when seawater begins to push inland.
- Mind the gaps: some coastal basins still have limited monitoring coverage, leaving uncertainty in intrusion trends.
- Statewide effort: since 2011, 36 basins have been actively monitored and more than 90% include detailed water-quality data.



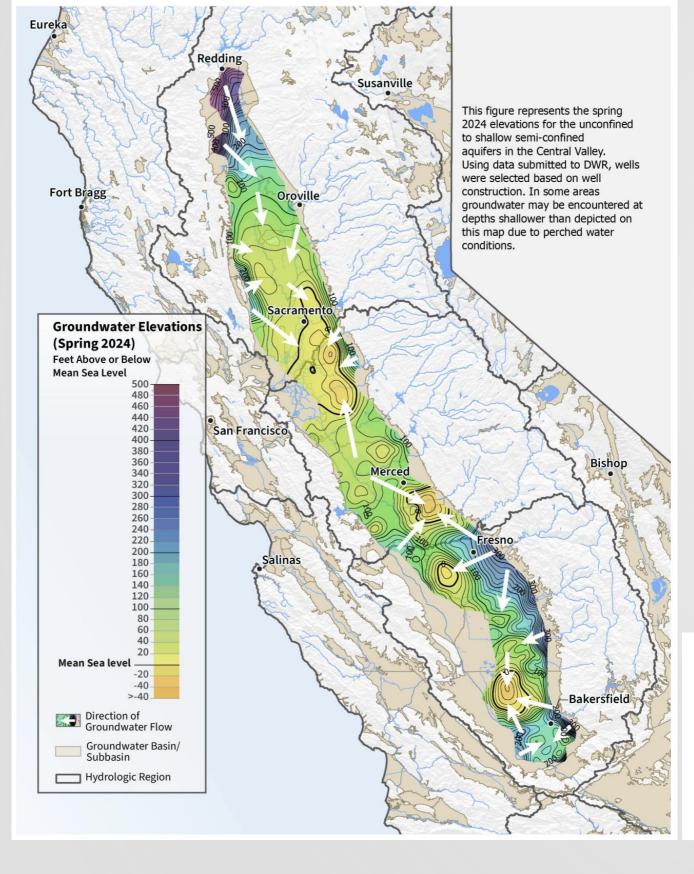


- Reliable data supports accurate forecasts, enabling informed and adaptive groundwater management
- Integrating Models & Data helps predict groundwater availability and quality, guiding better decision-making
- Statewide Transparency is enhanced through groundwater accounting supported by consistent monitoring
- Proactive Management means using data to anticipate and prepare for droughts, floods, and climate change impacts
- Forecasting Groundwater Resilience requires building on Monitoring Foundations
- Forecasting begins with monitoring resilience depends on it.



CalGW Update 2025 Chapter 6

Figure 6-3 Groundwater Surface Elevation Contour Map for the Central Valley (Spring 2024)



Introduction

- Chapter 6 relies on data collected from the monitoring networks described in Chapter 5
- Groundwater conditions are organized around the sustainability indicators
- Conditions are influenced by complex natural factors, human activities, hydrology and management practices
- Near-term and long-term analysis are provided

