capacity that involve -- that improves water security, protects against natural disasters, and keeps water affordable for residents and their businesses. Thank you.

JANET BARBIERI: Thank you.

STEVE ARAKAWA: Good evening. My name is Steve Arakawa, and I'm the manager over Bay Delta activities for the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California.

Thank you for coming to Southern California and hearing from a variety of the interests in our area.

Metropolitan will be providing more-detailed input in our written comments to the Department of Water Resources, but we appreciate the opportunity to be here tonight.

Metropolitan has consistently identified a need for dealing with Delta conveyance in its integrated water resources planning, its water supply strategy, that would modernize California's ageing infrastructure, allowing water to more reliably move through the Delta and help manage our water supply through the climate extremes.

Tonight we're here to express our appreciation for Governor Newsom's support for a one-tunnel project -- Governor Newsom being the third executive governor to be committed to address the water delivery system in some manner -- and I want to touch on three points.

First, Metropolitan and other water agencies have invested hundreds of millions of dollars and supported years of analysis and scientific work to determine the best ways to meet the state's goals of water supply reliability and ecosystem restoration.

In terms of the scoping comments, Metropolitan supports a 6,000 cfs tunnel. That's the appropriate size for the proposed project, and that does the most to address climate change, seismic-risk resiliency, protect water quality, support supply reliability, and protect native fish.

Sizing the project flow capacity sufficiently large is necessary to reliably capture storm water flows. Smaller capacities do not proportionately reduce expenses, but they do disproportionately impact this ability to capture important peak storm flows, to plan for sea level rise, and to adjust to outcomes due to earthquakes.

Second, Southern California's \$1.6 trillion economy depends on reliable supplies from the State Project as part of its diverse water supply strategy. In an average year, we can get to -- about 30 percent of its water from the State Project, and it's a vital lifeline for homes, businesses, communities, agriculture, and our environment.

Metropolitan and its member agencies are hard at work to develop these types of supplies locally. That includes groundwater/storm water recapture. Obviously, water conservation is the California way of life that we all are committed to, but having that high-quality water from the State Project in the volumes that we have today and protecting that is critical to expanding our local supply. So a modernized State Water Project is really key to our future.

And, last, the State Project not only represents one of our most important sources of water, but also one of the most affordable, particularly for our rate payers that are from disadvantaged communities. I want to thank you again for the opportunity to comment tonight.

JANET BARBIERI: Thanks very much.

Go ahead.

DAN DRUGAN: Good evening. My name is

Dan Drugan, and I represent Calleguas Municipal Water

District located in Ventura County.

Calleguas is a member agency of the Metropolitan Water District. And through the Metropolitan Water District, we distribute, and Calleguas supplies, about three-quarters of the population that reside in Ventura County.

Virtually all that imported water that we

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So I appreciate you taking the time to do this because it's, you know, not a lot of fun to have to listen to all the different perspectives. This will be outlined in the letter that we laid out for you, but I want you to understand that, on a personal level, it's the only fix for all of our friends down here. So thank you. Thank you for your time.

JANET BARBIERI: Thanks very much.

Mr. Milch?

MARIO MILCH: Thank you. I am a physician, having worked at Kaiser Permanente for over 31 years.

I am not an expert in water or water quality, but I would like to just throw out some possible alternatives. My understanding is this project would cost at least \$100 million -- probably a lot more by the time it's finished.

And I know that the technology has improved greatly to the point where water can be recycled safely. And other alternatives, of course, are better rain -- conservation of the water that could be stored, other, obviously, projects that reduce consumption, and I think there's been a lot of progress in this.

And the other alternative that I wonder if has been considered is to just strengthen the present aqueduct and somehow, you know, make it maybe more

reliable and more likely to survive an earthquake.

So I just wanted to throw out these possible alternatives to -- hopefully they will be studied and considered. Thank you.

JANET BARBIERI: Thanks very much.

I'm going to call the next three people up.
Ron Miller, Luis Portillo, and Robert Hunter.

MARK GREY: Good evening. My name is Mark Grey, and I'm here on behalf of the Building Industry
Association of Southern California, representing a thousand members who support homebuilding here in Southern California. I'm also a member of the Southern California Water Coalition, which is a group dedicated to reliable, diverse water supplies here in Southern California.

California water issues are well documented and well known, but chief among them is that we are unable to adequately move water when it's available to us. Every year water is sent out to the sea because as our current infrastructure is unable to move water where it is needed.

We reject the notion that we don't need a modernized conveyance system and that we can solve our water supply issues solely from conservation or developing local water supply sources alone.

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and that the time to move forward is now. The status quo in the Delta is unacceptable both for the Delta environment and the California economy, and we support Governor Newsom's efforts to move forward in the planning process in the manner that achieves the goal of water supply reliability and ecosystem restoration.

With our largest and most affordable water supply at risk, we need the reliability the proposed Delta Conveyance Project will provide. Thank you for the opportunity and for your support. Thank you.

JANET BARBIERI: Thanks very much.

I'm just going to call the next three folks up real quick. Brandon Dawson, Vicki Kirschenbaum, and Marci Stanage.

Please proceed.

ROBERT HUNTER: Good evening. I'm

Robert Hunter, the general manager of the Municipal Water

District of Orange County. Through 28 member agencies,

we provide water to over 2.3 million people.

Thanks for the opportunity tonight to talk about the scope of the EIR. Tonight is talking about the study process, not the decision on the final project, so I'm going to address the process issues.

MWDOC is in full support of the purpose and objectives listed on DWR's NOP fact sheet including:

1 To assist in the development of a reasonable range of 2 alternatives that would be analyzed in the EIR, the purpose of developing new diversion and conveyance 3 4 facilities in the Delta necessary to restore and protect 5 the reliability of water deliveries in a cost-effective manner consistent with the State's Water Resilience 6 7 Portfolio, and the objectives of addressing sea level rise and climate change, minimize water supply 8 9 distribution due to seismic risk, protect water supply 10 reliability, and provide operational flexibility to 11 improve aquatic conditions in the Delta. 12 Climate change impacts on water resiliency and 13 the ability to recover are key components of water 14

Climate change impacts on water resiliency and the ability to recover are key components of water resource planning. And like climate change responses, the Delta Conveyance Project and EIR should not be based on political beliefs, but on sound science, engineering, and economics.

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In the alternatives section of the NOP, you write:

"An EIR need not consider every conceivable alternative to the project. Rather it must consider a reasonable range of potential feasible alternatives."

And further: "DWR is currently considering alternatives with capacities that range from

3,000 to 7,500 cfs."

In this regard you are outside the bounds of sound science, engineering, and economics.

Over several years, DWR spent \$273 million on an EIR for the Delta WaterFix -- a different project, as you noted. This effort considered over a hundred alternatives and formally evaluated 18. The conclusion of that effort was -- a further alternative was 4A -- a 9,000 cfs alternative.

The proposed range of alternatives does not even overlap this preferred alternative from the previous effort. Given your previous analysis, your current range of alternatives is not a reasonable range, as required under CEQA.

Trust is an essential component in this effort.

I've heard in Northern California people say, "You can't trust DWR because they won't enforce export restrictions." And in Southern California I've heard, "You can't trust DWR to manage \$273 million of other people's money."

You do not have an easy assignment, but I thank you for your efforts.

JANET BARBIERI: Thank you.

ROBERT HUNTER: Trust is essential.

JANET BARBIERI: Thanks for your comment.

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County Business Federation, also known as BizFed. We're an alliance of more than 190 business organizations who represent over 400,000 employers with three and a half million employees in Los Angeles County.

Our members consist of a variety of industries including labor, hospitals, education, restaurants, horse facilities, food processors, building industries, refineries, hospitality industries, transportation agencies, and more. We are dependent on them, and all of them are dependent on a clean, steady, and cost-effective flow of water.

We strongly promote storm water capture and reuse, ocean desalination, and other conservation measures, but without the insurance of imported water, we cannot provide the stability and reliability that our \$1.6 trillion economy requires.

BizFed strongly supports the one-tunnel Delta Conveyance Project. It is the most cost-effective and reliable solution to work for our water problems. Thank you so much for your time.

JANET BARBIERI: Thank you, Sarah.

Mr. Raush?

KEN RAUSH: Good evening. My name is Ken Raush.

I am the CEO of the El Monte/South El Monte Chamber of

Commerce. I am here today to express support for the

6,000 cfs single-tunnel Delta Conveyance Project being advanced by the Department of Water Resources.

The chamber of commerce is the independent advocate for businesses in the cities of El Monte and South El Monte. Our cities have a combined population of 140,000 residents. Our chamber membership exceeds 525 members, equating to thousands of jobs.

The chamber knows that Metropolitan's service area contains close to 20 million inhabitants and that it fuels an annual \$1.6 trillion economy. The Delta, where 30 percent of our water supply passes through before being pumped to our businesses, groundwater basins, reservoirs, farms, and homes, is in serious need of investment and upgrades.

Without these investments, the water will continue to decline over the coming years because of continuing environmental deterioration and subsequent restrictions.

The single Delta Conveyance Project is that important investment that will ensure the reliability and quality of water for our communities while helping protect the environment. The single tunnel will create a more flexible system, allowing for water deliveries in a (indiscernible) time and a way to protect fish and prevent cutbacks.

The intended purpose of this tunnel is nothing more than what was originally promised -- assured long-term imported water supply from the north for years and generations to come.

We cannot continue kicking the can down the road. Both conveyance and ecosystems are in serious need of repair. Failure to address each of these will leave fundamental problems unsolved and the environment on the verge of collapse. This decision is a generational one that will literally change our landscapes, hopes, and economic futures for the Californians.

On behalf of the El Monte/South El Monte Chamber of Commerce, I truly support moving forward with Governor Newsom's Administration's work on the planning process of the 6,000 cfs single-tunnel Delta Conveyance Project. Thank you.

JANET BARBIERI: Thank you.

I'm just going to call up the next three speakers -- Steve Arakawa, Dan Drugan, and Clara Karger.

Go ahead.

KENDAL ASUNCION: Good evening. My name is

Kendal Asuncion, and I represent the Los Angeles Area

Chamber of Commerce. On its behalf, I'd like to express

our support for a Delta conveyance tunnel.

The chamber has a long history of supporting

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move water, restore the Delta ecosystem, and manage our water supply through climate extremes.

We support the new administration's work to move forward in the planning process in a manner that achieves the goals of water supply reliability and ecosystem restoration. With our largest and most affordable supply at risk, we need the reliability the proposed Delta Conveyance Project will provide. Thank you.

JANET BARBIERI: Thank you very much.

I failed to call the next group up, so Derek Ryder, Bruce Campbell, Charley Wilson, and Cathleen Pieroni.

So, Mr. Ryder?

DEREK RYDER: Good evening. My name is

Derek Ryder, and thank you for coming to Los Angeles to
hear us.

What the Department of Water Resources should consider in their EIR scope: An alternative that increases Delta outflows and reduces exports, i.e., a no-tunnel alternative. The EIR should analyze conservation and efficiency measures that are less harmful than the tunnel alternatives.

It should analyze the cumulative impacts of each alternative, specifically impacts to climate change due to conveyance and the effects of subsidized water on

encouraging sprawl, water quality in the Delta, species viability in the Delta, and it should analyze the financial concepts of the likely budget on Southern California ratepayers versus a no-tunnel alternative.

Why the proposed tunnel, the Sacramento Delta, and So Cal's water supply is important to me: I've lived and worked on both sides of the aqueduct that would carry the additional 6,000 cubic feet per second. I grew up in the foothills above Sacramento and worked as a rafting guide on the American River during college where I saw the value of a healthy river ecosystem and of a jobs-rich tourist industry.

I've also lived and worked in Los Angeles as an architect for most of my adult life and believe we can be better stewards of the extensive water we've already imported into Southern California.

California showed we could conserve water in the last drought, and I think Southern California in particular needs to step up again and cut back on the loans and other wasteful lifestyle, infrastructure, and agriculture choices that we make.

As an architect of custom homes and mixed-use projects, I'm constantly trying to design buildings that minimize our footprint on the earth, whether that's in

energy consumption or water use.

The Delta tunnel EIR should not be limited in scope to tunnel sizes large, extra large, and extra, extra large, but rather include a no-tunnel alternative that takes into account the larger context of the Delta and of water exports to Southern California that may, in fact, not be needed and do more harm than good.

Finally, we should not cover over the business-as-usual practices of agribusiness -- as was just mentioned by a previous speaker, with pistachio farmers in the Central Valley or the developers that I'm more familiar with in the Southern California

Inland Empire that are using much too much water on sprawled development -- with a fig leaf of resilience and water quality. Thank you for your time.

JANET BARBIERI: Thanks very much.

Mr. Campbell?

BRUCE CAMPBELL: Good evening. Thanks for being here. I'm Bruce Campbell.

We also agree we need a no-tunnel alternative and not merely a no-project alternative. I understand the current baseline allows excessive water pumping from the Delta related to the Trump Water Plan under bad recent regulations which do not adequately protect threatened and endangered species.

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1 I'm just going to call the next few folks up 2 real quick. Ken Coate, Mario Milch, and Mark Grey. 3 Queue up and please proceed. 4 Thank you very much. My name's HENRY ROGERS: 5 Henry Rogers, and I'm here representing the South Bay 6 Association of Chambers of Commerce, also known as SBACC. 7 Our detailed comments were submitted in writing, 8 but I'm here to support the single-tunnel Delta 9 conveyance system. Our members represent the 17 regional 10 chambers from LAX down to Long Beach. We also serve as 11 the voice of advocacy and issues -- for regional issues 12 that we're seeing within the business community. 13 We are in support of a conveyance tunnel. 14 a game changer in the State's infrastructure projects. 15 It's vital to our \$1.6 trillion economy, and more 16 importantly, our businesses and residents have 17 consistently voted in support of it, and we should 18 obviously protect those investments. Thank you very 19 much.

JANET BARBIERI: Thank you very much.

Mr. Coate?

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KEN COATE: Thank you. My name is Ken Coate.

I'm the environmental chair of a group called

Inland Action.

We represent diverse businesses and education,

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And next up we have Mr. Dawson.

BRANDON DAWSON: Good evening. Brandon Dawson, office of counsel and staff attorney for the Sierra Club of California, here on behalf of our million and a half members and supporters statewide, hundreds of thousands of whom live here in Southern California.

The proposed project and the NOP-mentioned alternatives are not certain to provide water reliability for California. Indeed, it will only worsen environmental health conditions in the Delta to the detriment of that ecosystem and Delta communities and increase costs for many Californians here in Southern California and south of the Delta.

As such, we strongly advise and encourage DWR to assess a no-tunnel alternative. This alternative should be separate from the CEQA-mandated no-project alternative wherein the DWR is only legally obligated to discuss what is reasonably expected to occur in the foreseeable future if the project is not approved.

Instead, the no-tunnel alternative should analyze the State's use of investment, programs, and projects that increase Delta output and produce exports from the Delta.

Projects relating to water conservation and efficiency, storm water capture, and other export

reduction measures that achieve the same water supply reliability goals and targets as the proposed project are both less environmentally destructive, versus what California has done many times in other areas of the environment, and less costly than the proposed project.

Moreover, this alternative is more in alignment with a true water resilience portfolio, which would prioritize and put actions and projects that are environmentally beneficial for both California residents and its environment before considering projects such as this that would do nothing more than extinct Delta fish and wildlife as well as starve Delta communities of fresh water.

Additionally, the State continuously argues that this project will not increase divergence from the Delta. While this project in a vacuum won't increase divergence, we urge you to look at this project holistically, considering both the state and federal proposals relating to operations of their respective systems.

These proposals will increase divergence from an already fragile ecosystem, and the proposed project will facilitate proposed diversions. So unlike the proposed project, a no-tunnel alternative is more consistent with Delta Reform Act's policy of reduced reliance on the Delta as well as restoring the ecosystem of the Delta.

And if the State is truly concerned about water reliability, earthquake damage, and salt water intrusion from sea level rise, we urge the State to invest in and strengthen the existing Delta levees and infrastructure. We don't disagree that they need to be modernized, but we just argue that there doesn't need to be additional ones and increase fresh water flows in the Delta. Both of which are far more efficient and cost-effective ways to ensure water reliability for Californians.

We look forward to working with you. Thank you.

JANET BARBIERI: Thanks very much.

Ms. Kirschenbaum?

VICKI KIRSCHENBAUM: Hi. I'm -- oh, okay.

I'm Vicki Kirschenbaum. As part of the Sustainable Burbank Commission, I did tour the Delta with the Metropolitan Water District, and I saw this rich and fragile ecosystem for myself, and I saw slides about how the tunnel would be built.

This tunnel would be the width of a four-story building resting on its side and would be 35 miles long. Unbelievably destructive, and every major environmental group/organization in this state has already been suing to stop the two tunnels or the one-tunnel project.

Most the people who have spoken here seem to have no idea where the water from this tunnel would go.

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reliable and more likely to survive an earthquake.

So I just wanted to throw out these possible alternatives to -- hopefully they will be studied and considered. Thank you.

JANET BARBIERI: Thanks very much.

I'm going to call the next three people up.
Ron Miller, Luis Portillo, and Robert Hunter.

MARK GREY: Good evening. My name is Mark Grey, and I'm here on behalf of the Building Industry
Association of Southern California, representing a thousand members who support homebuilding here in Southern California. I'm also a member of the Southern California Water Coalition, which is a group dedicated to reliable, diverse water supplies here in Southern California.

California water issues are well documented and well known, but chief among them is that we are unable to adequately move water when it's available to us. Every year water is sent out to the sea because as our current infrastructure is unable to move water where it is needed.

We reject the notion that we don't need a modernized conveyance system and that we can solve our water supply issues solely from conservation or developing local water supply sources alone.

This is a very strong fundamental tenet of ours. It's not either/or. We need an all-of-the-above portfolio approach to improving the resilience of our water supply. Delta conveyance is central to a rich and comprehensive portfolio approach.

Our cities and farms are doing a great job with water conservation and developing new local water resources, but we still desperately need to invest in our conveyance system. It's the only way to make the local solutions work most effectively and efficiently.

And, finally, we encourage the State to move forward with this project to improve the reliability of our water distribution system, of course, while supporting housing in Southern California. Thank you for the time.

JANET BARBIERI: Thank you very much.

Mr. Miller?

RON MILLER: Good evening. I'm Ron Miller, executive secretary of the LA/Orange County Building Trades, here on behalf of over 140,000 hardworking, skilled, and trained, unionized men and women of the construction workforce in LA and Orange County.

