## Islais Valley Groundwater Basin

Groundwater Basin Number: 2-33County: San Francisco, San Mateo

• Surface Area: 5930 acres (9.2 square miles)

## **Basin Boundaries and Hydrology**

The Islais Valley Groundwater Basin, within the city of San Francisco, is in the San Francisco Bay Hydrologic Region. The San Bruno Mountains bound the basin on the west. It is separated from the Downtown San Francisco Groundwater Basin to the north and the Visitacion Valley and South San Francisco Groundwater Basins to the south by bedrock topographic highs. The San Francisco bay forms the basin boundary along its entire eastern extent. Annual precipitation within the basin is in the range of 20 inches to 24 inches (USDA, 1999).

# Hydrogeologic Information

## Water Bearing Formations

Geologically the basin can be broadly classified as bedrock and unconsolidated sediment (USGS, 1993). Impermeable bedrock of the Franciscan Complex forms the base of the water bearing formations. Unconsolidated material overlying the bedrock comprise the water bearing strata and consists of dune sand, the Colma Formation, bay mud and clay, and artificial fill (USGS, 1993). The Colma Formation consists of finegrained sand, silty sand and discontinuous beds of clay to five feet thick (USGS, 1993). The artificial fill is largely composed of dune sand with lesser amounts of silt and clay, and some manmade debris (Schlocker, 1974). It reaches a maximum total thickness of about 60 feet (USGS, 1993). The unconsolidated material in aggregate has a maximum thickness of 200 feet indicating a relatively low storage capacity for groundwater and minimal protection from potential surface contamination (USGS, 1993).

## Recharge Areas (optional)

Sources of recharge include infiltration of rainfall, irrigation return flows, and leakage from water and sewer pipes. Average groundwater recharge in the South San Francisco Groundwater Basin for the water years 1987-1988 was estimated to be 1836 Acre-Feet/Year (USGS, 1993).

#### **Groundwater Level Trends**

Generally groundwater levels have remained relatively stable within the South San Francisco Groundwater Basin (USGS, 1993).

## **Groundwater Storage**

#### **Groundwater Storage Capacity.**

No estimate of groundwater storage capacity was found.

#### Groundwater in Storage.

No estimate of groundwater in storage was found.

## Groundwater Budget (Type C)

Not enough data exists presently to provide either an estimate of the South San Francisco Groundwater Basin's budget or the groundwater extraction from the basin.

## **Groundwater Quality**

#### Characterization.

Most of the groundwater is a mixed cation bicarbonate type. Generally the dissolved constituents in the local groundwater are within guidelines recommended by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (1986).

## Impairments.

Water from many wells can be considered to be hard. Elevated nitrate levels is the most common water quality problem with wells in the San Francisco peninsula and high chloride concentrations were observed in some wells (USGS, 1993).

## **Well Characteristics**

Well yields (gal/min)				
Municipal/Irrigation	Range: -	Average:		
Total depths (ft)				
Domestic	Range: -	Average:		
Municipal/Irrigation	Range: 101 - 140	Average: (Wellma)		

## **Active Monitoring Data**

Agency	Parameter	Number of wells /measurement frequency
	Groundwater levels	. ,
	Miscellaneous water quality	
Department of Health Services and cooperators	Title 22 water quality	

## **Basin Management**

Groundwater management:

Water agencies

Public

Private

## **References Cited**

Phillips, Steven P., Scott N. Hamlin, Eugene B. Yates. *Geohydrology, Water Quality, and Estimation of Ground-Water Recharge in San Francisco, California 1987-92*. US Geological Survey Water- Resources Investigations Report 93-4019, 1993.

Schlocker, Julius. *Geology of the San Francisco North Quadrangle, California*. US Geological Survey Professional Paper 782, 1974

USDA. United States Average Annual Precipitation, 1961-1990: Map Layer, 1999.

## **Additional References**

South Bay Groundwater Committee Report. Results of the April 2000 Westside Basin Twenty-Four Hour Well-Water Level Response Test, 2001.

#### **Errata**

Changes made to the basin description will be noted here.