Sustainability Indicators



Lowering GW Levels



Reduction of Storage



Degraded Quality



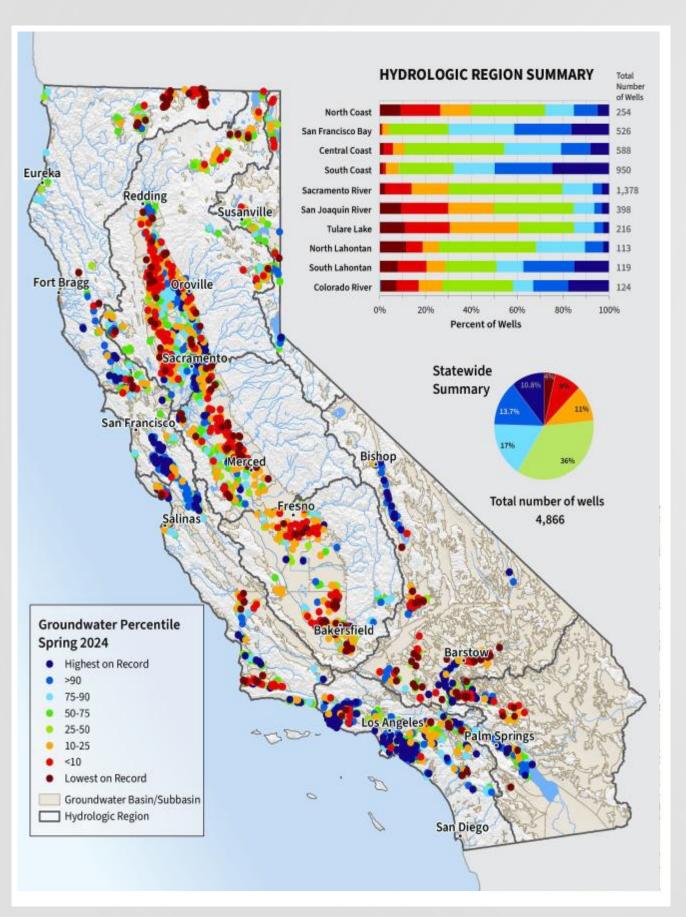
Land Subsidence



Surface Water Depletion

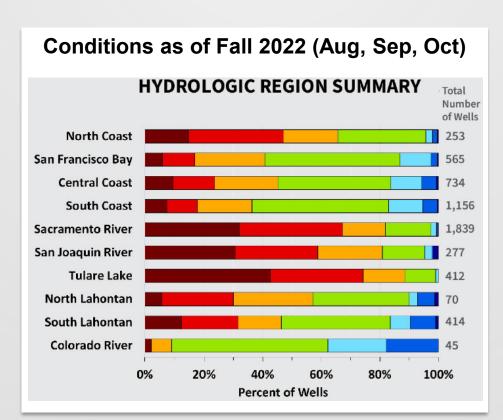


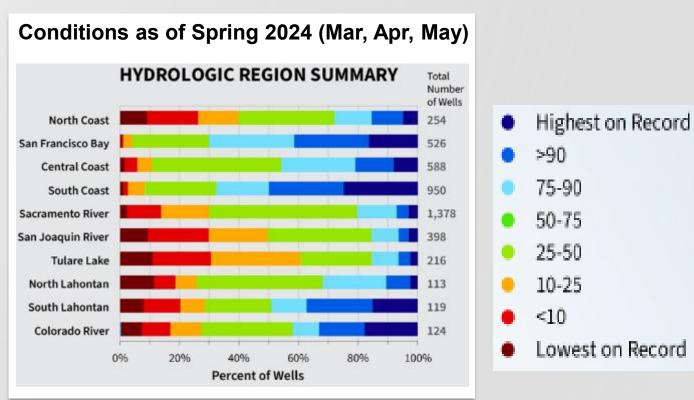
Intrusion



Groundwater Levels

- Fundamental information for assessing conditions
- Used to show groundwater elevation and depth to groundwater
- Enables a comparison of conditions using different snapshots in time
- Provides insights into depletion, recharge, and changes in storage
- Conditions improved after the 2020-2022 drought, but long-term trends show significant declines in some areas