We're pleased to see the State has initiated the environmental review process for this modernized Delta conveyance system. Our current system is aged and in

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MARCI STANAGE: Hi. My name is Marci Stanage, and on behalf of Southern California Partnership For Jobs, an organization that represents 2,750 construction firms and 90,000 union workers, I would like to thank you for allowing us to provide input for the scoping process of the single-tunnel Delta Conveyance Project.

Southern California has a long tradition of investing in water projects. To meet the needs of future generations, these water projects are imperative not only with the need to comply with the Safe Drinking Water Act, but also as we continue to rebuild the great state of California and the critical issues that face our disadvantaged communities.

Southern California Partnership For Jobs, in partnership with California Consulting, has started a program to research, submit, and fund grants for our disadvantaged communities who do not have the time or the means to get many of the much-needed water projects completed. These grant submittals will be done by a professional, and each grant application will be considered extremely competitive.

Modernizing and upgrading our state's aging infrastructure with a single-tunnel properly sized to convey 6,000 cubic foot per second of water supply for the State Water Project will allow us to more efficiently

move water, restore the Delta ecosystem, and manage our water supply through climate extremes.

We support the new administration's work to move forward in the planning process in a manner that achieves the goals of water supply reliability and ecosystem restoration. With our largest and most affordable supply at risk, we need the reliability the proposed Delta Conveyance Project will provide. Thank you.

JANET BARBIERI: Thank you very much.

I failed to call the next group up, so Derek Ryder, Bruce Campbell, Charley Wilson, and Cathleen Pieroni.

So, Mr. Ryder?

DEREK RYDER: Good evening. My name is

Derek Ryder, and thank you for coming to Los Angeles to
hear us.

What the Department of Water Resources should consider in their EIR scope: An alternative that increases Delta outflows and reduces exports, i.e., a no-tunnel alternative. The EIR should analyze conservation and efficiency measures that are less harmful than the tunnel alternatives.

It should analyze the cumulative impacts of each alternative, specifically impacts to climate change due to conveyance and the effects of subsidized water on

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tunnel and in the Sacramento San Joaquin Delta Region.

Please also consider oxygen production in the entire

Bay Delta Region in your evaluations.

Seeing that San Joaquin Valley agribis and some water agencies from Santa Clara County and beyond will often get their allotments of water ahead of the MWB -- MWD behemoth, please carefully evaluate each alternative in regards to water security, water quality, and water quantity for Southern California water consumers.

Please evaluate carefully for each alternative how the entire Sacramento San Joaquin Delta food chain would be impacted if there was a major reduction in fresh water reaching the central Delta and San Pablo and San Francisco Bays, such as would occur under the tunnel alternatives.

Obviously, essential to include in your analysis of impact on the whole food chain is the impact on the Delta Smelt and Chinook Salmon already mentioned. If the Delta is deprived of it's fresh water -- and I'll comment more later.

JANET BARBIERI: Yes. Thank you very much.

Mr. Wilson?

CHARLEY WILSON: Thank you, and good evening.

As others have mentioned, thank you very much for coming to Southern California. I know too frequently with this

issue we tend to spend a lot of time in one particular town. As you can see, the interest here in an area that represents some 27-plus million people is important to hear from.

My name is Charley Wilson. I'm the executive director of the Southern California Water Coalition.

We represent some 200 members and a coalition actually larger of some 300, representing over 27 million individuals from Kern County to the Mexican boarder and out to both state lines.

It is a multifaceted, diverse group of people that I won't go into again today, but we've engaged in this issue for several years including the twin tunnels.

We are encouraged and we applaud

Governor Newsom. And to give you all direction within

the resiliency portfolio that's modernizing the state's

water delivery system is absolutely critical in helping

to make a truly functional, broad-based resiliency

portfolio possible.

As was mentioned earlier, the climate change impacts from reduce of snowfall, increase flows with rain. It's important how we modernize the system, where we put the intakes, and the size of the facility. All of these things go into serving over half the state's population as well as some of the business interests

you've heard from today.

The ability to move water when it is abundant is important. I also wanted to make sure that I shared this with the Delta Stewardship Council -- this issue about Southern California and its resiliency. We've been spending, for the past 25 years, on average \$2 billion annually around recycling, around storm water, around efficiency, around conservation.

This is not new to Southern California. There are parts of the state that this would be new to, but we've made the investment. We will continue to make additional investments. We will do so.

But the fresh water supply that comes from the project that you are considering is the base supply that makes all of that possible. Without that 30 percent, we have fundamentally changed how we will do things in Southern California at exponentially higher costs.

And since it was mentioned by the previous speaker, I do want to encourage you as we're looking at carbon emissions -- I believe it's part of the CEQA documentation. The evaluation of the current carbon emissions from the deteriorating existing Delta is the single-largest carbon emittance in California. I think that's part of the evaluation so when you're comparing apples to apples, you actually get the apples-to-apples

comparison. Thank you.

JANET BARBIERI: Thanks very much.

And, Ms. Pieroni? Sorry if I'm pronouncing your name incorrectly.

CATHLEEN PIERONI: No. You actually got it.

JANET BARBIERI: Okay.

CATHLEEN PIERONI: So my name is

Cathleen Pieroni. I'm the manager of government

relations at the Inland Empire Utilities Agency, which

is a wholesale water provider in the Inland Empire -
242 square miles represented by 900,000 people. We

import water from the Metropolitan Water District, which

we in turn supply to our retail water agencies.

For the sake of brevity, I'll just kind of say "ditto" to Mr. Wilson's comments. They were very good.

But I did want to assure you that from a Northern California perspective that our region really is doing everything we can to just sustain our water supplies.

My agency takes a hundred percent of the waste water that comes to us, and we recycle it. So we use that tertiary treated groundwater, recycled water, to recharge the groundwater supplies at the Chino Basin that we must maintain in a sustainable manner because it is adjudicated. We also have requirements to replenish the

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And if the State is truly concerned about water reliability, earthquake damage, and salt water intrusion from sea level rise, we urge the State to invest in and strengthen the existing Delta levees and infrastructure. We don't disagree that they need to be modernized, but we just argue that there doesn't need to be additional ones and increase fresh water flows in the Delta. Both of which are far more efficient and cost-effective ways to ensure water reliability for Californians.

We look forward to working with you. Thank you.

JANET BARBIERI: Thanks very much.

Ms. Kirschenbaum?

VICKI KIRSCHENBAUM: Hi. I'm -- oh, okay.

I'm Vicki Kirschenbaum. As part of the Sustainable Burbank Commission, I did tour the Delta with the Metropolitan Water District, and I saw this rich and fragile ecosystem for myself, and I saw slides about how the tunnel would be built.

This tunnel would be the width of a four-story building resting on its side and would be 35 miles long. Unbelievably destructive, and every major environmental group/organization in this state has already been suing to stop the two tunnels or the one-tunnel project.

Most the people who have spoken here seem to have no idea where the water from this tunnel would go.

It would not come here to Southern California. goes to corporate agribusinesses in the South Western Central Valley. They want to get more taxpayer-subsidized water at our expense.

The tunnel would funnel massive amounts of water to Beverly Hills billionaire Stewart Resnick's agribusiness empire whose business uses more water every year than all the homes in LA combined.

And the Resnick's, owners of the Wonderful Company, and their agribusiness associates have gained the state's water system to grow excessive amounts of pistachios and almonds in the desert. And now they want ratepayers to pay for a multibillion dollar tunnel to keep this thing going?

These agribusiness companies already receive the majority of water from the Delta. They would continue to receive the majority of water from the Delta. We would like the \$30 billion, instead of for a tunnel, to go to local resilience, to go to storm water capture, to go to conservation and recycling.

Voters have been fighting this project since 1982, when we voted it down, and it should be buried once and for all.

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JANET BARBIERI: Thank you.

Ms. Stanage?

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we get into comments?

(No audible response.)

JANET BARBIERI: Okay. We'll go ahead and start the comments. So I have all the comment cards. If anyone has one they haven't turned in, just let me know and I can come get it. I think what I'll do is I will call you up -- thank you. I'll call you up in threes. So you can just queue up here if you want.

And I just wanted to mention I do have quite a few cards. I would like to try to get through everybody in the time we have allotted, and so there is a timer here. Everyone has three minutes to make their comments. Please note that the yellow will start to blink when you have 30 more seconds. So that's just a little visual queue. We'll go ahead and get started.

And then, also, just as a reminder, these are your comments to us, and so Carrie and Marcus and I will be listening to your comments, but we're not doing Q&A anymore. So this is your opportunity to give us comments.

So we'll start with Sarah Wiltfong, Ken Raush, and Kendal Asuncion. If you guys can come up, that would be great, and just begin when you're ready.

SARAH WILTFONG: Good evening. My name is Sarah Wiltfong, and I'm here on behalf of Los Angeles

County Business Federation, also known as BizFed. We're an alliance of more than 190 business organizations who represent over 400,000 employers with three and a half million employees in Los Angeles County.

Our members consist of a variety of industries including labor, hospitals, education, restaurants, horse facilities, food processors, building industries, refineries, hospitality industries, transportation agencies, and more. We are dependent on them, and all of them are dependent on a clean, steady, and cost-effective flow of water.

We strongly promote storm water capture and reuse, ocean desalination, and other conservation measures, but without the insurance of imported water, we cannot provide the stability and reliability that our \$1.6 trillion economy requires.

BizFed strongly supports the one-tunnel Delta Conveyance Project. It is the most cost-effective and reliable solution to work for our water problems. Thank you so much for your time.

JANET BARBIERI: Thank you, Sarah.

Mr. Raush?

KEN RAUSH: Good evening. My name is Ken Raush.

I am the CEO of the El Monte/South El Monte Chamber of

Commerce. I am here today to express support for the

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11	DR. MARIO MILCH, KAISER PERMANENTE MARK GREY, BIASC
12	RON MILLER, LA/ORANGE COUNTY BUILDING TRADES LUIS PORTILLO, INLAND EMPIRE ECONOMIC PARTNERSHIP
13	ROBERT HUNTER, MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT OF ORANGE COUNTY
14	BRANDON DAWSON, SIERRA CLUB VICKI KIRSCHENBAUM, SUSTAINABLE BURBANK
15	COMMISSION MARCI STANAGE, SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA PARTNERSHIP
16	FOR JOBS DEREK RYDER, SIERRA CLUB LA
17	BRUCE CAMPBELL CHARLEY WILSON, SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA WATER
18	COALITION CATHLEEN PIERONI, INLAND EMPIRE WATER AGENCY
19	CONNER EVERTS, ENVIRONMENTAL WATER CAUCUS
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From: Lynes, Mike

To: <u>DWR Delta Conveyance Scoping</u>

Subject: Audubon comments on NOP for the DEIR for Delta conveyance

**Date:** Friday, March 20, 2020 6:45:52 PM

Attachments: Audubon Comments re NOP of EIR for Delta Conveyance -3.20.20 final.pdf

#### Good evening,

Please find attached a comment letter from Audubon California regarding the notice of preparation for the environmental impact report for the Delta conveyance.

If you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Thank you, Mike Lynes

Director of Public Policy Audubon California 455 Capitol Mall, Suite 415 Sacramento, CA 95814

Tel: 916-737-5707 extension 102

Cell: 415-505-9743 Fax: 916-737-5717 mlynes@audubon.org

ca.audubon.org



455 Capitol Mall, Suite 415 Sacramento, CA 95814 (916) 737-5707 mike.lynes@audubon.org

March 20, 2020

VIA Email NOP of EIR for Delta Conveyance P.O. Box 942836 Sacramento, CA 94236 DeltaConveyanceScoping@water.ca.gov

Re: Notice of Preparation for the Delta Converyane EIR

To Renee Rodriguez:

Audubon California (Audubon) submits these comments regarding the Notice of Preparation (NOP) of Environmental Impact Report (EIR) for the Delta Conveyance Project ("Project") in the hope of ensuring that any efforts to address the significant challenges of the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta ("Delta") derive from the best available science and comprehensive consideration of the project's impacts, mitigation measures, and uncertainties. The ecological value of the Delta cannot be overstated and a project of this size and complexity must proceed to carefully and fully assess environmental impacts and avoid, minimize, and mitigate for them to the fullest extent feasible.

Audubon has long been concerned with the fate of the Delta, as it is home to a strong community of inhabitants, provides a substantial amount of habitat for birds and other wildlife, and serves as a principal conduit of water from northern California to the people, farms, and wildlife refuges south. We understand that the status quo in the Delta is not sustainable and the California's water security depends on improving conditions there. In an Audubon comment letter addressing the Recirculated Draft Environmental Impact Report / Supplemental Draft Environmental Impact Statement (RDEIR/SDEIS) for the Bay Delta Conservation Plan (BDCP) / California WaterFix from October 30, 2015, we stated our concerns that the State did not provide adequate assurances that impacts from the WaterFix were fully mitigated. We remain concerned that these issues will be carried over to the Delta Conveyance project. More importantly, in these previous processes the State did not provide adequate assurances that the wildlife habitat, water quality, and human inhabitants in the Delta would be properly attended to once those proposed conveyance projects were constructed; many harbor the reasonable concern that once water conveyance infrastructure is complete, promises of habitat restoration and other benefits to the Delta community will be left unfulfilled.

It is reasonable to assert that past concerns as stated in the following text are relevant to the current Project and therefore should be addressed at this early stage of Project development.

Audubon – Comments on "Delta Conveyance" NOP of EIR March 20, 2020 Page 2 of 3

In its letters of July 23, 2012 and May 24, 2013, the Central Valley Joint Venture ("CVJV"), of which Audubon is a member, stated that the BDCP should improve—not compromise—efforts to conserve wildlife and habitat in and around the Delta. In its May 24, 2013 letter, the CVJV recommended that "all Delta-related planning efforts, including BDCP…adopt a goal to contribute to the attainment of the acreage, water and bird population goals set forth by the Central Valley Joint Venture Implementation Plan."

Audubon is also part of the Migratory Bird Conservation Partnership (MBCP) with Point Blue Conservation Science and the Nature Conservancy. On July 29, 2014, the MBCP provided a comment letter on the BDCP and set forth the following principles that we believe are relevant to the current proposed Project:

- PRINCIPLE 1: Avoid Detrimental Impacts to Wetland Water Supply
- PRINCIPLE 2: Mitigate for Impacts to Brackish and Freshwater Wetlandassociated Birds and Bird Habitat.
- PRINCIPLE 3: Use Adaptive Management to Improve Mitigation Outcomes.

The MBCP letter expressed concern about the many uncertainties in the DEIS/DEIR's assessment of impacts, planned conservation measures, and vaguely defined adaptive management measures. Given the similarities between projects it is imperative that these concerns also be considered under the currently proposed Project. Specifically, we expressed concern and provided recommendations regarding the following:

- the DEIS/DEIR's overly-narrowed focus on threatened and endangered species, which missed opportunities to slightly adjust conservation measures in order to provide benefits to a broader array of species that would suffer impacts arising from the projects;
- the importance of post-harvest management as a boon for habitat quality and the recommendation that post-harvest, wildlife-friendly agricultural practices be included among conservation measures;
- the incomplete consideration of the conservation benefits of improved water management and vulnerabilities arising from climate change impacts to water delivery in areas where restoration may occur;
- the DEIS/DEIR's failure to include as a stated goal the maintenance or improvement of water deliveries to wildlife refuges, which will suffer direct and indirect impacts arising from the project;
- the overall failure to account for impacts of climate change on habitat restoration and protection activities and the failure to apply "climate-smart" principles in the planning effort;
- the lack of monitoring for shorebirds, waterfowl, and riparian songbirds, which, if remedied, would provide for an effective monitoring tool for ongoing restoration and effects arising from the project; and
- the lack of an adequate adaptive management plan, informed by ongoing monitoring and reinforced by specific benchmarks, triggers, and actions that would be taken if impacts or mitigation measures had unanticipated results.

Audubon – Comments on "Delta Conveyance" NOP of EIR March 20, 2020 Page 3 of 3

While Audubon was pleased to see several improvements during the BDCP/WaterFix process, we noted that all of the above referenced concerns remained in the RDEIR/SDEIS for that project, and therefore these concerns remain for the currently proposed Project.

Specifically, we are most concerned about the following not appropriately being included in a draft EIR for the proposed project:

- 1. A failure to address impacts to water supplies for private, state, and federal wildlife refuges, particularly those south of the Delta.
- 2. Impacts on non-listed wildlife having a narrow focus.
- 3. Failure to include sufficiently robust monitoring and adaptive management plans.

Audubon appreciates the opportunity to submit these comments and the amount of work the State continues to invest in attempting to provide a comprehensive environmental review document. We understand that while no document will be perfect, there are specific consideration that can be made to the Project and the EIR to provide the public and decision makers with the best and most complete information to understand the Project and provide assurances that its adverse environmental impacts will be mitigated.

Perhaps most importantly, these considerations in the EIR's assessment of environmental impacts, including the development of an adaptive management framework, and strong environmental commitments will provide the Delta community and conservation organizations with more assurance that their concerns will not wash out with the tide once the tunnel is constructed and water is flowing freely from north to south.

If you would like to discuss these comments further, please do not hesitate to contact me at <a href="mike.lynes@audubon.org">mike.lynes@audubon.org</a> or (916) 737-5707 ext. 102.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael dynes

Michael Lynes

Director of Public Policy

Audubon California

From: julie bongers

To: <u>DWR Delta Conveyance Scoping</u>

Subject: DCP comment

**Date:** Saturday, March 21, 2020 2:19:27 AM

#### To Whom it May Concern:

I think it is time that California stop looking for more ways to send northern California's water south. Conservation is something we all learned to do a few years ago and can further hone -- including San Joaquin Valley agribusiness that appears to have drummed up the DCP and to be filling the governor's campaign coffers (I know the published amounts donated by more than one multimillionaire and one billionaire agribusiness owner. Moreover, at least a couple among those already use the Sacramento Delta water they procures from the State Water Project system of canals to refill natural groundwater reservoirs or banks that they pump up to water their crops -- sources that they seem to have acquired at taxpayer expense). This project reeks of potential corruption and unquestionable immorality.

The governor argues that it is needed, a kind of insurance in anticipation of rising sea levels. Everyone knows that water flows to the lowest point so this argument does not stand on any reasonable logical grounds. If you divert Delta water in such large quantities as the DCP is planned to be capable of, due to the consequently much weakened force from the Sacramento current running into San Pablo Bay, salt water will naturally extend further into the Delta! Most importantly, NO one put this concern with the DCP into my mind. Upon hearing of it, I was appalled by the very idea. From an environmental management perspective California already allows too much of Northern California's water to be brought south.