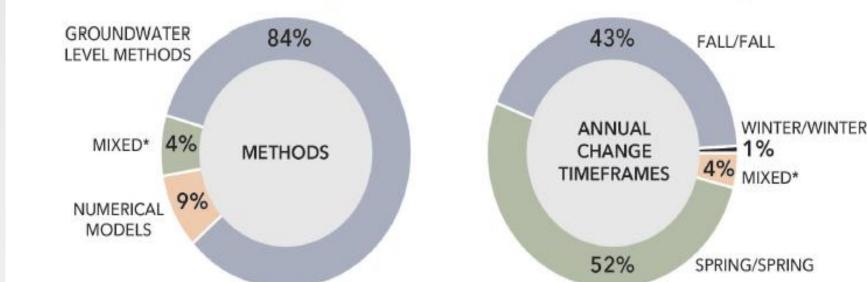


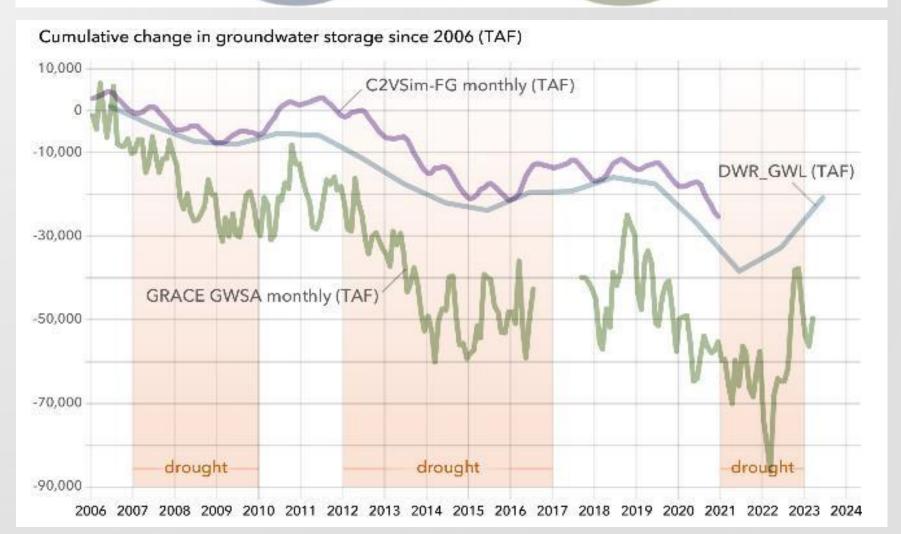


Change in Groundwater Storage

- The change in groundwater storage is estimated with models, analysis of groundwater levels, and remote sensing through satellites
- Trends are similar, but results vary due to:
 - Method
 - Area covered
 - Aquifer characterization
 - Time period
- In general, since 2019:
 - The greatest losses in groundwater storage occurred in WY 2021 and 2022
 - The greatest increases in storage occur in WY 2023 and 2024

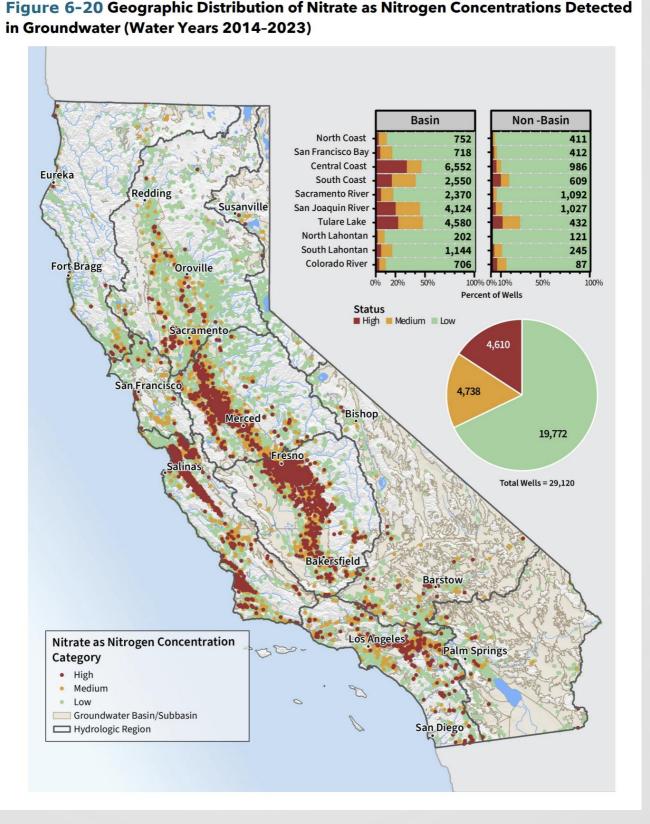




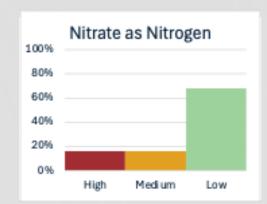


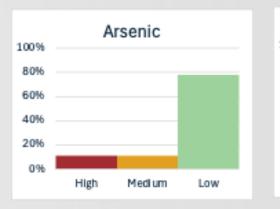
Groundwater Quality - Contaminants of Concern

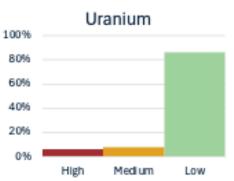
- Groundwater quality varies widely
- Analysis compares raw data to MCLs/SMCLs/NLs
- Nitrate, PFOA, PFOS had the most frequent exceedances
- 8 COCs were selected to highlight statewide trends in groundwater quality
- Data are from SWRCB GAMA Program