Since first hearing of it, I began studying this situation, and I've concluded that most Californians and particularly those who think this DCP is a good idea, do not even remotely appreciate the current and especially the long term importance of salmon for our state, and particularly but not only the importance of Chinook. I also suggest that this lack of appreciation is from many different perspectives that, when we examine them, make the DCP look like a very bad idea.

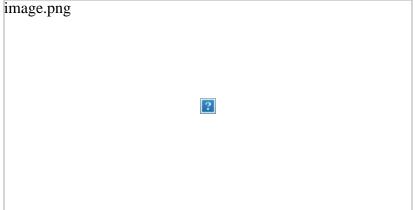
Among other things, the DCP is not just likely to further endanger the Sacramento River watershed Chinook runs, it's super difficult to dispute the evidence that the DCP will definitely result in the almost immediate extinction of the already endangered Chinook winter run and that the "threatened" and "of concern" fall and spring runs will follow in the winter run's footsteps within the lives of some of us (read on before you tell me that hatcheries can prevent that).

Besides our existing and financially very significant Chinook and other Sacramento watershed fishing industry that will be harmed and gradually destroyed if the DCP is built, and that, with no DCP, good management and a slew of appropriate protections, could be enhanced, we benefit from Chinook in other ways that are less obvious and more fundamental. For example, nearly all of Northern and Central California's rich agricultural soils, including all those in the valleys of the Sacramento watershed are built of decomposed salmon bodies. Millions of Chinook bodies have decomposed seasonally over the millennia as a result of running up their natal streams to spawn and then to die. It is estimated that there were two million Chinook per run per year, so a total of eight million annually (small Chinook weight >30 pounds, so do the math) that swam up into the Sacramento watershed with nutrients from the sea. So all the soils and all those Sacramento, Pajaro, Klamath, Russian River and other ecosystems are also built on the basis of northern and central California's keystone species, and particularly on the basis of the Chinook or King salmon, because they are so large.

Moreover, salmon are the inescapably irrefutable link between California's agricultural riches

and the biodiversity that contributes (in the governor's economic terms) to California's recreational economy. Besides having created our rich soils, over a hundred species eat salmon, and people come to see the worlds that all these species inhabit. I can name over thirty salmon devouring animals quickly off the top of my head, and I'm not even in the sciences, let alone a environmental sciences specialization.

Because of the destruction of salmon spawning grounds during the nineteenth century's gold rush and the twentieth century's obsession with dams, some of those beings who eat salmon are probably now endangered and some smaller ones entirely forgotten and extinct. It's very likely the reason wolverines no longer live in our forests and fishers are so rare. So it's no longer morally or even long-term economically responsible to let what happened to Chinook as a consequence of the gold rush and the dam building eras occur in some new way. This DCP threatens to be such a new way. It threatens to be at least as destructive to our Chinook as was the gold rush and all of the dams we've built on northern California rivers. Moreover, while well-managed hatcheries may be possible, they are not the solution! Even the Nimbus Fish Hatchery management's fish ladder docents tell people that for salmon to survive, let alone thrive, wild populations are critical. Moreover, hatcheries themselves have seriously endangered some salmon populations. This is a photo of a wild black bear who is salmon deprived, and hence starving.



This bear lives in the Broughton Archipelago in British Columbia, and it's ribs are sticking out in the fall when the bears are usually fat and need to be fattening for the pending winter. It is starving because in 2019 one tenth of one percent of salmon returned last year. Why so few? Because of fish lice and an east coast fish virus that are thriving in the nearby hatcheries and have infected the wild population. So it's time you get it.

California's rich biodiversity, which contributes enormously to its recreational economy, and its immense agricultural wealth is largely due to two sources that are both nearly gone. The San Joaquin Valley the soils are rich because of millennia of decomposed animal and plant bodies that accumulated in the valley's former seasonal marshlands, marshes that were once rife with amphibians, steelhead trout, birds, and reeds. Likewise, from the Delta north, soils are rich due to the accumulation over the millennia of decomposing salmon bodies, deposits of carnivore-digested salmon bodies, and of herbivore-digested salmon-fed grasses.

Besides the lucrative Chinook industry, which could easily be fostered and enlarged (Chinook are known to be super-resilient species), humans' and over a hundreds other beings' long term food security can be ensured if we protect the Chinook. Our food security is not ensured by means of the DCP plan that is being advocated by the governor. He seems to be lured by the money that some excessively-wealthy water-hog San Joaquin valley agribusiness owners bring into his coffers. The governor and his supporters are likely to counter this last truth saying that such agribusiness-persons are massive contributors to the state's economy. Yes, perhaps, and at what cost? The cost of the biodiversity of California's environment, the cost of those

beings whose bodies created the soils upon which the agribusiness owners farms depend, and even the cost of California taxpayer. I don't hear the agribusiness owners offering to pay higher taxes, or in some cases even their share of taxes, nor do I hear them offering to pay for the DCP that they want the state taxpayers to build. The rich soils their businesses depend on are largely no-longer being replenished remnants of California's former, dying, and suffering ecosystems. Moreover, on the basis of these business persons' own greed for more water to sustain long-term unsustainable mono-cropping practices, it's clear that those who favor this project do not appreciate California's indigenous ecosystems. Massive water-heavy mono-cropping practices do not ensure long term food security. Respect for the biodiversity of the ecosystems that have given us our agricultural wealth does. We have a moral obligation to our grandchildren to live sustainably, and what's unsustainable for such species as the Chinook is, in the long term, unsustainable for humans.

Best wishes,

Elephant seal, Orca, Racoon, Black bear, Water shrew, Wolverine, Grizzly bear, Great white shark, Golden mantled ground squirrel, Stellar Sealion, Bald eagle, Ringtail, Bobcat, Striped skunk, North American River Otter, and California Sea lion (we all eat Chinook, but we're just here to represent our eighty-five to a hundred other relatives -- our human friend edited something previously written and gave it to us to send).

From: <u>Cherie Clark</u>

To: <u>DWR Delta Conveyance Scoping</u>

Cc: Yee, Marcus@DWR

Subject: Delta Conveyance Notice of Preparation

Date: Friday, March 20, 2020 4:43:21 PM

Attachments: 20200061.pdf

# Good Afternoon,

Please find attached District comment letter on the Delta Conveyance Notice of Preparation project. Let me know if you have any questions.

Thank you,

Cherie Clark
Air Quality Specialist II
Permits
San Joaquin Valley APCD
1990 E. Gettysburg Ave.
Fresno, CA 93726
559-230-5940

Service\*Teamwork\*Attitude\*Respect





March 20, 2020

Renee Rodriguez Department of Water Resources P.O. Box 942836 Sacramento, CA 94236

**Project: Notice of Preparation for the Delta Conveyance Project** 

District CEQA Reference No: 20200061

Dear Ms. Rodriguez:

The San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District (District) has reviewed the Notice of Preparation (NOP) for an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) for the Delta Conveyance Project. The proposed project consists of construction and operation of new conveyance facilities in the Delta that would add to the existing State Water Project (SWP) infrastructure (Project). The new conveyance facilities would be located in the north Delta along the Sacramento River between Freeport and the confluence with Sutter Slough, encompassing approximately 2,455 acres. The Project would include a tunnel to convey water from new intakes to the existing Banks Pumping Plant and potentially the federal Jones Pumping Plant in the south Delta. In addition to the tunnel and new intake facilities, other ancillary facilities may be constructed to support construction of the conveyance facilities including, but not limited to, access roads, barge unloading facilities, concrete batch plants, fuel stations, mitigation areas, and power transmission and/or distribution lines. The District offers the following comments:

#### 1) Emissions Analysis

Given the size of the Project identified, the District's initial review of the Project concludes that emissions resulting from construction and/or operation of the Project may exceed the following thresholds of significance: 100 tons per year of carbon monoxide (CO), 10 tons per year of oxides of nitrogen (NOx), 10 tons per year of reactive organic gases (ROG), 27 tons per year of oxides of sulfur (SOx), 15 tons per year of particulate matter of 10 microns or less in size (PM10), or 15 tons per year of particulate matter of 2.5 microns or less in size (PM2.5).

Samir Sheikh
Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer

At the federal level for the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), the District is currently designated as extreme nonattainment for the 8-hour ozone standards; nonattainment for the PM2.5 standards; and attainment for the 1-Hour ozone, PM10 and CO standards. At the state level, the District is currently designated as nonattainment for the 8-hour ozone, PM10, and PM2.5 California Ambient Air Quality Standards (CAAQS).

# 2) <u>Project Emissions Quantification: Construction related emissions</u>

Construction emissions are short-term emissions and should be evaluated separately from operational emissions. For reference, the District's annual criteria thresholds of significance for construction are: 100 tons per year of carbon monoxide (CO), 10 tons per year of oxides of nitrogen (NOx), 10 tons per year of reactive organic gases (ROG), 27 tons per year of oxides of sulfur (SOx), 15 tons per year of particulate matter of 10 microns or less in size (PM10), or 15 tons per year of particulate matter of 2.5 microns or less in size (PM2.5).

The District recommends the cleanest reasonably available off-road construction fleets, as set forth in §2423 of Title 13 of the California Code of Regulations, and Part 89 of Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations be used to reduce Project related impacts from construction related exhaust emissions.

The District also recommends the Project related criteria pollutant emissions from construction be identified and quantified. Emissions analysis should be performed using CalEEMod (**Cal**ifornia **E**mission **E**stimator **Mod**el), which uses the most recent approved version of relevant Air Resources Board (ARB) emissions models and emission factors. CalEEMod is available to the public and can be downloaded from the CalEEMod website at: www.caleemod.com

## 3) <u>Project Emissions Quantification: Operational Emissions: Permitted (stationary)</u>

The District typically analyzes the emissions associated with permitted equipment. The District permitting process typically ensures that emissions of criteria pollutants from permitted equipment and activities at stationary sources are reduced or mitigated to below the District's thresholds of significance.

Although permitted equipment or activities located at stationary sources will generally have a less than significant impact on air quality, to meet the standards of adequacy for disclosure of potential environmental impacts, the Department of Water Resources should include a discussion of the analysis of criteria pollutant emissions from permitted sources and activities for the purposes of determining significance.

Project related criteria pollutant emissions from construction and operation non-permitted (limited to equipment not subject to District permits) should be identified and quantified. Emissions analysis should be performed using CalEEMod (**Cal**ifornia **E**mission **E**stimator **Mod**el), which uses the most recent approved version of relevant Air Resources Board (ARB) emissions models and emission factors. CalEEMod is available to the public and can be downloaded from the CalEEMod website at: <a href="https://www.caleemod.com">www.caleemod.com</a>.

# 4) <u>Project Emissions Quantification: Operational Emissions: Non-permitted (mobile sources.</u>

Mobile sources should be analyzed separately from construction and permitted sources. For reference, the annual criteria thresholds of significance for operation of non-permitted sources each are: 100 tons per year of carbon monoxide (CO), 10 tons per year of oxides of nitrogen (NOx), 10 tons per year of reactive organic gases (ROG), 27 tons per year of oxides of sulfur (SOx), 15 tons per year of particulate matter of 10 microns or less in size (PM10), or 15 tons per year of particulate matter of 2.5 microns or less in size (PM2.5).

The District recommends that the Department of Water Resources include mitigation measures to reduce project related operational impacts through incorporation of design elements, for example, increased energy efficiency, reducing vehicle miles traveled, etc. More information on mitigation measures can be found at: <a href="http://www.valleyair.org/transportation/ceqa\_idx.htm">http://www.valleyair.org/transportation/ceqa\_idx.htm</a>.

# 5) Voluntary Emission Reduction Agreement (VERA)

The Project would potentially have a significant impact on regional air quality. As such, the District recommends the EIR also include a discussion on the feasibility of implementing a VERA for this project. A VERA is a mitigation measure by which the project proponent provides pound-for-pound mitigation of emissions increases through a process that develops, funds, and implements emission reduction projects, with the District serving a role of administrator of the emissions reduction projects and verifier of the successful mitigation effort. To implement a VERA, the project proponent and the District enter into a contractual agreement in which the project proponent agrees to mitigate project specific emissions by providing funds for the District's incentives programs). The funds are disbursed by the District in the form of grants for projects that achieve emission reductions. Thus, project-specific regional impacts on air quality can be fully mitigated. Types of emission reduction projects that have been funded in the past include electrification of stationary internal combustion engines (such as agricultural irrigation pumps), replacing old heavy-duty trucks with new, cleaner, more efficient heavy-duty trucks, and replacement of old farm tractors.

In implementing a VERA, the District verifies the actual emission reductions that have been achieved as a result of completed grant contracts, monitors the emission reduction projects, and ensures the enforceability of achieved reductions. After the project is mitigated, the District certifies to the lead agency that the mitigation is completed, providing the lead agency with an enforceable mitigation measure demonstrating that project-specific regional emissions have been mitigated to less than significant. To assist the Lead Agency and project proponent in ensuring that the environmental document is compliant with CEQA, the District recommends the environmental document includes an assessment of the feasibility of implementing a VERA.

## 6) Nuisance Odors

The Project should be evaluated to determine the likelihood that the Project would result in nuisance odors. Nuisance orders are subjective, thus the District has not established thresholds of significance for nuisance odors. Nuisance odors may be assessed qualitatively taking into consideration of Project design elements and proximity to off-site receptors that potentially would be exposed objectionable odors.

### 7) Health Risk Screening/Assessment

- a. A Health Risk Screening/Assessment identifies potential Toxic Air Contaminants (TAC's) impact on surrounding sensitive receptors such as hospitals, daycare centers, schools, work-sites, and residences. TAC's are air pollutants identified by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment/California Air Resources Board (OEHHA/CARB) (https://www.arb.ca.gov/toxics/healthval/healthval.htm) that pose a present or potential hazard to human health. A common source of TACs can be attributed to diesel exhaust emitted from both mobile and stationary sources.
  - The District recommends the Project be evaluated for potential health impacts to surrounding receptors (on-site and off-site) resulting from operational and multi-year construction TAC emissions.
- b. The District recommends conducting a screening analysis that includes all sources of emissions. A screening analysis is used to identify projects which may have a significant health impact. A prioritization, using CAPCOA's updated methodology, is the recommended screening method. A prioritization score of 10 or greater is considered to be significant and a refined Health Risk Assessment (HRA) should be performed. For your convenience, the District's prioritization calculator can be found at:

http:www.valleyair.org/busind/pto/emission\_factors/Criteria/Toxics/Utilities/PR IORITIZATION%20RMR%202016.XLS.

c. The District recommends a refined HRA for projects that result in a prioritization score of 10 or greater. Prior to performing an HRA, it is recommended that the Project proponent contact the District to review the proposed modeling protocol. The Project would be considered to have a significant health risk if the HRA demonstrates that the Project related health impacts would exceed the Districts significance threshold of 20 in a million for carcinogenic risk and 1.0 for the Acute and Chronic Hazard Indices, and would trigger all feasible mitigation measures. The District recommends that Projects that result in a significant health risk not be approved.

For HRA submittals, please provide the following information electronically to the District for review:

- HRA AERMOD model files
- HARP2 files
- Summary of emissions source locations, emissions rates, and emission factor calculations and methodology.

More information on toxic emission factors, prioritizations and HRAs can be obtained by:

- E-Mailing inquiries to: <a href="mailto:hramodeler@valleyair.org">hramodeler@valleyair.org</a>; or
- The District can be contacted at (559) 230-6000 for assistance; or
- Visiting the Districts website (Modeling Guidance) at: <a href="http://www.valleyair.org/busind/pto/Tox">http://www.valleyair.org/busind/pto/Tox</a> Resources/AirQualityMonitoring.htm.

# 8) Ambient Air Quality Analysis (AAQA)

An AAQA uses air dispersion modeling to determine if emissions increases from a project will cause or contribute to a violation of the ambient air quality standards. The District recommends that an AAQA be performed for the Project if emissions exceed 100 pounds per day of any pollutant.

If an AAQA is performed, the analysis should include emissions from both Project specific permitted and non-permitted equipment and activities. The District recommends consultation with District staff to determine the appropriate model and input data to use in the analysis. Specific information for assessing significance, including screening tools and modeling guidance is available online at the District's website www.valleyair.org/ceqa.

# 9) Project Modeling and Design

In addition to the discussions on potential impacts identified above, the District recommends the EIR also include the following discussions:

- a. A discussion of the methodology, model assumptions, inputs and results used in characterizing the Project's impact on air quality. To comply with CEQA requirements for full disclosure, the District recommends that the modeling outputs be provided as appendices to the EIR. The District further recommends that the District be provided with an electronic copy of all input and output files for all modeling.
- b. A discussion of the components and phases of the Project and the associated emission projections, including ongoing emissions from each previous phase.
- c. A discussion of Project design elements and mitigation measures, including characterization of the effectiveness of each mitigation measure incorporated into the Project.
- i) The following policies/mitigation measures are recommended to reduce or mitigate impacts from criteria pollutant emissions:
  - (1) For projects exceeding the applicability thresholds identified in Section 2.0 of District Rule 9510, a condition of Project approval requiring demonstration of compliance with Rule 9510, prior to the issuance of grading and/or building permits.
  - (2) For projects subject to District permitting requirements, demonstration of compliance with District Rule 2201, such as a copy of the Authority to Construct (ATC), before issuance of the first building permit, be made a condition of project approval.
- ii) The following policies/mitigation measures are recommended to mitigate potential health impacts of individual projects:
  - (1) Development projects resulting in toxic air contaminant emissions will be located an adequate distance from residential areas and other sensitive receptors in accordance to ARB's Air Quality and Land Use Handbook: A Community Health Perspective.
  - (2) A health risk screening and/or assessment will be performed to assess potential risks to sensitive receptors for the following projects:

- (3) Projects whose proposed locations are within the established buffer distances identified in ARB's handbook;
- (4) Projects whose land uses are not specifically identified in ARB's handbook (such as shopping centers), but there is sufficient information to reasonably conclude that sensitive receptors would be exposed to significant sources of toxic air contaminants; and
- (5) Projects that would otherwise appear to be exempt from CEQA requirements, but there is sufficient information to reasonably conclude that sensitive receptors would be exposed to significant sources of toxic air contaminants, such as industrial use projects allowed by right.
- iii) A discussion of whether the Project would result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant or precursor for which the San Joaquin Valley Air Basin is in non-attainment. More information on the District's attainment status can be found online by visiting the District's website at: http://valleyair.org/aqinfo/attainment.htm.
- a. As required by the recent decision in *Sierra Club v. County of Fresno* (2018) 6 Cal.4<sup>th</sup> 502, a reasonable effort to discuss relevant specifics regarding the connection between potential adverse air quality impacts from the Project with the likely nature and magnitude of potential health impacts. If the potential health impacts from the Project cannot be specifically correlated, explain what is known and why, given scientific constraints, potential health impacts cannot be translated.

#### 10) District Rules and Regulation

- a. The proposed Project may be subject to District rules and regulations, including: Regulation VIII (Fugitive PM10 Prohibitions), Rule 4102 (Nuisance), and Rule 4641 (Cutback, Slow Cure, and Emulsified Asphalt, Paving and Maintenance Operations). In the event an existing building will be renovated, partially demolished or removed, the Project may be subject to District Rule 4002 (National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants).
- b. This Project may be subject to District Rule 2010 (Permits Required) and Rule 2201 (New and Modified Stationary Source Review) and require District permits. Prior to construction, if the Project is subject to District permits, the Project proponent should submit to the District an application for an Authority to Construct

- (ATC). For further information or assistance, the project proponent may contact the District's Small Business Assistance (SBA) Office at (209) 557-6446.
- c. The purpose of District Rule 9510 (Indirect Source Review) is to reduce the growth in both NOx and PM10 emissions associated with development and transportation projects from mobile and area sources associated with construction and operation of development projects. The rule encourages clean air design elements to be incorporated into the development project. In case the proposed project clean air design elements are insufficient to meet the targeted emission reductions, the rule requires developers to pay a fee used to fund projects to achieve off-site emissions reductions.

Accordingly, this Project is subject to District Rule 9510 as it exceeds 9,000 square feet of space. When subject to the rule, an Air Impact Assessment (AIA) application is required prior to applying for project-level approval from a public agency. In this case, if not already done, please inform the project proponent to immediately submit an AIA application to the District to comply with District Rule 9510.

An AIA application is required and the District recommends that demonstration of compliance with District Rule 9510, before issuance of the first building permit, be made a condition of Project approval. Information about how to comply with District Rule 9510 can be found online at: http://www.valleyair.org/ISR/ISRHome.htm.

The AIA application form can be found online at: <a href="http://www.valleyair.org/ISR/ISRFormsAndApplications.htm">http://www.valleyair.org/ISR/ISRFormsAndApplications.htm</a>.

District staff is available to provide assistance and can be reached by phone at (559) 230-6000 or by email at ISR@valleyair.org.

d. The Project may be subject to District Rule 9410 (Employer Based Trip Reduction) if the Project would result in employment of 100 or more "eligible" employees. District Rule 9410 requires employers with 100 or more "eligible" employees at a worksite to establish an Employer Trip Reduction Implementation Plan (eTRIP) that encourages employees to reduce single-occupancy vehicle trips, thus reducing pollutant emissions associated with work commutes. Under an eTRIP plan, employers have the flexibility to select the options that work best for their worksites and their employees. Information about how District Rule 9410 can be found online at: <a href="www.valleyair.org/tripreduction.htm">www.valleyair.org/tripreduction.htm</a>. For additional information, you can contact the District by phone at 559-230-6000 or by e-mail at <a href="mailto:etrip@valleyair.org">etrip@valleyair.org</a>

e. The above list of rules is neither exhaustive nor exclusive. To identify other District rules or regulations that apply to this Project or to obtain information about District permit requirements, the applicant is strongly encouraged to contact the District's Small Business Assistance (SBA) Office at (209) 557-6446. Current District rules can be found online at the District's website at: <a href="https://www.valleyair.org/rules/1ruleslist.htm">www.valleyair.org/rules/1ruleslist.htm</a>.

The District recommends that a copy of the District's comments be provided to the Project proponent. If you have any questions or require further information, please call Cherie Clark at (559) 230-5940.

Sincerely,

Arnaud Marjollet
Director of Permit Services

herie A. Clark

For:

Robert Gilles Program Manager

AM: cc

From: Walsh, Jolene

To: <u>DWR Delta Conveyance Scoping</u>

Cc: Cooper, Rhonda

**Subject:** EMWD Supports the Delta Conveyance Scoping Process

**Date:** Friday, March 20, 2020 3:39:13 PM

Attachments: EMWD Delta Conveyance Comment letter 3-2020 draft final.pdf

<u>ATT00001.txt</u>

#### Renee Rodriguez-

Attached please find EMWD's comment letter, supporting the scoping process on the single-tunnel Delta Conveyance project currently being advanced by the Department of Water Resources.

Please let me know if we can provide any other information.

Thank you, Jolene



March 20, 2020

VIA EMAIL: DeltaConveyanceScoping@water.ca.gov

Delta Conveyance Scoping Comments Attention: Renee Rodriguez California Department of Water Resources P.O. Box 942836 Sacramento, CA 94236

On behalf of Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD) and its Board of Directors, we are pleased to provide comments on the scoping process of the single-tunnel Delta conveyance project currently being advanced by the Department of Water Resources. We appreciate Governor Newsom's initiative and willingness to pursue the Delta Conveyance project as it would help ensure, safe, affordable and reliable water supplies to many California residents.

EMWD is a water, wastewater, and recycled water service provider to more than 839,000 residents living throughout a 555-square mile service area in arid western Riverside County. EMWD has made great strides to develop local supplies, and reduce its dependence on water supply from the Sacramento-San Joaquin Bay Delta (Bay Delta). EMWD receives a blend of imported water — from the Bay Delta and Colorado River— from the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California. In 1990, while serving a total population of 358,000 people, EMWD was about 65 percent dependent on imported supplies. In 2019, even though its population grew to 839,000, EMWD effectively reduced dependence on imported supplies to 49 percent. This speaks to the investments EMWD has made in water use efficiency, and developing local, sustainable supplies like recycled water, and brackish groundwater desalination. However, despite EMWD's best efforts to develop local supplies, our region will always be partially reliant on water from the Bay Delta. In addition, the low salinity water from the Delta makes our recycled water programs more sustainable.

Delta Conveyance Scoping Comments Attention: Renee Rodriguez March 20, 2020 Page 2

Water from the Sierra Nevada Mountains that flows through the Bay Delta provides the backbone water supply for millions of Southern Californian's, our \$1.6 trillion economy, farms and our environment. Modernizing and upgrading our state's aging infrastructure with a single tunnel, properly sized to convey 6,000 cubic-feet-per-second of water supply through the State Water Project will allow us to more efficiently move water, restore the Delta ecosystem and manage our water supply through our increasingly variable climate.

There is widespread support for the Delta Conveyance project in Southern California and throughout the state from diverse and prominent interests, ranging from labor and business to public agencies, nonprofits and agriculture. We all recognize that a severe water shortage caused by a levee failure or other natural disaster in the Bay Delta would come with enormous economic consequences, hence the time to move forward on the project is now.

We understand Delta Conveyance is just one of many steps that need to be taken to ensure water resiliency in California, and EMWD and other agencies in Southern California have already invested heavily in development of local sustainable supplies, and continue to invest in such projects. Ensuring Southern California has a reliable water supply in the future requires a diverse portfolio including both imported and local supplies, and conservation. Despite the significant progress and investments being made on local projects and water use efficiency, the Delta conveyance project remains vitally important, for agencies like EMWD where the high quality, low salinity water supply is essential for the sustainability of local programs like water recycling. Every ton of salt imported in the water supply, must ultimately be removed and exported, which is resource and energy intensive.

EMWD supports the Newsom Administration's work to advance the planning process in a manner that achieves the goals of water supply reliability and ecosystem restoration. With California's largest and most affordable supply at risk, we need the reliability the proposed Delta Conveyance project will provide. If EMWD can be a resource or provide additional information, please contact me at 951-928-6130, or by email at jonesp@emwd.org.

Sincerely,

Ronald W. Sullivan

President, Board of Directors

Paul D. Jones II, P.E. General Manager

fall D. for II

From: <u>julie bongers</u>

To: <u>DWR Delta Conveyance Scoping</u>

**Subject:** My two cents on the governor"s water project

**Date:** Friday, March 20, 2020 6:46:18 PM

To all concerned. I am a grad student in a University of California department that is still in finals week, and I'm a teaching assistant, so under the current conditions, I've not written until now because I've been working to complete all the final essays and other project I have due while attempting to assist seventy students make decisions about a novel their primary professor has given them with respect to finals given that they've all been asked, if possible to go home.

I can write an extended essay on why I think that the Delta Conveyance Project is a very bad idea. However your deadline for comments, according to what I've heard, is today. So, here I'm going to spill out that essay in a brief one.

I am from both Southern California and the extended SF Bay area, and I think it is time that California stop looking for more ways to send northern California's water south. Conservation is something we all learned to do a few years ago and can learn to do better -- including San Joaquin Valley agribusiness that appears to have drummed up this project and to be filling the governor's campaign coffers (I know the amounts donated by more than one multimillionaire and billionaire agribusiness owner, at least one one of whom already uses the Sacramento Delta water he procures from the State Water Project system of canals to refill natural groundwater reservoirs or banks that he uses to water his crops -- sources that he seems to have acquired at taxpayer expense). This project reeks with potential corruption and unquestionable immorality.

The governor argues that it is needed, a kind of insurance in anticipation of rising sea levels. Everyone knows that water flows to the lowest point so this argument does not stand on any reasonable logical grounds. If you divert Delta water in such large quantities as the DCP is planned to do, with a much weakend force of the Sacramento current running into San Pablo Bay, sea water will naturally extend in towards the delta!

Most importantly. NO one put these ideas into my mind.

I've been studying this situation, and I've concluded that most Californians and particularly those who think this DCP is a good idea, do not even remotely appreciate the current and especially the long term importance of salmon, and particularly but not only the importance of Chinook, for our state. I also suggest that this lack of appreciation is from many different perspectives which if we would examine them, make the DCP look like a very bad idea. Among other things, the DCP is not just likely to further endanger the Sacramento River watershed Chinook runs, it's super difficult to dispute the evidence that the DCP will definitely result in the almost immediate extinction of the already endangered Chinook winter run and the "threatened" and "of concern" fall and spring runs following in those footsteps within the lives of some of us (read on before you tell me that hatcheries can prevent that). Besides our existing financially very significant Chinook and other fish industry that will be harmed and in some cases destroyed by the DCP (but with no DCP, good management and a slew of appropriate protections, could be enhanced), we benefit from Chinook in other ways that are less obvious and more fundamental. For example, nearly all of Northern and Central California's rich agricultural soils,

including all those in the valleys of the Sacramento watershed are built of decomposed salmon bodies, millions of them decomposing seasonally over the millennia as a result of dying after running up their natal streams to spawn. It is estimated that there were two million Chinook *per run per year*, so a total of eight million (do the math, small Chinook weight >30 pounds) coming into the Sacramento watershed. So all the soils and all those Sacramento, Klamath, Russian River and other ecosystems are also built on the basis of California's keystone or umbrella salmon species, and particularly on the basis of the Chinook or King salmon, *because* they are so large.

Moreover, salmon are the inescapably irrefutable link between California's agricultural riches and the biodiversity that contributes (in your economic terms) to California's recreational economy. Besides having created our rich soils, over a hundred species eat salmon. I can name over thirty off the top of my head, and I'm not even in the sciences, let alone an environmental sciences specialization. Because of the destruction of salmon spawning grounds during the nineteenth century's gold rush and the twentieth century's obsession with dams, some of those beings who eat salmon are probably now endangered and some smaller ones probably forgotten and extinct. It's no longer morally or even long-term economically responsible to let what happened to Chinook as a consequence of the gold rush and the dam building eras to happen in some new way.

This DCP threatens to be such a new way. It will be at least as destructive to our Chinook as was the gold rush and all of the dams on northern California rivers, and while well-managed hatcheries may be possible, they are not the solution! Even the hatchery management's hired docents tell people that for salmon to survive, let alone thrive, the wild populations are critical. Moreover, hatcheries themselves have seriously endangered salmon populations. I'm pasting below a photo of a salmon deprived, and hence starving, wild black bear from the Broughton Archipelago in Canada. This bear's ribs are sticking out in the fall when the bear needs to be fat and fattening for the pending winter. It is starving because in 2019 one tenth of one percent of salmon returned last year. Why so few? Because of fish lice and an east coast virus that is thriving in hatcheries and has infected the wild population. So it's time you get it.

California's rich biodiversity, which contributes enormously to its recreational economy, and its immense agricultural wealth is largely due to two sources that are both near extinction: for the San Joaquin Valley, the animal and plant bodies of former seasonal marshlands that were once rife with amphibians, fish, birds, and reeds, and for the whole of the state from the Delta north, millennia of decomposed salmon bodies.

Besides the lucrative Chinook industry, which could be fostered and enlarged -- they are known to be super-resilient species -- humans' and over a hundreds other beings long term food security can be ensured if we protect the Chinook. Our food security is not ensured by means of the DCP plan that the governor, lured by the money the that excessively-wealthy water-hog San Joaquin valley agribusiness owners bring into his coffers. I imagine the governor and his supporters will attempt to counter this last truth saying that such agribusinessmen are massive contributors to the state's economy, but at what cost? The cost of the biodiversity of California's environment, the cost of those beings whose bodies created the soils upon which their farms depend, and even the cost of California taxpayer. I don't hear the agribusiness

owners offering to pay higher taxes or in some cases even their share, and I don't hear them offering to pay for the DCP that they want the state to build either. The rich soils their businesses depend on are there because of California's former, dying, and suffering ecosystems, and it's clear by their own greed for more water to sustain long-term unsustainable mono-cropping practices that those who favor this project do not appreciate these ecosystems. Massive water-heavy mono-cropping practices do not ensure long term food security. Respect for the biodiversity of the ecosystems that have given us our agricultural wealth does. We have a moral obligation to our grandchildren to live sustainably, and what's unsustainable for such species as the Chinook is, in the long term unsustainable for humans. Best wishes,

Julie Bongers

From: julie bongers

To: **DWR Delta Conveyance Scoping** 

Subject: Oops! appendix to the public on the DCP comment I just sent

Date: Friday, March 20, 2020 7:00:51 PM

Attachments: 1584755846397blob.jpg

Salmon starved bear.docx

#### To All Who are Concerned:

Here's the photo of the bear, mentioned in the comment I just emailed, who probably died this winter because last fall (2019) only one tenth of one percent of salmon returned to the Broughton Achipelago (British Columbia), so he could not find enough food:

Inline image		
	2	

His or her ribs are not hard to see. Best wishes, Julie



1/10th of 1% of salmon return to Broughton Archipelago in 2019, and bears are suffering. We can avoid or



From: <u>Tom Williams</u>

To: <u>DWR Delta Conveyance Scoping</u>

Cc: renee.rodrique@water.ca.gov; Yee, Marcus@DWR; Buckman, Carolyn@DWR

Subject: Re: Public Scoping Comments for Delta Conveyance DEIR with attachment

**Date:** Friday, March 20, 2020 3:19:12 PM

Although I had specifically requested an extension which was not responded to, the following was circulated on 031720:

https://water.ca.gov/News/Blog/2020/March/March-17-2020-Update-From-Delta-Conveyance-Project

The nature of the COVID-19 pandemic is rapidly evolving. As individuals, organizations and local governments are focusing their attention on the safety of their communities in response to this health emergency, the Department of Water

Resources (DWR) will be extending the Scoping period for the Delta Conveyance Project by four weeks. The new deadline for public comment will be at 5:00 p.m. on Friday, April 17, 2020.

Thank you for the extension.

Dr Tom Williams

On Friday, March 20, 2020, 01:18:03 PM PDT, Tom Williams <a href="mailto:ctwilliams2012@yahoo.com">ctwilliams2012@yahoo.com</a> wrote:

**DATE:** March 20, 2020

**TO:** Department of Water Resources

DeltaConveyanceScoping@water.ca.gov

Attn.: Renee Rodriguez, Dept. of Water Res., P.O. Box 942836,

Sacramento, CA 94236

renee.rodrique@water.ca.gov

CC: Marcus Yee, 916-651-6736 marcus.yee@water.ca.gov

Carolyn Buckman, DWR Env.Mngr. 03/19/20 Item No. 10c Env.Mgr.Rept.

carolyn.buckman@water.ca.gov

Others

**FROM:** Dr. Tom Williams, Snr.Techn.Adviser, ctwilliams2012@yahoo.com,

323-528-9682

**SUBJECT:** Delta Conveyance DEIR/DEIS NOP/Scoping

**RE:** Public Comments for Scoping

The primary purpose of the scoping process is to identify important issues raised by the public and responsible and trustee public agencies related to the issuance of regulatory permits and authorizations and natural environment and resources protection. Public scoping comments are focused on:

Public accessible and understanding,

Significant Environmental Impacts,

Mitigation/Compensation of SEI, and

Alternatives

#### Comments:

Requested extension of the 032020 deadline which was not responded to or given.

See attached for other comments.

From: Adrienne Register

To: <u>DWR Delta Conveyance Scoping</u>

Subject: Re:water tunnel

**Date:** Friday, March 20, 2020 4:34:59 PM

Unfortunately I have not been able to attend any of the meetings held so far so am delighted there is this option available.

I am very opposed to the tunnel being built to remove water from the Delta as I believe there are a number of other options available which are more cost effective and don't degrade a very important ecological area and the food bowl of America.

I originally come from Australia where the debate of taking water from one area to give to another was held a number of years ago. It was found to not be the best solution and so was not implemented. What was done instead were a number of things:

- water tanks were retro fitted under eave spaces and used to capture roof run off
- new developments are required to include underground tanks to collect roof water to be used for toilet flushing/laundry and hose use
- more smaller dams were built
- watering during droughts was restricted to odd street number/odd watering day with fines introduced for violations and changed as required ...during this last drought leading up to the fires watering with a watering can was allowed 2x a day for 15 mins a day between certain hours.

These things don't sound much in themselves but all make an enormous difference.

A Desalination plant was also built which has been very effective. So much so that they are looking to build a second one. This was more cost effective, meant water was produced close to where it was needed and didn't degrade another ecosystem. The area of sea around the desalination plant has been closely monitored since its construction and they have found that the higher salt concentration has actually increased the sea life in that area.

Removing water from the Delta will turn a Food Bowl into a Dust Bowl. There are lots of alternatives out there with much better outcomes. Please be open to looking at creative solutions that won't have the negative impact removing water from the Delta will.