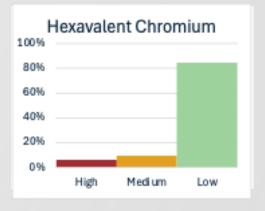


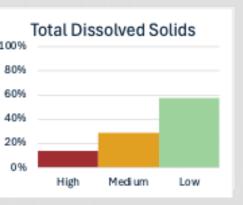


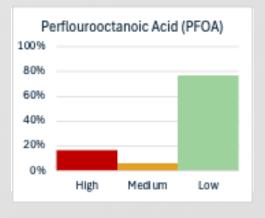


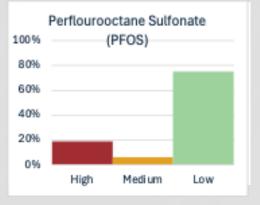


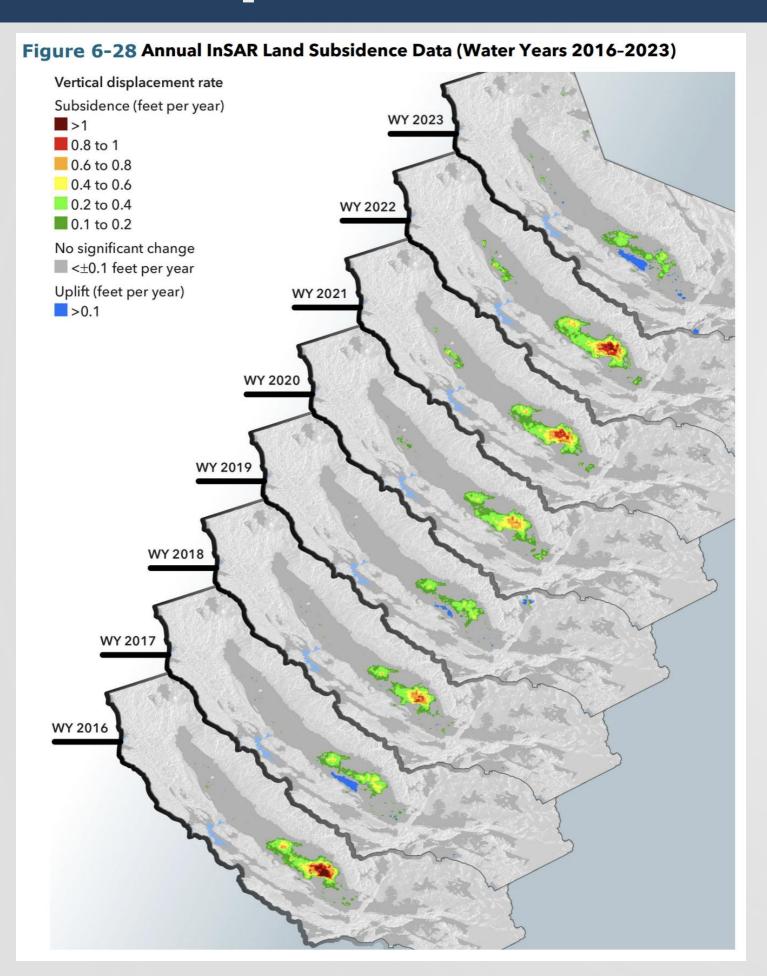






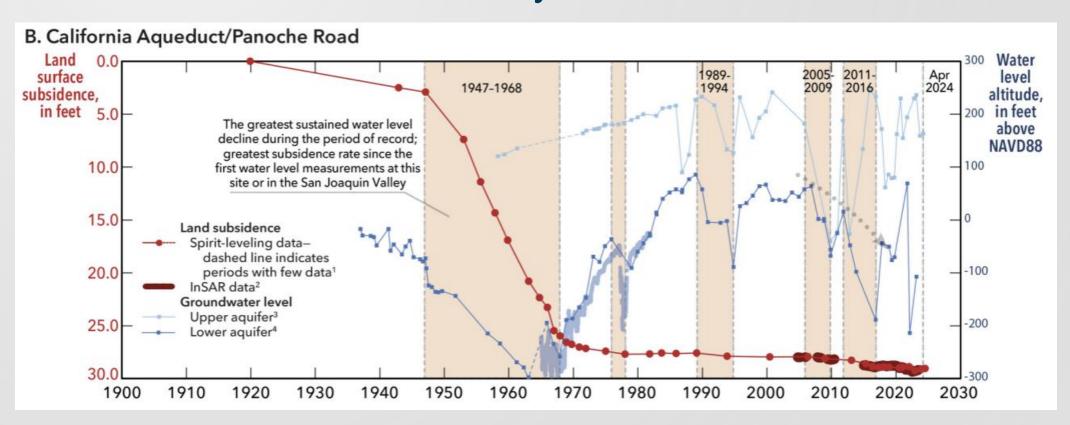






Land Subsidence

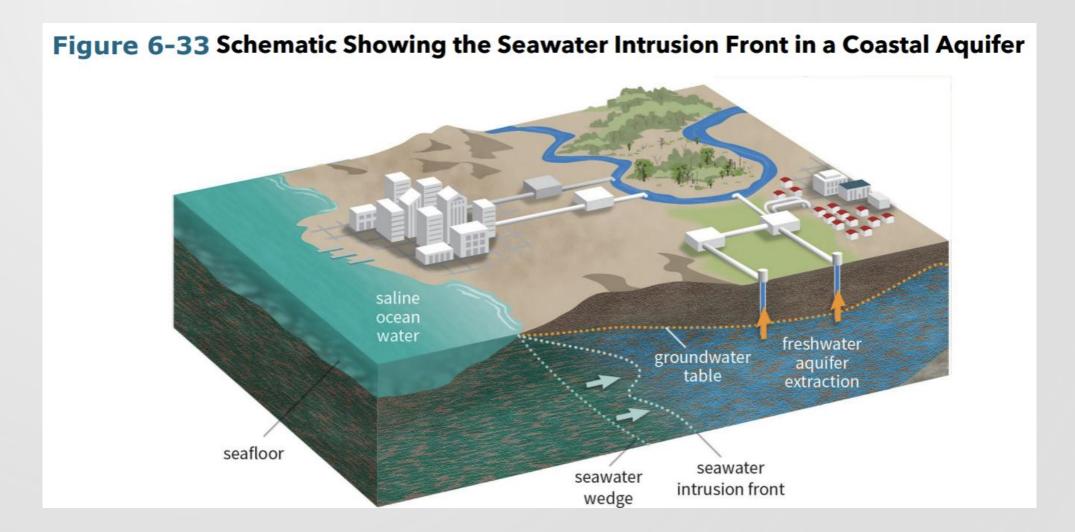
- Excessive groundwater extraction leads to land subsidence and permanent loss of storage
- Inelastic land subsidence occurs when groundwater levels drop below the critical head
- Subsidence rates accelerated during drought periods
- Subsidence of more than 4,000 sq mi occurred from WY 2019-2023
- Management actions to keep water levels above the critical head are necessary to minimize land subsidence



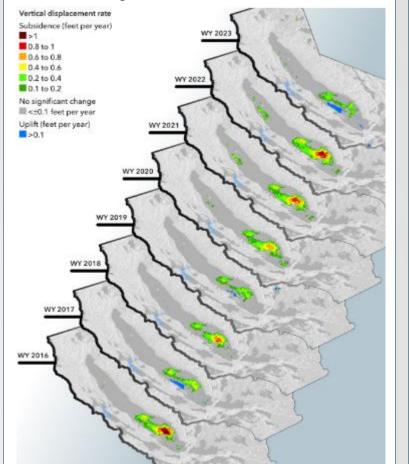
Seawater Intrusion - Coastal Vulnerability



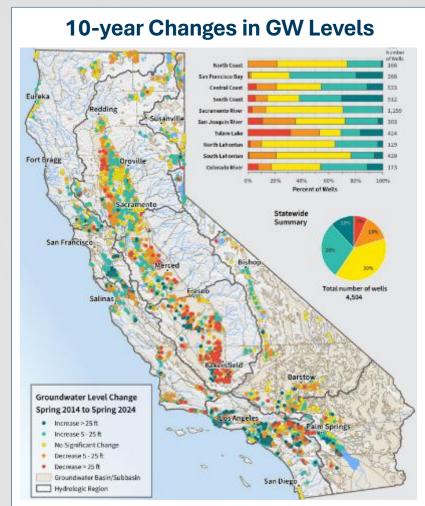
- Declining groundwater levels onshore can cause a change in the hydraulic gradient
- Monitoring groundwater levels and chloride concentrations are methods used to measure seawater intrusion
- Of 98 coastal basins, 24 showed recent seawater intrusion and 33 are vulnerable