Thank you for your time,

Adrienne

Sent from my iPhone

From: <u>Christina Davis</u>

To: <u>DWR Delta Conveyance Scoping</u>

Subject: Support Letter

**Date:** Friday, March 20, 2020 3:34:24 PM

Attachments: image001.png

image001.png 3.20.20 Delta Conveyance Scoping Comments.doc

Attached please find our letter of support.

Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Christina V. Davis President/CEO

#### **LAX Coastal Chamber of Commerce**

9100 S. Sepulveda Blvd., Ste. 210 Los Angeles, CA 90045

P: 310.645.5151 C: 310.529.7331

www.laxcoastal.com





9100 S. Sepulveda Blvd., Ste. 210 Los Angeles, CA 90045 tel 310.645.5151 info@laxcoastal.com

Sent Via Email: DeltaConveyanceScoping@water.ca.gov

March 20, 2020

Ms. Renee Rodriguez California Department of Water Resources Post Office Box 942836 Sacramento, California 94236

RE: **Delta Conveyance Scoping Comments** 

Dear Ms. Rodriguez:

On behalf of LAX Coastal Chamber of Commerce (LAXCC) Board of Directors, I am pleased to provide input for the scoping process of the single-tunnel Delta conveyance project being advanced by the California Department of Water Resources. We appreciate Governor Newsom's leadership to help ensure, safe, affordable and reliable water supplies to much of California.

We are not alone in our support. There is widespread backing for the project in Southern California and throughout the state from diverse and prominent interests, ranging from labor and business to public agencies, nonprofits and agriculture. We all recognize that a severe water shortage would come with an enormous economic cost and the time to move forward is now.

This project is not the only step we must take to ensure water resiliency. Ensuring Southern California has a reliable water supply in the future requires a diverse portfolio of both imported and local supplies and conservation. Much progress and significant investments are being made on a wide range of local projects and water efficiency, but the Delta conveyance project remains vitally important.

We support the Newsom administration's work to move forward in the planning process in a manner that achieves the goals of water supply reliability and ecosystem restoration. With our largest and most affordable supply at risk, we need the reliability the proposed Delta conveyance project will provide.

Sincerely,

Christina V. Davis President/CEO







1		poverty. With this project, wouldn't
_2		we just be further proving their
_3		point and deteriorating our
4		children's lives? It would be a
_5		shame, and I would be disappointed
-6		disappointed for real if this project
<del>-7</del>		were to move forward. Environmental
-8-		racism and injustice has made its
9		dent in Stockton, our motherland, for
10		far too long. I am not just a
11		statistic to play with. We're here
12		fighting for our lives. We are
13		nature defending nature, and that's
14		what it is.
15	GLORIA ALONSO:	My name is Gloria Alonso, I am a
16		nineteen-year-old woman, a Mexican
17		woman immigrant. Coming from the
18		south side of Stockton, I am here
19		today as a community member to share
20		my concerns regarding the impacts
21		that the tunnel would have on the
22		city that I call home. I am here to
23		share with you, not the numbers, but
24		to remind you that they impact
25		historically marginalized

1 communities. As a daughter of Latino 2 farmworkers who work in the central 3 valley and who face language 4 barriers, I am a representation of 5 environmental justice communities, those who bear the proportionate 6 environmental impacts and risk from new developments like the tunnel. am a Delta region resident. 9 I am a 10 person of color and low income student and family member. 11 I am one 12 of those who live in the quantifiable 13 distressed areas, those who you can identify with a zip code 95206. 14 15 Those who suffer from air pollution 16 and water quality and water 17 pollution, sorry -- water quality, we don't have that. But I, once again, 18 19 did not come to tell you how my life 20 is shaped by the numbers. I came to 21 demand that you show us that you 22 care. I came to demand that you show 23 us and show my community democratic 24 access. But more than that, to show 25 us that you actually care about the

1 nature in which we're living, to show 2 us that the decision making process, 3 that it's impacting the geographical area which I call home, has a way to 4 5 achieve this development with an equitable approach. Because the lack 6 of -- and going back to the history, because the lack of participatory 8 design has showed us that it has the 9 10 power to marginalize communities through the red lining policies. 11 12 Because today we're here to prevent 13 you from forgetting that without community input, public policy and 14 15 urban and environmental design has 16 the potential to neglect communities 17 and prevent their access to public They already lack the access 18 spaces. 19 to recreational spaces such as the 20 Delta, makes the life in the south 21 side an interesting area. But guess 22 what? We know why it is this way. 23 As I already said, we're standing 24 here as the youth that lives and has 25 survived formally the conditions and

1		formally the red line neighbors.
2		We're here surviving the
3		environmental repercussions of the
4		public policies that destroy our
5		communities, which is how we know
6		how I know that we are not
7		constructing just the tunnel, but
8		constructing the future of the
9		environment and the future of
10		historically marginalized
11		populations.
12 -	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you. Before you start though,
<del>13</del>		I am going to call the next three up.
<del>14</del>		You can go ahead. Tifani Lee, Bill
<del>15</del> —		Wells, and Roger Kelly, if you can
16		<del>get prepared.</del>
<del>17</del>		And please proceed.
18	JEFF BALMORES:	Good evening, council. I am Jeff
<del>19</del>		Balmores, a seventeen year old,
<del>20</del>		Little Manila After-School Program.
21		I am here to discuss the consequences
22		of approving the Delta Tunnel
23		Project. Personally, I have concerns
24		with how this project will affect the
<del>25</del> —		youth of our city, how it revolves

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9	PUBLIC MEETING
10	STOCKTON, CALIFORNIA
11	THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 13, 2020
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19	ATKINSON-BAKER, INC.
20	(800) 288-3376 www.depo.com
21	
22	REPORTED BY: MARY GONZALEZ CORBITT, CSR NO. 6696
23	FILE NO.: AE014C7
24	
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1		-formally the red line neighbors.
_2		We're here surviving the
_3		environmental repercussions of the
_4		public policies that destroy our
_5		communities, which is how we know
-6-		how I know that we are not
<del>-7</del>		constructing just the tunnel, but
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_9		environment and the future of
10-		historically marginalized
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23		Project. Personally, I have concerns
24		with how this project will affect the
25		youth of our city, how it revolves

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     around how the Delta Tunnel Project
 2
     will negatively impact our air and
 3
     water quality and the health of our
             The Delta Tunnel Project
 4
     vouth.
     detrimentally affects our air quality
 5
     due to variables such as construction
 6
     sites, causing more bacteria and the
 8
     HABs bacteria in our waterways.
     construction increases the emission
 9
10
     of carbon dioxide and other
                  The bacterium is
11
     pollutants.
12
     airborne and detrimental to our
              This project also affects
13
     bodies.
14
     our water quality due to the dumping
15
     of polluted sledge soil such as
16
     borons and mercury, which is immoral.
17
     These toxins will bioaccumulate in
     many of the wildlife in the Delta and
18
19
     affect the area's residents' rights
20
     to have access to the waterways and
21
     disallow them to have a form of
22
     recreation, which is granted under
23
     the California Constitution.
     result, our health is affected. Our
24
25
     life expectancy, which is 78.6 years,
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1 which is short, considering that most 2 of us will retire in our sixties. 3 For air pollution, we can easily breath in toxins and have respiratory 4 5 problems such as asthma. As for water pollution, the toxins can be 6 transmitted to those who come in contact with the Delta water, 8 drinking tap water, and through 9 10 seafood that they're eating, such as the fisherman eating the fish in the 11 12 Delta, and cause illnesses such as 13 diarrhea, cholera, and hepatitis. 14 You should be ashamed if you allow 15 this project to move on. I know that 16 we have family that live near the And if this project is 17 Delta. approved, they will become ill. Many 18 19 of our water sources come from the How would we know that the 20 Delta. water we drink is safe if this 21 22 project moves forward? My generation 23 and the generations that come after me will be affected. We won't be 24 25 able to live as long as we want to

1		live. The generations that come
2		after us will not live that long. We
3		won't be healthy anymore. We'll soon
4		become a city of sick people. We
5		don't want to become the next Flint,
6		Michigan. How is poisoning our
7		people benefiting us? Who does this
8		project really benefit? As far as I
9		can see, this project does not
10		benefit us. So, therefore, I
11		conclude this speech: Whenever you
12		see water, whether you drink, swim,
13		shower, whenever you go outside,
14		think about how this project will
15		affect you and your loved one's
16		health. Thank you.
17	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
18		<del>Tafari Lee.</del>
<del>19</del>	TAFARI LEE:	Hi, my name is Tafari Lee. And I'm
20		sure you heard tonight, you heard all
21		of the statistics, and you heard the
22		impacts and the things that can
23		happen. So what I'm going to do is
24		I'm going to talk to you about some
<del>25</del>		possibilities that appeal to your

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21	
22	REPORTED BY: MARY GONZALEZ CORBITT, CSR NO. 6696
23	FILE NO.: AE014C7
24	
25	

1	toxins they were never meant to
_2	encounter and shouldn't have to
_3	overcome. Our water though never
_4	perfect progressively worsens Delta
_5	sloughs. Made home to algae left
-6	unchecked to fester and ferment.
<del>-7</del>	What goes unseen shall rise like
-8	another body face down and ferment
_9	algal blooms to damage and sabotage,
10	not only the green community, but the
11	lower income areas you won't give a
12	second thought to. We choke on the
13	failure you promised to dump upon us.
14	And our firm opinion, some things
<del>15</del>	just don't need to be touched. This
<del>16</del> —	place is not yours to destroy. I end
<del>17</del>	with a question, what makes you think
18	we deserve our water served like
<del>19</del>	poison in a dirty glass?"
20	PROGRAM MANAGER: Before you go, I'm going to call the
21	next three up.
22	Tama Brisbane, Sharon Jarvis, and
23	Phillip Merlo.
24	Please proceed.
25	MINIYA JO BRISBANE: Good evening. My name is Miniya

1 Jo Brisbane. I am a 2 nineteen-vear-old African-American 3 woman, old enough to vote and tall enough to stare down environmental 4 The fact that I have to 5 racism. stand here again tells me that you 6 didn't hear me the first time. I stood before a water board was to raise my voice against the dumping of 9 10 more polluted water into the Delta, and my voice was lost to the silent 11 12 but deadly PowerPoint presentation decorated with dishonesty and 13 14 decimals. 15 So here I am, dressed differently, 16 but still having to address the same 17 issue. Maybe you are too busy analyzing the data that you missed 18 19 the simple point that we don't need 20 any more poison in our water. 21 maybe if you won't hear my voice, 22 you'll hear me wheezing as I'm 23 struggling to breath. The air 24 quality on its own is already bad 25 enough, and you want to try to add

1		bacteria from toxic algal blooms to
2		the mix? Are you serious? To you
3		all, it must sound like an angry
4		teenager coming to yell at adults.
5		But as someone who spent the first
6		seven years of my life on inhalers
7		and nebulizers, this is something I
8		just can't stay silent on. I want to
9		believe that you made this time to
10		truly listen to the voices of the
11		central valley and the Delta.
12		Because I'd hate to leave here
13		thinking that I wasted my breath.
14	TAMA BRISBANE:	Good evening and welcome to Stockton.
<del>15</del>		I'm Tama Brisbane, Executive
<del>16</del> —		Director, With Our Words, a nonprofit
<del>17</del>		that engages youth and young adults
<del>18</del> —		with their environment through
<del>19</del>		literary and performing arts. Their
<del>20</del> —		words have come to matter nationally.
21		I really hope their words about the
22		Delta matter tonight. Two words
23		we've been hearing quite a bit,
24		"Delta Conveyance." That's a cute
<del>25</del>		linguistic filler. A more honest

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1		-more people come and more people
_2		would visit, we have another thing to
_3		do in Stockton, something big,
_4		something we can be proud of,
_5		something that we can show off, and
<del>-6</del> -		not some waterway that is being
<del>-7</del>		drained off to SoCal. Thank you.
_8	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
_9		Next, Mr. Wells.
10	BILL WELLS:	Thank you very much. I appreciate
11		being here. My name is Bill Wells.
12		I'm with the California Delta Chamber
13		and Admissions Bureau. We've been
14		around for about 51 years in the
15		Delta here. I'd like to direct your
16		attention to your own documents down
17		here. Item number two, the last
18		sentence says, "The infrastructure
19		that enables the conveyance or
20		movement of California's water supply
21		is critical to the health of local
22		communities." I totally agree. It's
23		critical to Stockton, Isleton, Walnut
24		Grove and all of the other little
25		towns on to the Sacramento River. So

```
1
     I think protecting that would be a
     very -- very good thing to do.
 2
 3
     Item number three, "Why is this
     project needed?" With the intakes in
 4
 5
     the southern Delta are only three
     feet above today's sea level, okay,
 6
     I've been involved in this process
     for at least 15 years since Arnold
     Schwartzenegger announced his plan to
 9
10
     divert the Sacramento River around
     the Delta, which he said would cost
11
12
     55 billion dollars. The original --
     and I sat on the BDCP public panel
13
     for two and a half years, and I've
14
15
     testified countless times.
                                  I can't
     even -- I have no recollection of
16
17
     that. But, anyway, when it started,
     they wanted to divert the river
18
19
     because they thought earthquakes were
20
     going to destroy the Delta. Well, we
21
     spent a few years debunking that
22
     totally. And then Jerry Merrell,
23
     (ph) decided that the Delta is going
24
     to be destroyed by an arch storm,
     atmospheric river storm.
25
                                So we
```

1 debunked that too. So this whole 2 thing, I question the sea level rise. 3 If it's going to happen, then we need to build a dam in Carquinez Straits 4 5 or the Golden Gate to prevent that, or increase the water coming down the 6 river to make sure it flushes out the saltwater. 8 Item number four, "How is the current 9 10 environmental review process different than before?" I don't 11 12 think it is. It looks quite similar 13 to the last one. Here's what somebody else testified 14 15 in -- a taxpayer in one of the 16 earlier meetings: Extensive 17 evidentiary showings in the prior State Water Resources Control Board 18 19 hearings and Delta stewardship 20 council hearings show that neither of 21 these agencies can approve intakes in 22 these locations, i.e, Hood and where 23 they plan to put them in, because it would not be consistent with the 24 Public Trust Doctrine or the Delta 25

1		Reform Act from the Delta Stewardship
2		Council.
3		Okay. I know quite a bit about that,
4		because I was the one who testified
5		that Hood would be a bad location to
6		put the intakes. And the water board
7		agreed, so here we are, right, deja
8		vu all over again with the same
9		thing.
10		So one of the things we ask over and
11		over is give us a few examples where
12		something like this has worked. And
13		there are plenty where it hasn't. I
14		direct your attention to the Colorado
15		River Delta, Mono Lake, Tulare Lake,
16		Buena Vista Lake, all destroyed by
17		water diversions.
18		So if I can just add one thing, Wade
19		Crowfoot, the Natural Resource
20		Secretary, can't let his have his
21		daughter wear a gas mask because the
22		California air is unfit to breath
23	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you. Thanks for your comment.
24		Okay. Before you start, I'm going to
<del>25</del>		call the next three. Orian Camero,

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1	_	already over exceeded its level. The
_2		time is done. We need new solutions.
_3		This one has got to get scrapped.
_4		Thank you.
_5	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank You.
6	ORION CAMERO:	People and camera, if you can hear
7		me, say Yay. Shouts out. Okay.
8		Hi everybody. My name is Orion
9		Camero. I'm a visual storytelling
10		educator and arts organizer that
11		works at the intersection of social
12		economic and ecological issues. So
13		that's why I'm here today.
14		And I have been at this work for
15		over a little less than a decade.
16		And I decided to bring forward a
17		visual compliment. So this is a
18		mural that we worked on for the last
19		four years. It talks about social
20		and economic and ecological issues in
21		California. And, actually, if you
22		can let me point to this. This is
23		actually the Delta Conveyance
24		Project. It has a corporate frog
25		shaking hands with a public official.

1 That's actually the Metropolitan. 2 Water District in a vest. So they're 3 making a deal, and the conveyance 4 project is sucking up water from our 5 river. So that's really cute. It's a little sample. But, yeah, I will 6 get my notes out because I'm a little 8 nervous. I only have two minutes. 9 Okay. 10 So, for years in my organized Okay. work, I've spoken out against the Bay 11 12 Delta Conservation Plan, the California WaterFix, and now here to 13 14 oppose the Delta Conveyance Project 15 in its current form. As a delegate 16 that represented California at the UN 17 Climate Negotiations for four years, I see our local issues as globally 18 19 significant and also influential 20 nationally. And so what the means is 21 addressing this crises means 22 fundamentally shifting away that we 23 relate to our burdened waterways. The solutions that secure water 24 resources need to reduce reliance on 25

```
1
     the Delta.
                 The Delta Reform Act
 2
     explicitly says so. And so this
 3
     whole project essentially is a -- as
     I see, is a total failure. Mainly,
 4
 5
     because time and time again, we've
     seen it with the peripheral tunnel,
 6
     the peripheral canal in the '80s, the
     many other water construction
 8
     projects. A tunnel and diversion is
 9
10
     not going to work. What we need to
     do is invest in regional water
11
12
     technologies and avoid the massive
     redirection and extraction of fragile
13
     rivers that are already on the
14
15
     precipice of destruction. And the
16
     environmental justice issues, this
17
     project would aggravate air quality
     by truck emissions for construction,
18
19
     as I mentioned, increase algal
20
     blooms, that would severely harm the
21
     waterways irreparably and directly
22
     complicate the local water supply in
23
     the Delta region. At the end of the
24
     day, the estuary is at risk. And its
25
     beauty and importance to the entire
```

1		state needs to be preserved and
2		stewarded for future generations, not
3		rapidly deteriorated as a public
4		resource for the benefiting water
5		contractors of this project.
6		Now, I've as you can hear from
7		everyone that has spoken, I feel like
8		everyone said a piece of this massive
9		beautiful mosaic of this community
10		that says no to this project, and
11		that you actually listened to folks
12		that are directly impacted for us to
13		create the solutions. Thanks.
14	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
<del>15</del> —		Niria Alicia I'm sorry. I
<del>16</del> —		probably butchered that. Go ahead.
<del>17</del>	NIRIA ALICIA GARC	IA: So I just want to start by
<del>18</del> —		acknowledging the ancestors,
<del>19</del>		indigenous ancestors on whose land
20		we're gathered here today. I want to
21		give a shout-out to Chief Caleen Sisk
22		of the Winnemem Wintu Tribe who have
23		been tireless advocates in protecting
24		their water.
<del>25</del>		I am Niria Alicia Garcia. I am one

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1	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
2		Please proceed.
3	JASMINE DELAFROST	: She said she wasn't a great
4		speaker, and that was amazing.
5		My name is Jasmine Delafrost. Today,
6		I'm here to speak really briefly and
7		also to recognize that I am here to
8		learn and understand more about this
9		process as it develops to ensure that
10		we all do that here in Stockton.
11		I'm a community organizer that works
12		directly with young people around
13		educational equity, juvenile justice
14		work, and other intersectional issues
15		that have pressed our communities for
16		decades.
17		We recognize that through this
18		process, we wanted to be more
19		equitable. I'm here to talk about
20		the collateral damages when we make
21		decisions without understanding the
22		full impacts it can have on our
23		people here in Stockton.
24		And this is not an isolated issue.
25		We understand that. We also know

1 that there are deeply other impacts 2 of quality of life, particularly, 3 families in south Stockton and in Stockton. The tunnel fails to 4 5 address that climate change is surrounding these communities. 6 My question to you is do you want to create an additional layer of 8 barriers for youth that I work with 9 10 everyday who face -- who contribute 11 to life expectancies and around 12 health outcomes and more? I'm asking that this plan ensures 13 14 there's equity in the plan that 15 creates, otherwise -- I'm asking that 16 this plan ensures there's more equity 17 in the plan. Otherwise, our community pays the price, both 18 19 environmentally and economically. 20 And, lastly, can this all be 21 mitigated? 22 Can all of these challenges that the 23 tunnel proposal be included in this 24 process? If not, we run the risk of 25 making this final plan a disaster.

1 We run the risk of a disaster. 2 And although I may not understand 3 climate change or, like, do this work by myself, I understand that when I 4 5 work with young people, these are consequences that impact them every 6 single day of our lives. And that when you fail to address young people 8 and all that they're facing, the 9 10 consequences can be damaging and 11 unreparable [sic]. 12 So I'm opposed to this whole plan, that we must find other alternative 13 14 ways. 15 And I hope that we can also -- like 16 if we look around this room, there's 17 a lot of young people and other people who are not here today, and 18 that we do come back to make sure 19 20 that those who live in our 21 communities and those who are most 22 impacted are in the part of the 23 conversations. I know that you're 24 here today, obviously, to do that. 25 But that we do it again to meet with

1		more folks. And there's people in
2		the room who want to ensure that
3		young people and families that aren't
4		represented in this room today are
5		here at this conversation.
6	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you very much.
<del>_7</del>	MARGO PRAUS:	My name is Margo Praus. And I'm
_8		here, I'm a member of the Sierra
_9		Club, and I came with their email in
10-		mind, as well as Restore the Delta.
<del>11</del>		I really appreciate the speakers'
12		comments about the irreparable damage
13		you're doing.
14		For years, California has had a long
<del>15</del>		history of redistributing water in
<del>16</del> —		the valley. Our waterways and our
<del>17</del>		groundwater have been heavily
18		impacted. And we see this constant
<del>19</del>		like surface water that has been over
20		allocated. Doesn't matter what the
21		voluntary agreement says. It's been
22		over allocated, and groundwater has
23		been depleted.
24		The valley always seem to be on the
<del>25</del>		end of receiving the leftovers, the

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	I .	
1		-state needs to be preserved and
_2		stewarded for future generations, not
_3		rapidly deteriorated as a public
_4		resource for the benefiting water
_5		contractors of this project.
<del>_6</del> _		Now, I've as you can hear from
<del>-7</del>		everyone that has spoken, I feel like
_8		everyone said a piece of this massive
_9		beautiful mosaic of this community
10		that says no to this project, and
11		that you actually listened to folks
12		that are directly impacted for us to
13		create the solutions. Thanks.
14	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
<del>15</del>		Niria Alicia I'm sorry. I
16		
		probably butchered that. Go ahead.
17	NIRIA ALICIA GARC	probably butchered that. Go ahead.  IA: So I just want to start by
17 18	NIRIA ALICIA GARC	
	NIRIA ALICIA GARC	IA: So I just want to start by
18	NIRIA ALICIA GARC	IA: So I just want to start by acknowledging the ancestors,
18 19	NIRIA ALICIA GARC	IA: So I just want to start by acknowledging the ancestors, indigenous ancestors on whose land
18 19 20	NIRIA ALICIA GARC	IA: So I just want to start by acknowledging the ancestors, indigenous ancestors on whose land we're gathered here today. I want to
18 19 20 21	NIRIA ALICIA GARC	IA: So I just want to start by acknowledging the ancestors, indigenous ancestors on whose land we're gathered here today. I want to give a shout-out to Chief Caleen Sisk
18 19 20 21 22	NIRIA ALICIA GARC	IA: So I just want to start by acknowledging the ancestors, indigenous ancestors on whose land we're gathered here today. I want to give a shout-out to Chief Caleen Sisk of the Winnemem Wintu Tribe who have
18 19 20 21 22 23	NIRIA ALICIA GARC	IA: So I just want to start by acknowledging the ancestors, indigenous ancestors on whose land we're gathered here today. I want to give a shout-out to Chief Caleen Sisk of the Winnemem Wintu Tribe who have been tireless advocates in protecting

1 of the organizers of the Run4Salmon 2 Prayerful Run, and I've been on that 3 river for the past five years praying and praying for that water and seeing 4 5 all of the pollution that goes into there. I'm the great-granddaughter 6 of Maximiliano Miranda who was probably out here with your 8 grandparents harvesting tomatoes here 9 10 in Stockton, so it's a pleasure to be back here on these lands. And it's 11 12 very sad that water continues to be stolen from the northern watersheds 13 for the benefit of big GMO farmers 14 15 and oil companies that continue to And I have some alternatives 16 frack. 17 for you guys actually. Why don't you end all fossil fuel projects that are 18 19 very water intensive down in the 20 Southern part of California? 21 don't you stop growing GMO crops and 22 actually grow crops that are for that 23 And if we could all land, you know. 24 just be a little more humble, and by 25 all, I mean, the corporations and the

```
1
     big farmers that are so arrogant,
 2
     think they can just come into this
 3
     landscape and destroy it and change
     it for profit.
 4
                     I mean, who grows
 5
     water intensive crops in the desert?
     Let's not be fooled.
                           This project is
 6
 7
     a money-making project.
                              There's so
     much lingo in there about climate
 8
              I want to see the scientific
 9
     change.
10
     analysis and the scientific studies
     that prove that this is actually a
11
12
     climate change because our language
     from our climate justice movement has
13
14
     been incredibly co-opted, and we're
15
     not going to be fooled. Period.
16
     I want everyone in this room to look
17
     to your left and look to your right,
     because this project is not going to
18
19
              And we're sending that
     happen.
20
     message.
               There's too many people in
21
     this room that care about our water
22
     and care about our children.
                                    I'm an
23
     aspiring mother -- and I know you
24
     guys have children. What are you
25
     going to tell your children and your
```

1 grandchildren when they say, oh, why 2 do I have to learn about salmon next 3 to dinosaur bones? Why do I have to learn about the Delta smell in 4 5 museums? What were you doing when they were selling our water? And I'm 6 7 not going to be -- I'm not going to -- I'm going to say, you know 8 what? I was standing with hundreds 9 10 of people that were saying no with thousands of people, because there's 11 12 thousands of people that couldn't 13 make it out here tonight. 14 And so I want us to take this 15 opportunity to meet each other, 16 because we're going to be out there. 17 We're not going to let this project go through. Am I right? And, 18 19 lastly, I want to sing a song because 20 this is how we stay strong in this 21 movement to protect our mother earth. 22 And I want you to sing it with me. 23 (Singing.) 24 When your daughter's thirsty and the river's dry, and there's no blue left 25

1		in the sacred sky. It will be too
2		late to try, when you're on the wrong
3		side. Now's the time to turn the
4		tide. Now's the time to turn the
5		tide.
6	PROGRAM MANAGER:	If you can hand over the mic, that
_7		will be great. Thank you.
-8-		Kathleen? No Kathleen
_9		Gapusan? Okay. Kathleen changes her
10		mind. I will leave that over there.
11		The next three are Darvis Waiters,
12		Anthony Orosco, and Miniya Brisbane.
13		You can come up.
14		I'm just trying to keep track of time
<del>15</del>		here.
<del>16</del> —	DARIUS WAITERS:	I just wanted to share my thoughts on
<del>17</del>		the tunnels with a little poem I
18		wrote:
<del>19</del>		"And yet again, the Delta and its
20		people have been overlooked,
21		disregarded, stepped upon from people
22		that don't even care to know who
23		they're stealing from.
24		Tunnels take so much from my
<del>25</del>		community. Youth from schools and

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1	_	by the water contractors that may
_2		receive water.
_3	DAVID FRIES:	Thank you.
_4	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Other questions?
_5		Okay. Okay. So I think we'll go
-6-		ahead and move into comments.
<del>-7</del>		And what I think I will do, I will
_8		call you up three at a time, which is
_9		what I've been doing at other
10		meetings. That seems to work really
11		well. And you can either sit in one
12		of these front things, or you can cue
13		up here were Annie is, and just stand
14		here and use the mic that way. As
<del>15</del>		these ladies were suggesting, put the
16		mic real close, project, so that they
<del>17</del>		can hear and our court reporter can
18		hear.
<del>19</del>		So we'll do three at a time. So I
20		have Nicholas Hatten, Martha Valdez
21		and David Scatena. And I apologize
22		now if right there I apologize
23		now if I mispronounce your name.
24		Sorry, and this will be your timer.
25	NICHOLAS HATTEN:	So hello, I'm Nicholas Hatten. I'm

- 1 the Founder and Principal of LGBT 2 Social Justice Initiative. Yeah, I'm 3 a big pop culture fanatic. This past weekend was a big day for pop culture 4 with the Oscar show airing on Sunday. 5 The show was a little boring. 6 Something happened towards the end of 8 that show. First, Bong Joon-ho, I hope I said 9 10 that right, won Best Director. 11 then Parasite became the first
- 13 | Picture.

12

14 | Well, look at Stockton and as the --

non-English speaking film to win Best

- 15 | as the "Parasite" of cities. You
- 16 | see, our history, just like in
- 17 | Hollywood, is rich with stories and
- 18 | legacies by people of color and our
- 19 LGBT community. But just like in
- 20 | Hollywood, those stories went
- 21 | ignored.
- 22 For instance, if you happen to know
- 23 | that one of the first transgender
- 24 | public figures lived in Stockton.
- 25 | His name was Jack Bee Garland, and he

1		1
1		was a reporter for the precursor to
2		the record and was breathed by this
3		community in the early 1900s.
4	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Keep the mic up.
5	NICHOLAS HATTEN:	That story was ignored for many
6		years. But just like policy and
7		legislation that will elevate our
8		marginalized people, when ignored,
9		these today we're facing once again.
10		Well, unlike those times, we're here
11		to say "Enough." You know, and
12		unlike the members of the academy, we
13		have science as a tool to guide us
14		through this process.
15		Please be mindful that the direction
16		that we go to or go through has
17		greater impact for people of color
18		and our LGBT people and the people of
19		south Stockton.
20		We already know that these
21		population's quality of life are less
22		than Stockton, and that their actual
23		life expectancy is even less than
24		their peers throughout the State of
25		California.

1		We know the challenges we have with
2		our levees, the threat of climate
3		change, and the ever returning
4		poisonous algae issue, none of which
5		this proposal addresses yet.
6		And what do we have to say about the
7		impact this proposal will have on our
8		quality of air, which is already
9		rated the fourth worse in our nation?
10		The story of Parasite is how South
11		Korea is quickly becoming a class of
12		two system or a two-class system.
13		Let's fix this process so the end
14		result, there's equity. Mediate,
15		appoint a receiver, do whatever you
16		have to do to make this equitable.
17		If you don't, our very own director
18		will be making a movie about Stockton
19		and the Delta region and how it's at
20		the receiving end of California's new
21		two-class system.
22		Thank you.
23	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
24	DAVID SCATENA:	I'm Dave Scatena, and I belong to a
<del>25</del> —		number of organizations. And I want

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1		-communities of color. So I hope you
_2		haven't come here with a mind that's
_3		only half way open, is already made
_4		up, and with empty hands and pockets.
_5		Tell us what you are prepared to do
<del>-6</del> -		to offer, tell us what kinds of
<del>-7</del>		funding you're prepared to allocate
_8		to help Stockton alleviate this
_9		environmental injustice; but don't
10-		you dare keep telling us, "Oh, well.
11	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Sharon Jarvis.
12	SHARON JARVIS	My name is Sharon Jarvis. I'm a
13		resident of Stockton. I live on the
14		Smith Canal, and I moved here about
15		17 years ago to live on the water.
16		Well, I wouldn't want you to eat any
17		fish that swim in the Smith Canal.
18		My chief concern is about the water
19		for Stockton. And, particularly, for
20		our underserved community, south
21		Stockton, where people are already
22		swimming in the sloughs with the
23		toxic green algae.
24		If this project goes through, we're
25		going to have more of that algae.

1 We're going to have more of that 2 algae dust in the air that we're all 3 going to be breathing. It will be even worse in south Stockton. 4 I'm sure it will get to the Smith Canal 5 and all of the other canals that we 6 have in this area. We're going to have peat dust from the construction. 8 9 This is not going to go away. It's 10 going to get worse. And I just think that I agree with 11 everybody here. I feel like fraud 12 13 has been perpetrated on us. Oh, we were going to have the twin tunnels. 14 15 I spent a lot of time writing a 16 comment about that. Oh, well, now, 17 just change it, and we'll just have one tunnel, and now we'll all be 18 I don't think so. 19 fine. 20 I'm concerned about the impact of the 21 increased water diversion, that it 22 will cause damage to our local 23 groundwater and our wells, and the diversion will divert fresh water 24 25 from our Stockton water system and

1		make it even more expensive and more
2		difficult for people in our community
3		to have clean water. Thank you.
4	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
_5	PHILLIP MERLO:	Thanks. My name is Phillip Merlo,
-6		and I'm the Director of Education at
<del>-7</del>		the San Joaquin Historical Museum in
-8		Stockton and Lodi. And my training
_9		is in history and education, which I
10		feel are two fields that the
11		Department of Water Resources and
12		Delta Conveyance Authority would
13		benefit from studying.
14		According to the Notice of
<del>15</del>		Preparation and the DWR, this project
<del>16</del> —		is needed because the existing water
<del>17</del>		system is not prepared for a future
18		with climate change and the rising
<del>19</del>		sea levels. And, furthermore, new
20		diversions in the northern Delta will
21		promote a more resilient and flexible
22		state water project in the face of
23		unfavorable conditions.
24		Again, the DWR states in section two,
<del>25</del>		what is the importance of Delta

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1		the cumulative impacts are.
_2		This community must see an in-depth
_3		analysis of potential for increased
_4		algal blooms as a result of changes
_5		in hydrology for construction and
-6		operations.
<del>-7</del>		We at Restore the Delta oppose the
_8		project. We do not believe that you
_9		can't mitigate all the negative
10		-consequences.
11		But I will stress what my friends and
12		colleagues have said here. The
13		community, if you are going to do
14		this, should be made better. And I
<del>15</del>		don't think you can do it. But you
16		can't start by leaving it behind.
<del>17</del>	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
18		Our next three. Earl Jones, Jack
<del>19</del>		Saunders, and Clarence Kooi.
20	SAL JOBRACK:	Hello, my name is Sal Jobrack. I'm a
21		Stockton City Council Member. So I'm
22		one of those people that's a policy
23		maker that's connected to this. I'm
24		not a water expert, but my whole
25		life, I've lived here in Stockton on

1 the Delta. I title my speech, 2 "Stockton is Going to be a Tough 3 Place to Get By." I think looking around the room, you're going to have 4 a hard time getting anybody to come 5 up and speak in favor of this. 6 Ι deal with a lot of policy makers in the area, and I haven't met one 8 around here that says I'm really 9 10 excited about any water being diverted. 11 12 I know you guys are in a tough place. I often sit on your side and have 13 to hear the public and how angry they 14 15 can be at some of the decisions we But we often see 16 have to make. 17 people supporting and not supporting. I have a hard time thinking ya'll are 18 19 going to get support for this project 20 in this region. 21 Growing up in the Delta, I've fished 22 it, I've boated on it, I've hunted 23 So I have a lot of experience 24 being on these waterways and the 25 beauties that they offer.

1 One of the things of being on the 2 council, we often have to make tough 3 decisions. And I served four years on the Planning Commission. 4 5 during my time on the Planning Commission, we had to redo our 6 general plan. A lot of that was because of due to poor planning. 8 So we ended up having to be the ones 9 10 that cleaned up the messes of the And I try to take that and 11 past. 12 those feelings into my role as a council member in the decisions I 13 14 make today. Those past decisions 15 have current impacts. 16 We recently adopted a new groundwater 17 sustainability plan. And one of my immediate concerns is what's the 18 19 impact on that. Like I said, I'm not 20 a water expert, but something tells 21 me if you divert water away, and I 22 looked at that map, it completely 23 avoids Stockton. Water surface water 24 and groundwater are connected. 25 you're diverting water away from our

1 ground basin water which we rely on 2 for farming, and in the event of a 3 drought, we're relying on that water to support our communities. 4 What's 5 going to happen to those basins? we going to have to change our 6 groundwater sustainability plan now because we have to divert water? 8 I often take the ACE train to the Bay 9 10 People are very familiar with area. 11 that. One of the places that you go 12 through is the salt water plains that 13 are out there. And I would often talk to old timers 14 15 that had a lot of experience out 16 there, and they tell me how great it 17 used to be a long time ago with all the hunting, the wildlife and 18 19 everything that went out there. 20 if you look at what policy makers are 21 having to do out there now is they're 22 having to make drastic and expensive 23 They're trying to fix the changes. side effects of what happened with 24 all the saltwater intrusion. 25 So if

1		that were to happen here, are we
2		going to look like what it looks like
3		out there? That's not a community I
4		want to live in.
5		One of the things that I really pride
6		myself in as a council member, I'm
7		not a forever politician. What I
8		really want to do is leave a legacy
9		that the next council member doesn't
10		have to make the tough decisions I
11		have to make, whether that be
12		financial or environmental, which is
13		a lot of reasons that people are here
14		right now. And what I don't want to
15		do is leave that legacy where 20 or
16		30 years from now, somebody is
17		cleaning up my mess. I have one year
18		on the council, three to go. I will
19		never support this. And, God
20		willing, I have four more years after
21		that, so seven years of no votes that
22		you're going to get from at least one
23		of the council members. Thank you.
24	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
<del>25</del>		Mr. Jones.