- Data-Driven Sustainability
- Expanding data and information for more informed decision making
- Analysis leads to improved monitoring networks
- Orienting analysis around sustainability indicators provides consistency and focus

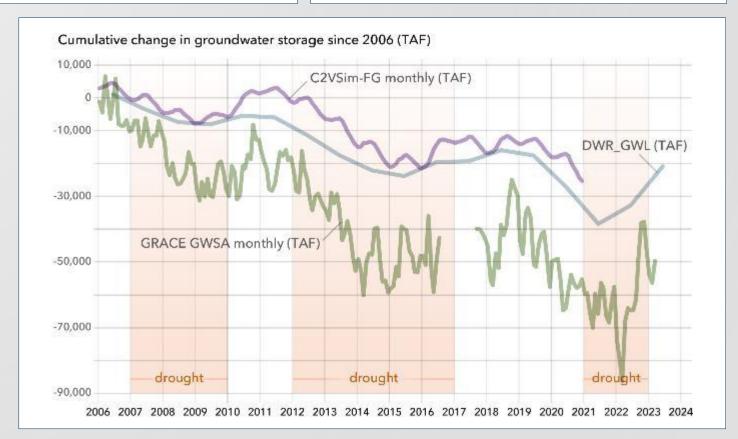


10-years of Subsidence





- ➤ Conditions overview: While wet years (WY 2023/2024) provided some recovery, long-term trends confirm significant depletion, requiring sustained management efforts.
- > Challenges: Future subsidence must be minimized by ensuring groundwater levels are raised or maintained above critical heads specific to each region.





CalGW Update 2025 Chapter 7

Chapter 7: Regional Groundwater at a Glance

Hydrologic Region Summaries

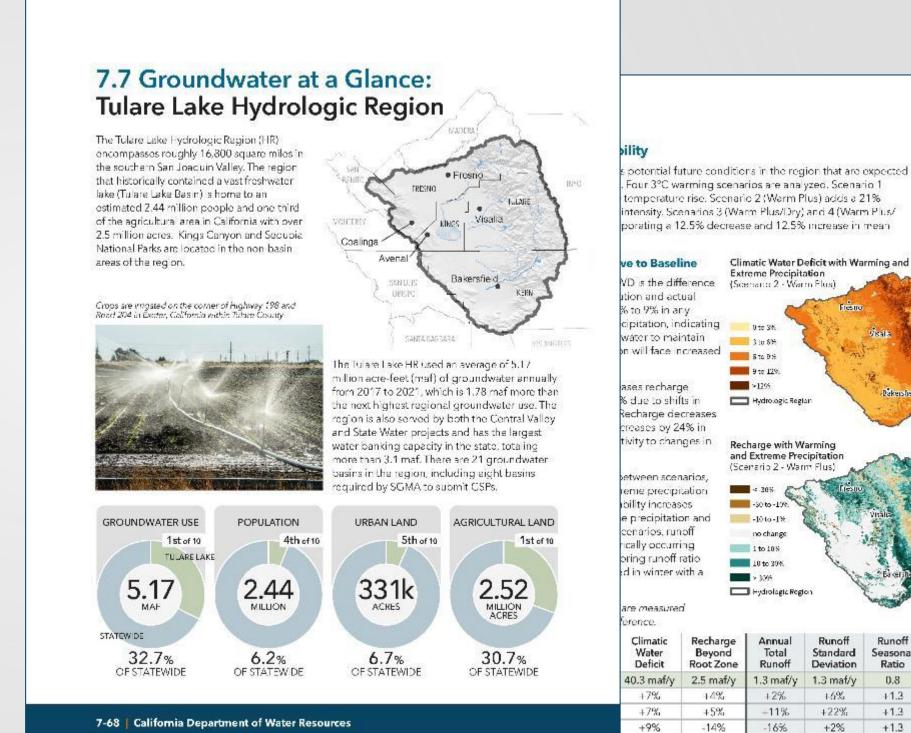
- Data-rich & graphics heavy
- 12 pages for each of the 10 hydrologic regions
- Based on the statewide data
 presented in Chapters 1 through 6



Chapter 7: Regional Groundwater at a Glance

Hydrologic Region Summaries

- Groundwater at a Glance
- Land & Water Use
- Climate Change Vulnerability (new since 2020)
- Water Shortage Vulnerability (new since 2020)
- Groundwater Management
- Groundwater Recharge (new since 2020)
- Well Infrastructure
- **Groundwater Levels**
- **Groundwater Quality**
- **Groundwater Assistance**
- Basin Map
- **Basin List**



Climatic Water Deficit with Warming and

Extreme Precipitation

(Scenario 2 - Warm Plus)

Recharge with Warming

-10 to -1%

Hydrologic Region

Annual

Total

Runoff

1.3 maf/y

16%

-41%

Runoff

Standard

Deviation

1.3 maf/v

+22%

+42%

0.8

+1.3

+1.3

+1.3 +1.4

Recharge

Beyond

Root Zone

2.5 maf/y

14%

+5%

-14%

+24%

and Extreme Precipitation

CalGW Update 2025 Next Steps & Resources

CalGW Update 2025 – Next Steps & Resources



10/20/25

12/05/25



Spring 2026

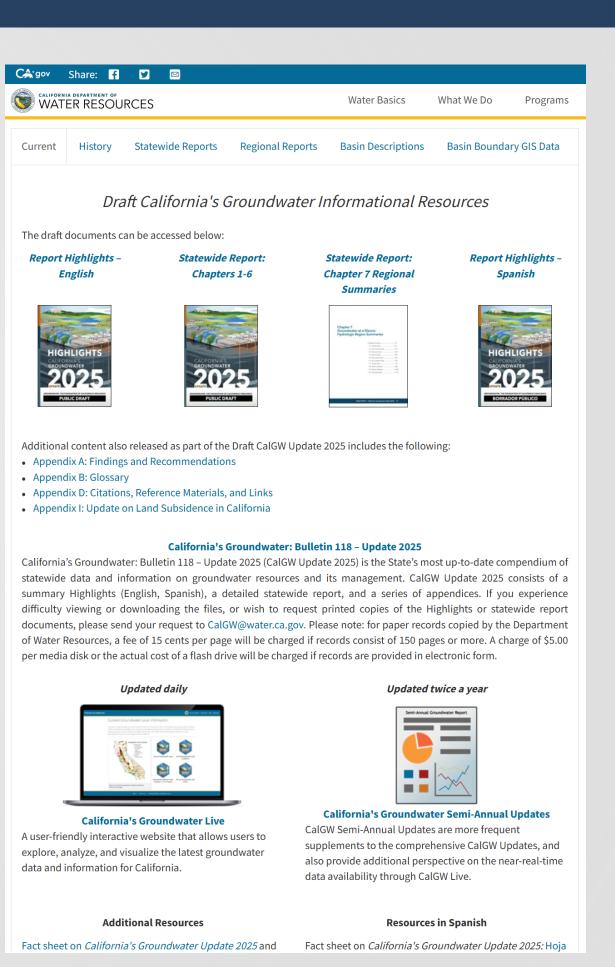
Final Release

Public Draft CalGW Update 2025

Released

45-Day
Public
Comment
Period
Closes

- CalGW Bulletin 118: <u>www.water.ca.gov/CalGW</u>
- CalGW Semi-Annual Updates:
 https://data.cnra.ca.gov/dataset/california-s-groundwater-semi-annual-conditions-updates
- CalGW Live: https://sgma.water.ca.gov/CalGWLive
- Fact Sheet on Draft CalGW Update 2025
 & Public Review in <u>English</u> & <u>Español</u>



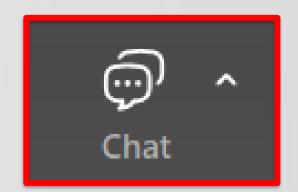
Reminder: Public Comments are accepted throughout the webinar & will be noted.

CalGW Update 2025 Question & Answer Portion

Webinar Questions & Comments

 Use the Zoom Chat feature to ask clarifying questions & provide public comments to us now

Designate a "Q" for questions



- Clarifying questions will be prioritized & answered
- Comments will be noted

Please provide longer comments to <u>CalGW@water.ca.gov</u>

THANK YOU!