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1 EARL JONES: Hello, my name is Earl Jones. 2 I'm here because -- well, you say 3 that you'll be addressing -- well, partly, that this project is intended 4 5 to address climate change. I don't think you're considering it 6 7 adequately. I further don't think that you're able to consider it 9 adequately at this point, because 10 climate change is an ongoing thing; and we have no idea how far and in 11 12 what directions it will take us until 13 we see what the planet does or does not decide to do about it. 14 15 And this tunnel project is going to 16 be a big deal. It's going to cost a 17 lot. It's going to have construction 18 impacts. It's going to damage things 19 as it's built through, and it does no 20 good whatsoever unless it's used; and 21 beyond that, used to a substantial 22 amount of its capacity. And we don't 23 know right now whether that water is 24 going to be there and whether it's 25 most efficient -- whether the most

1		efficient use of the water that is
2		there is for wasteful agricultural
3		practices and/or wasteful residential
4		use.
5		There is one and only one source of
6		water which can be considered
7		reliable at this point. It's called
8		the Pacific Ocean. And when people
9		are ready to face up to the need for
10		large scaled desalinization, ready to
11		open their wallets for it, that's
12		when we can get something useful done
13		about water supply.
14		Right now, we're pouring sand on the
15		riptide. It's I want to see
16		alternatives that are not just no
17		action alternatives. I want to see
18		alternatives that are no diversion
19		alternatives.
20	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
21	CLARENCE KOOI:	I'm Clarence Kooi, and I would like
22		to propose an alternative to the twin
23		pipes. And to do that, I'll go over
24		to this map.
<del>25</del>	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Make sure you speak into the mic.

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1		-Niria Alicia, and Kathleen Gapusan,
_2		if you can get yourselves ready.
_3		And please proceed.
4	ROGER KELLY:	My name is Roger Kelly. I'm a
5		life-long resident of Stockton who
6		lives on the Calaveras River. I
7		recreate and volunteer to help
8		improve the quality of the Delta. I
9		oppose any Delta tunnel proposal. We
10		need water from the Sac to help flush
11		out the Delta. The water quality is
12		getting worse every day. We can't
13		afford to give up any more water.
14		When I recreate out there, there's
15		many areas we can't even go to
16		because of the toxic algae. They
17		have to put signs out. The people
18		who don't have the ability to be out
19		on a boat and maybe get the better
20		quality water, small children down
21		there swimming downtown, they're
22		going to become sick. We need the
23		water to flush this stuff out.
24		There's other problems that
25		contribute.

1 But I also do water testing for the 2 California Water Quality Board, and 3 the equali level in many parts of Stockton including the Calaveras 4 River is at the highest recordable 5 And it's only going to get levels. 6 worse if we start taking all of the water from Sacramento, and then we're 8 going to start stretching out the 9 10 water from the Hogan and different reservoirs; and the water quality is 11 12 going to become -- we're going to 13 have a toxic cesspool out there, and the salt intrusion. What about our 14 15 farmers? What about this water that 16 I'm talking about that -- the algae 17 bloom, the equali, when it spreads out into the main channel and we're 18 19 irrigating our crops? Why is it fair 20 to rob Peter to pay Paul? We're just 21 as important. And there's not enough 22 water to give. 23 They need do decel -- we need to come 24 up with other solutions. We can't 25 keep pilfering from a source that's

		,
1		already over exceeded its level. The
2		time is done. We need new solutions.
3		This one has got to get scrapped.
4		Thank you.
5	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank You.
-6-	ORION CAMERO:	People and camera, if you can hear
<del>-7</del>		me, say Yay. Shouts out. Okay.
-8		Hi everybody. My name is Orion
_9		Camero. I'm a visual storytelling
<del>10</del>		educator and arts organizer that
<del>11</del>		works at the intersection of social
12		economic and ecological issues. So
<del>13</del>		that's why I'm here today.
<del>14</del>		And I have been at this work for
<del>15</del>		over a little less than a decade.
<del>16</del> —		And I decided to bring forward a
<del>17</del>		visual compliment. So this is a
18		mural that we worked on for the last
<del>19</del>		four years. It talks about social
20		and economic and ecological issues in
21		California. And, actually, if you
22		can let me point to this. This is
23		actually the Delta Conveyance
24		Project. It has a corporate frog
<del>25</del>		shaking hands with a public official.

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1	_	efficient use of the water that is
_2		there is for wasteful agricultural
_3		practices and/or wasteful residential
_4		use.
_5		There is one and only one source of
-6		water which can be considered
<del>-7</del>		reliable at this point. It's called
-8		the Pacific Ocean. And when people
_9		are ready to face up to the need for
10		large scaled desalinization, ready to
11		open their wallets for it, that's
12		when we can get something useful done
13		about water supply.
14		Right now, we're pouring sand on the
<del>15</del> —		riptide. It's I want to see
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20	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
21	CLARENCE KOOI:	I'm Clarence Kooi, and I would like
22		to propose an alternative to the twin
23		pipes. And to do that, I'll go over
24		to this map.
25	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Make sure you speak into the mic.

1	CLARENCE KOOI:	At the present time, a lot of the
2		water from the San Joaquin River
3		flows over to the pumping plants
4		through other channels instead of
5		going down the river. This is the
6		San Joaquin River. Okay. This is
7		the San Joaquin River. A lot of the
8		water goes over here to these pumping
9		plants which are right down here from
10		the San Joaquin River.
11		So my proposal is to block out those
12		entries here and all along, block
13		them off so water flows down the
14		river. That way, the salmon follow
15		the river, instead of getting lost in
16		here.
17		And then, of course, the Sacramento
18		River would be flow as it does
19		now. What's wrong and then to
20		these back channels, the water would
21		flow to the pumping stations. What's
22		wrong with that? Well, saltwater
23		intrusion. When you have the water
24		flowing back down to the pump, you
25		have saltwater intrusion. So then we

use a saltwater barrier way down here 1 2 in the Carquinez Straits. This was 3 proposed in 1929, but not built because it was considered that the 4 flushing action of the rivers would 5 be sufficient to keep the saltwater 6 at bay. Well, it isn't anymore. we put in the saltwater barrier, and 8 we have all the water flowing down 9 10 the rivers to this point, and then flow back here without saltwater 11 12 intrusion. And that's perfectly feasible. 13 14 And, as a matter of fact, in bulletin 15 22, 27 of the Department of Water 16 Resources, this has all been worked 17 out. And we evidently have forgotten At that time, it wasn't built 18 that. because the flow from the -- in the 19 20 rivers was considered sufficient to 21 keep the saltwater at bay. 22 So my proposal is to cut off these 23 exits from the river. Let the water 24 flow back to the pumps through these 25 various channels, like right here --

1		and saltwater barrier.
2	CLARENCE KOOI:	Thank you.
3		-Mr. Saunders.
_4	JACK SAUNDERS:	Yes.
_5	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Okay.
-6-	JACK SAUNDERS:	Thank you. And I am appreciative
<del>-7</del>		that you're here today. And I hope
-8-		that this particular process will
_9		help you get to a conclusion that
<del>10</del>		doesn't include a tunnel.
11		A little bit of history: We're
12		talking about the San Joaquin River.
<del>13</del>		Really, the San Joaquin River is
14		river, in name only. The San Joaquin
<del>15</del> —		River actually runs south down the
16—		valley. And over the years,
<del>17</del>		beginning in the Gold Rush, water has
18		been diverted just about every place
<del>19</del>		you can imagine. And in doing so,
20		we've created a situation where we've
21		become so dependent on water that we
22		don't have, because we're in drought
23		a third of the time, we've become to
24		depend on it; and we've gotten into
<del>25</del>		wars. And you're certainly all

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1	_	construction starts. And then full
_2		transparency for the project and
_3		planning construction and operation
_4		must be observed. This includes
_5		financial costs, as well as
-6		monitoring and adaptive management
<del>_7</del>		events. And monitoring of adaptive
-8		management must include members of
_9		all concerned persons.
10	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
11		Thank you. Ms. Wagner-Tyack.
12	JANE WAGNER-TYACK	: Thank you. I'm Jane Wagner-Tyack.
13		I'm a board member of the Legal Women
14		Voters of San Joaquin County. I'm
15		also Water Program Codirector for the
16		League of Women Voters of California.
17		The League of California has
18		long-standing policies supporting
19		nonstructural alternatives for water
20		supply in California.
21		With respect to the Delta, these
22		policies align with principles
23		established by the 2009 Delta Reform
24		Act that are now part of the
25		California Water Code and the Public

1	Resources Code. Earlier iterations
2	of the Delta Conveyance Plan
3	beginning with BDCP and WaterFix
4	failed to meet the League's criteria
5	for supporting new conveyance
6	infrastructure of the Delta and to
7	conform to established law. Despite
8	the substitution of a single tunnel
9	for two tunnels, we do not see
LO	important changes in the conveyance
L1	plan since 2015. Specifically, we do
L2	not see that real limits have been
L 3	placed on the amount of water to be
L 4	exported. In recognition of the fact
L5	that the state has approved at least
L6	five acre feet of consumptive water
L7	rights claims for every acre foot of
L8	unimpaired flow in the Sacramento and
L9	San Joaquin River basins, under these
20	circumstances, protecting existing
21	supplies consistent with existing
22	water rates water rights is not a
23	sustainable strategy. We do not see
24	that strategy such as water
25	conservation and waste water

1 reclamation have been employed at the 2 fullest extent possible by export 3 users to minimize reliance on the Delta as required by the Delta Reform 4 5 Act. We do not see that high water quality standards will be protected 6 in the Delta and the estuary, or that strong binding environmental 8 safequards will protect all in-stream 9 10 We do not see that the full economic social and environmental 11 12 costs and benefits of the project have been fully assessed for areas of 13 water origin. It is significant that 14 15 no public hearings or scoping 16 meetings have been scheduled until 17 just now, north of the Delta in the Trinity, Klamath, and Sacramento 18 19 River watersheds. And, as Ms. 20 Barrigan clearly pointed out, the 21 Trinity and Klamath watersheds are 22 not necessarily all that close to 23 Redding. Finally, the League of Women Voters of California has not 24 25 seen any good faith effort on the

1	part of those promoting Delta
2	conveyance to consider alternatives
3	to conveyance for meeting the state's
4	21st Century water challenges. We
5	hope you're serious about considering
6	real alternatives to conveyance.
7	PROGRAM MANAGER: Before you start, I'm going to call
-8-	the next three folks up. Margie
_9	Fries, James McCraw, and Elaine
<del>10</del>	Baret.
11	Please proceed.
12	DAN NOMELLINI, JR: Dan Nomellini, Jr. I'm with the
13	Central Water Agency. We will be
14	preparing detailed comments, but I'm
<del>15</del>	going to just wing it tonight.
<del>16</del> —	We are absolutely opposed to the
<del>17</del>	preferred project. Under no
18	circumstances will we tolerate that.
<del>19</del>	I wanted to highlight some of the
20	most disturbing things that I see.
21	And the first is a predetermination.
22	I believe you need to have your
23	head your head has been in the
24	sand if you think the decision has
<del>25</del>	not already been made to build a

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1	_	live. The generations that come
_2		after us will not live that long. We
_3		won't be healthy anymore. We'll soon
_4		become a city of sick people. We
_5		don't want to become the next Flint,
-6		Michigan. How is poisoning our
<del>-7</del>		people benefiting us? Who does this
-8		project really benefit? As far as I
_9		can see, this project does not
10		benefit us. So, therefore, I
11		conclude this speech: Whenever you
12		see water, whether you drink, swim,
<del>13</del>		shower, whenever you go outside,
14		think about how this project will
<del>15</del>		affect you and your loved one's
16		health. Thank you.
<del>17</del>	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
18		Tafari Lee.
19	TAFARI LEE:	Hi, my name is Tafari Lee. And I'm
20		sure you heard tonight, you heard all
21		of the statistics, and you heard the
22		impacts and the things that can
23		happen. So what I'm going to do is
24		I'm going to talk to you about some
25		possibilities that appeal to your

1	humanity.
2	So I actually visited Lodi Lake for
3	the first time in maybe two or three
4	years last weekend. I had found that
5	it was completely dried out. The
6	trees in the area were dying and the
7	grass was starting to dry out. And
8	that is the last thing that I want to
9	happen to the Delta. This is the
10	last thing I want for Stockton. And
11	with a project like this, as people
12	have told you, no, you're not going
13	to find many people that are going to
14	want to back it. And I personally
15	believe that this the money that
16	we're going to use for this and the
17	resources that are going to be put
18	into this can actually be put into
19	something that can help us and
20	benefit us more locally, rather than
21	something that's going to help the
22	people down in L.A. and not actually
23	help the people of Stockton.
24	And another thing I wanted to address
25	was what's going on with the people

1 from the south side and the people --2 like the people who live in the 3 areas, the people who's ancestors 4 help to create these waterways, the 5 people who are -- the people who are not going to benefit from this at all 6 are the people who should be benefiting from it the most. They're 8 the people who their ancestors helped 9 10 create this waterway. They are the 11 people who are the reason that this 12 waterway exists, and it's being 13 drained away from them. If anything, 14 this isn't going to help them. 15 going to make it worse for them. 16 It's going to make it harder for them 17 to acquire clean water, and it's going to make it hard for them to 18 19 acquire water in general. 20 And another possibility, something I want to talk about, how come we never 21 22 see people going out onto the Delta, 23 The first time I went onto you know? 24 the Delta was probably a few years 25 ago. And I was scared to get into

1 the water because I thought it was 2 going to be dirty. I thought it was 3 going to be polluted and stuff. while it wasn't as bad as I thought 4 it would be, if this is the direction 5 that we're going in, it might end up 6 7 being as bad as I thought it would We're going to start seeing less 8 people going onto the Delta boating, 9 10 less people fishing. And the people who are fishing are going to be 11 12 getting fish from contaminated waters and possibly eating -- possibly 13 14 eating contaminated meat. The people 15 who rely on fishing, the people who 16 can't really afford to go out and 17 just buy fancy foods, the people who need to fish the most are going to be 18 19 hurting from this tremendously. 20 if we were to take like the money and 21 the resources that we were to use for 22 this instead of putting it into 23 something that would maybe help clean 24 up the Delta to make it more 25 appealable to people, so that way,

1		more people come and more people
2		would visit, we have another thing to
3		do in Stockton, something big,
4		something we can be proud of,
5		something that we can show off, and
6		not some waterway that is being
7		drained off to SoCal. Thank you.
8	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
_9		Next, Mr. Wells.
<del>10</del>	BILL WELLS:	Thank you very much. I appreciate
11		being here. My name is Bill Wells.
12		I'm with the California Delta Chamber
<del>13</del> —		and Admissions Bureau. We've been
14		around for about 51 years in the
<del>15</del> —		Delta here. I'd like to direct your
<del>16</del> —		attention to your own documents down
<del>17</del>		here. Item number two, the last
18		sentence says, "The infrastructure
<del>19</del>		that enables the conveyance or
<del>20</del>		movement of California's water supply
21		is critical to the health of local
22		communities." I totally agree. It's
23		critical to Stockton, Isleton, Walnut
24		Grove and all of the other little
<del>25</del> —		towns on to the Sacramento River. So

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Г	
	-Jaelyn? Okay, you'll be next.
	Gloria Alonso and Jeff Balmores, if
	you can get yourselves prepared.
	And, Ms. Baret, if you can please
	<del>proceed.</del>
ELAINE BARET:	Hi, my name is Elaine Baret, and I am
	the Program Manager for Little Manila
	Rising. I am also born and raised in
	south Stockton. Stockton is my home.
	I'm here today to advocate for the
	protections of our community of
	Stockton and the community
	surrounding the Delta.
	What would it mean to move forward
	with a project on the Delta without
	considering our community health and
	need? This would impact our home
	even more and change the course of
	our community's health. Stockton,
	especially south Stockton, has
	already disproportionately higher
	rates of poor environmental and
	health outcomes, from ninety-five to
	a hundred percent pollution burden,
	high diesel particulate matter, and
	ELAINE BARET:

1 particulate matter to high poverty 2 rates and extremely high asthma rates 3 based on CalEnviroscreen indicators. When we look at history, we recognize 4 5 that many of those health outcomes are a result of historic 6 disinvestment dating back to the 1930's red lining practices that have been done, and in Stockton, building 9 10 the cross town freeway right through marginalized communities and 11 communities of color and more 12 specifically, the community of Little 13 Little Manila was home to 14 15 the largest Filipino population 16 outside of the Philippines from the 17 1920's to the 1960's. We have a rich history in the Delta. 18 A lot of my 19 ancestors, our moms worked in the 20 fields; but, also, they did a lot of the labor work to build the levee 21 22 surrounding the Delta. If we move 23 forward with this project, there will be heavy truck traffic to all of the 24 25 major construction sites competing on

```
1
     the I5 Highway corridor. And right
 2
     now, 30,000 people commute from
 3
     Stockton to Sacramento, and 40 K and
     more to the Bay area. Where are the
 4
 5
     regional traffic studies? This will
     increase air pollution impacts on
 6
     urban and rural communities like my
 8
     home in Stockton.
                        It's a domino
 9
     effect on our air quality -- it's a
10
     domino effect on our quality of life
     from policies put into place. It's
11
12
     like we're experiencing historic
     amnesia for our communities like what
13
14
     happened with the cross town freeway.
15
     A lot of our communities I work with
16
     is new to environmental justice.
17
     that's because environmental justice
     unfortunately, it is not a concern on
18
19
            Our communities are already
     them.
20
     suffering, and we're more worried
21
     about surviving and living day to
22
     day.
           How much more pollution are we
23
     expected to live with? A no tunnel
     alternative would be best for our
24
25
     community. Thank you.
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1	_	a no tunnel alternative.
2	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
_3		Mr. McGraw.
4	JAMES McGRAW:	Hello, everybody. My name is James
5		McGraw. First, I would like to ask
6		you two to put a smile across your
7		guys's faces. You've been frowning
8		almost this whole night. Secondly,
9		you're going a great job typing. No
10		one has said anything about that.
11		Now I'm going to start off with a pro
12		and the cons list. Now, the pro of
13		the tunnels: Los Angeles gets water.
14		That's it. That's all I've seen,
15		really.
16		Now, let's talk about the cons.
17		Because, really, I had something
18		written down, but I can't really do
19		that. I don't want that.
20		Anyways, what I've looked at and I've
21		been hearing all around everybody is
22		everybody is saying not to build
23		these tunnels. Yet, like other
24		people are mentioning, you guys have
25		it set in your heads that oh, we're

1 building the tunnels. We're going to 2 hold this little thing to look like 3 we're doing something. Record it as proof and evidence that we did 4 5 something. But we're still going to pass this because we're the 6 government. But besides from that, I'm looking at 8 the cons. You're killing tons and 9 10 tons of animals and fish that you may not consider animals, like others 11 12 have said. You're destroying so much 13 land. Water that used to be okay, 14 but because of actions of you guys, 15 it's no longer -- you can't even swim in it without, you know, seeing 16 17 mutated fish or something like that. But I don't know. I'm kind of up 18 19 here disappointed. Because you guys, 20 you still frown me. But this entire 21 time, I just notice you guys don't 22 care. And the entire time, you're 23 taking all of this documented 24 information and you're making this 25 big old scene like you guys care.

1		But, really, you're not going to do
2		anything.
3		I've lived on the Delta for seven
4		years and just turned eighteen. But
5		I've seen enough out there to know
6		that you guys just don't care about
7		it. The people that dump stuff over
8		there on eight-mile road all the
9		time, nothing is ever done about
10		that. And whenever something goes
11		wrong out there and we have to call
12		the police or we have to get the fire
13		department, no one comes out because
14		it takes so long.
15		The Delta has been neglected for a
16		really, really long time. And I
17		think you are guys are finally just
18		trying to put the kid out of the
19		house. That's all I have to say.
20		Thank you.
21	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
22		Ms. Baret.
23		And before you start, I'm going call
24		the next group up. And I'm sorry if
<del>25</del>		I can't read the last name. Is it

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1	_	Mariah Looney, Barbara Barrigan
_2		Parilla and Sal Jobreck.
_3		Sorry if I'm mispronouncing.
4		-Go.
5	CHRIS NEUDECK:	Good evening. My name is Chris
6		Neudeck. I work with an engineering
7		firm, Kjeldsen, Sinnock & Neudeck.
8		And by way of the alignments, the two
9		alignments being proposed, our firm
10		represents many of those islands or
11		what's known as reclamation districts
12		and have been for the last sixty-plus
13		years.
14		I've testified before the state board
15		on the WaterFix and the issue of the
16		impacts.
17		And tonight I'm only going to mention
18		two areas that I think need be looked
19		at as other alternatives.
20		As Mr. Nomellini stated, he was quite
21		excited about the fact that you might
22		be considering other alternatives, in
23		particular, no project alternatives.
24		So I'll will start with the no
25		project alternative.

1 On item 16 in your questions and 2 answers, you speak to nonstructural 3 alternatives or one better said is no project alternatives. 4 5 I've worked in the Delta since the early '80's. And in the early '90s, 6 the Department of Water Resources came to one of my clients, through 8 what's known as the South Delta 9 10 Improvement Program down in the west This was known as Reclamation 11 Delta. 12 District Number 800 Byron Tract, which is just north of the Clifton 13 Court Forebay. And through that 14 15 South Delta Improvement Program, 16 there was a series of representations 17 as to what they were going to do to improve conveyance to the forebay to 18 19 get better conveyance and capacity. 20 Meanwhile, at the end of that kind of 21 ten-year period, they came to the 22 reclamation district and said, you 23 know, the real impact of pumping is 24 the fish impacts. And they proposed 25 a stream up on the north side of

1 Clifton Court Forebay that was going 2 to allow for sweeping flows and 3 taking care of the fish impact. So I'd like to see that being brought 4 5 back in. It was dropped without any real explanation. We worked very 6 seriously on negotiating the terms and conditions of a right of entry 8 and so forth. 9 10 The second alternative I would like to have looked at as well, if we're 11 12 talking about alternatives, two 13 alignments that are next to each other really aren't alternatives. 14 15 They're still in the Delta. You've 16 taken that -- the purple one and 17 thrown it in as a discussion item. What we really need to do is look 18 19 outside the Delta. Maybe look to the 20 west Delta. So I'd ask that be 21 considered as well. 22 The Delta is a very sensitive area, 23 and it's a very severe area when it 24 comes to impacts, and I seek to have 25 that done as well. Thank you.

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1	<del>-1</del>	part of those promoting Delta
_2		conveyance to consider alternatives
_3	+	to conveyance for meeting the state's
_4		21st Century water challenges. We
_5	]	hope you're serious about considering
-6	=	real alternatives to conveyance.
<del>-7</del>	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Before you start, I'm going to call
-8	;	the next three folks up. Margie
9	]	Fries, James McCraw, and Elaine
10	]	Baret.
11	]	Please proceed.
12	DAN NOMELLINI, JR	Dan Nomellini, Jr. I'm with the
13	(	Central Water Agency. We will be
14	]	preparing detailed comments, but I'm
15	· ·	going to just wing it tonight.
16	7	We are absolutely opposed to the
17	]	preferred project. Under no
18		circumstances will we tolerate that.
19	:	I wanted to highlight some of the
20	ı	most disturbing things that I see.
21		And the first is a predetermination.
22	:	I believe you need to have your
23	]	head your head has been in the
24		sand if you think the decision has
25	1	not already been made to build a

1 tunnel. And that's sad, because, as 2 we all know, there's a lot of ways 3 that reliability can be improved with the existing system, and that money 4 can be used in a lot better places. 5 So that's unfortunate. 6 And as far as scoping comments, the game is to design the project 8 objective so it rules out these other 9 10 broader solutions, so I would urge you not to do that; but I know you're 11 going to do that. 12 The second thing I want to talk 13 14 about, the most disturbing thing to 15 me is the abandonment of maintaining 16 Delta water quality. Right now, as 17 you know, so long as the projects export water from Tracy, they need to 18 19 keep the entire Delta fresh, because 20 that's where they're pulling their 21 water from. Once you build a 22 physical facility that lets them take 23 the water to north Delta, you've 24 destroyed that common interest in 25 keeping the Delta fresh, and we can't

1 allow that to happen. We're not 2 going to be able to legally control 3 how they operate that facility. the goal is to not allow them to 4 5 physically construct it. Now, this has been our fear that once they 6 7 construct it, all of a sudden, they're going to stop caring about 8 Delta levees; they're going to start 9 10 changing the water quality criteria. They have the political power to do 11 12 that. We believe they will. So that 13 was our fear. But now, I believe 14 the're taking the gloves off and 15 they're coming out and saying, yes, 16 our plan is to abandon maintaining 17 Delta water quality in the wake of sea level rise. So now they're 18 19 claiming with sea level rise, there's 20 going to be greater intrusion of 21 salinity, and their solution, as I 22 understand it, and I'm waiting to see 23 how much they admit it; but their 24 solution is not to release more fresh 25 water to keep the Delta fresh, which

1		half a century of laws and promises
2		were made to ensure that they would.
3		Instead, their plan is to take that
4		water that we need to keep the Delta
5		fresh and put it in the tunnel. And
6		so that's devastating to our area.
7		And for the scoping comments, I would
8		request that you explain how not one
9		drop of water will be exported with a
10		tunnel that is needed to maintain
11		adequate Delta water quality. And I
12		would suggest that you include
13		alternatives that will ensure that
14		not one drop of water is exported
15		that is needed to maintain adequate
16		Delta water quality. Now, to us,
17		that means you need non-tunnel
18		alternatives, and a lot of them.
19		Thank you.
20	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
21		Proceed.
22	MARJIE FRIES:	I'm Margie Fries, representing the
23		San Joaquin County Climate Action
24		Coalition and the Peace and Justice
<del>25</del> —		Network. For decades of

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1	_ <del>- w</del>	vere large enough to accommodate, and
_2	k	pased on histories of where people
_3	h	ave come and participated in the
_4	n	meetings. So we tried to get a
_5	<u> </u>	eretty broad representation.
-6	W	We did receive comments that we are
<del>-7</del>	m m	rissing areas to the north. So we
-8	a	dded that Redding meeting to try to
_9	a	ddress that concern.
10	F	or the environmental justice
11	C	ommunities, specifically, we're
12	Y	eally interested in trying to reach
13	e	out to communities in ways that are
14	e	easy for them, and we recognize that
<del>15</del>	6	oming to scoping meetings isn't
16	a	lways easy for people.
<del>17</del>	S	o that's what the Ag Innovations
18	f	olks are trying to figure out ways
19	W	here we can go to their meetings or
20	d	lo things in a way that is as easy as
21	p	possible for people to help make
22		omments.
23	PROGRAM MANAGER: C	ther questions?
24	DANTE JOHN NOMELLIN	<mark>I, SR</mark> .: I'm Dante John Nomellini,
25	S	r. Did I hear you correctly, that

1		you are going to consider
2		alternatives that don't include a
3		tunnel?
4	FACILITATOR:	So at the moment, we're looking for
5		alternatives. So if you have a
6		preference about an alternative
7		specifically that doesn't include a
8		tunnel, please submit that as part of
9		your scoping comments.
10	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Other questions?
<del>11</del>	DAVID FRIES:	Thank you. My name is Dave Fries.
12		I'm with San Joaquin Audubon. I know
13		in the WaterFix scenario, Governor
14		Brown set it up so that there would
<del>15</del> —		be no public money, only rate payer
<del>16</del> —		money to pay for the project.
<del>17</del>		Therefore, there would be no
18		statewide vote.
<del>19</del>		Is this project set up the same way?
20	FACILITATOR:	This is a beneficiary project, so
21		those that receive the water would
22		-pay for it.
23	DAVID FRIES:	So Metropolitan Water is paying for
24		your salary now; is that right?
<del>25</del> —	FACILITATOR:	So right now, that is being paid for

1	_	communities and the ecosystem. Thank
_2		<del>you.</del>
_3	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
4		Mr. Nomellini.
5	DANTE JOHN NOMELL	INI, SR.: Thank you very much. Dante
6		John Nomellini again. This is almost
7		51 years that I've been dealing with
8		the same subject going through at
9		least three diversions of these types
10		of meetings and hearings.
11		The Delta project that's proposed
12		will clearly destroy the Delta.
13		There's no question about it. We
14		cannot sustain ten years of a
15		construction project. Wildlife is
16		going to be totally devastated by the
17		activity. Our farming and the
18		traffic is going to be terrible.
19		And, of course, the worst thing would
20		be to take too much water out of the
21		Delta.
22		The projects have been operating for
23		70 years, running water through the
24		channels of the Delta. The problem
25		has developed to try and take more

1 water than the system can provide. 2 And the law is clear, that the areas 3 of origin are entitled to recapture the water from the projects as demand 4 5 develops. So the water supply available to the projects is going to 6 diminish over time. This is a huge expenditure and money for almost no benefit. And the 9 10 problems of the state are far This is like the last fix 11 greater. 12 for a drug addict to have thinking 13 that they're going to be able to get 14 a lot of drugs later. 15 There needs to be a major difference 16 in approach. The fact that you guys 17 are actually conceding that this is not a predetermined tunnel project, 18 19 that you're going to look at 20 alternatives, that's a major step in 21 the right direction. And what we need to do is do what we 22 23 can in the interim to get more water 24 out of the Delta. But the projects are at least five million acre feet 25

1		short by reason of a failure to
2		develop north coast watershed water.
3		So we've got five million acre feet
4		of shortage and we've got the San
5		Luis project that adds on top of it.
6		So the problem in this state is going
7		to have to be addressed in a real way
8		to look at demand and reducing demand
9		on other resources. And the areas
10		that are importing water are going to
11		have to get self-sufficient. It's
12		not going to be available. We will
13		try and help on a solution. We'll
14		submit written comments. But by no
15		means, would we ever accept an
16		isolated facility such as a tunnel.
17		Thank you.
18	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
<del>19</del>		Before you start, I'll call the next
20		three up. David Fries, Jane Wagner
21		Tyack, and Dan Nomelini, Jr.
22		Please proceed.
23	JULIA RAPOZA:	My name is Julia Rapoza. I'm a
24		substitute teacher. And this month
<del>25</del> —		I'm wearing the hat of earth science

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1		in the sacred sky. It will be too
2		late to try, when you're on the wrong
_3		side. Now's the time to turn the
_4		tide. Now's the time to turn the
_5		tide.
<del>-6</del>	PROGRAM MANAGER:	If you can hand over the mic, that
<del>-7</del>		will be great. Thank you.
_8		Kathleen? Kathleen? No Kathleen
_9		Gapusan? Okay. Kathleen changes her
10-		mind. I will leave that over there.
11		The next three are Darvis Waiters,
12		Anthony Orosco, and Miniya Brisbane.
13		You can come up.
14		I'm just trying to keep track of time
<del>15</del>		here.
16	DARIUS WAITERS:	I just wanted to share my thoughts on
17		the tunnels with a little poem I
18		wrote:
19		"And yet again, the Delta and its
20		people have been overlooked,
21		disregarded, stepped upon from people
22		that don't even care to know who
23		they're stealing from.
24		Tunnels take so much from my
25		community. Youth from schools and

- 1 | the prisons, fathers into jails are
- 2 | familiar resources and welfare, our
- 3 | hope for a brighter future.
- 4 | And now the water right from the tips
- 5 | of our tongue, minority cultures have
- 6 | always been parched.
- 7 Why do you think we learned to rain
- 8 | dance?
- 9 Why do you think our throats are
- 10 cracked and dry screaming for equity
- 11 | and the right to be heard?
- 12 Do the greedy possess no ears, no
- 13 | hearts?
- 14 When you pollute the environment the
- 15 | people live in, you pollute the
- 16 | people in the environment.
- 17 When you pollute the ground from
- 18 under the community, the community is
- 19 devastated.
- 20 Are you aware of the reparations?
- 21 | Do you even care?
- 22 Do you think we don't see your
- 23 | thirst?
- 24 You can ignore the science, but you
- 25 | cannot ignore us. We are not fools.

1		We know a parched tongue when we see
2		one. We know a dry mouth when we see
3		one.
4		If you take our water, you take us
5		with you.
6		You should fear the bloods that
7		Stocktonians know how to make.
8		If it's water you wish for, then I
9		offer you the sweat and tears of our
10		humble struggling city.
11		You will drown in our protest, be
12		taken by the wave of our beating
13		hearts.
14		What is your thirst and greed to a
15		community that will fight for the
16		only thing that it has left?"
17	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
18	ANTHONY OROSCO:	My name is Anthony Orosco. And like
<del>19</del>		him, I'm just going to do a poem:
20		"I've been a south Stockton native
21		for 22 years. Fought past the city's
22		limits of care. I'm from the
23		darkness beyond the cross town. To
24		put it simply, I can't breathe.
<del>25</del>		Asthmatic lung struggles fighting

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1		-more folks. And there's people in
_2		the room who want to ensure that
_3		young people and families that aren't
_4		represented in this room today are
_5		here at this conversation.
<del>-6</del> -	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you very much.
7	MARGO PRAUS:	My name is Margo Praus. And I'm
8		here, I'm a member of the Sierra
9		Club, and I came with their email in
10		mind, as well as Restore the Delta.
11		I really appreciate the speakers'
12		comments about the irreparable damage
13		you're doing.
14		For years, California has had a long
15		history of redistributing water in
16		the valley. Our waterways and our
17		groundwater have been heavily
18		impacted. And we see this constant
19		like surface water that has been over
20		allocated. Doesn't matter what the
21		voluntary agreement says. It's been
22		over allocated, and groundwater has
23		been depleted.
24		The valley always seem to be on the
25		end of receiving the leftovers, the

1 throwaways. And the disadvantaged 2 communities in the valley often do 3 not have a voice. They do not deserve to be harmed more and more. 4 5 And, yet, that's what seems to be 6 occurring. One of your primary rationals listed is sea level rise. It's an interesting image that we're worried 9 10 about the sea level rise and how it will affect the pumping station. 11 12 we're not really addressing how it will affect our valley and our low 13 It needs to be 14 lying areas. 15 addressed. And I know that's not in 16 your scope, but it ought to be part 17 of the whole picture. And one of the stated purposes is to 18 19 minimize the disruption of water 20 delivery south of the Delta that 21 might result from a major earthquake 22 that might cause breaching of Delta 23 levees and the inundation of brackish 24 water into the area of the pumping 25 plants. None of us wants to see our

1		levees break. Will the EIR address
2		any levee structures, what's needed
3		to support them?
4		The tunnel will divert up to
5		two-thirds of the fresh water flowing
6		into the Delta from the Sacramento
7		River. That will have a huge impact
8		on Delta water quality. This is our
9		neighborhood. The EIR should assess
10		all the water areas and determine
11		protections that would be necessary
12		for all resources.
13		We will be impacted. The EIR should
14		do its analysis of the economic and
15		environmental cost and benefits of
16		the single tunnel project. But, most
17		importantly, include a no tunnel
18		alternative as well; and perhaps give
19		some thought to a desalination
20		project or two or three for
21		California. We do have an extensive
22		coastline.
23	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
24		I will call the next three folks up,
<del>25</del>		if you can make yourselves ready.

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1	_	We are also not I should have
_2		mentioned this before. I had a
_3		question at another meeting about
_4		taking somebody else's time, like can
_5		I have my wife's time? And that
-6		would be a total of six minutes. And
<del>-7</del>		we're just not going to do it that
-8		way. Everybody gets their own three
9		minutes, and we'll try to get through
10		as much as we can.
11		So with that, Annie is sitting right
12		here in the front, and she has the
13		microphone.
14		I will call you up for your comments.
<del>15</del>		But for this question part, if you
16		just stand up in the middle, and
17		Annie will give you the microphone,
18		and we'll do the questions that way.
19		So does anybody have any questions?
20		Annie, right next to you.
21	JULIA RAPOZA:	Hi, my name is Julia Rapoza, and I am
22		with Sustainable Stockton. And I
23		wanted to know what other sources of
24		water have you considered besides the
25		Delta?

1	FACILITATOR:	So that sounds a little bit like a
2		suggestion for alternatives to me.
3		We really are looking for ideas of
4		other suggestions. So if there are
5		places and things that you think we
6		should consider, we would really
7		encourage you to submit those in your
8		scoping comments.
9	JULIA RAPOZA:	I take it, that means, you don't have
10		any other ideas?
11	FACILITATOR:	Well, what we've put out is a
12		proposed project that identifies the
13		project that is the basis for
14		analysis. And we're looking for
15		other ideas, so we are collecting.
16		We may add to those based on our own
17		technical understanding; but right
18		now, we're looking at a proposed
19		project.
20	AUDIENCE MEMBER:	Can we have people hold the mic a
21		little closer to the mouth on both of
22		them?
23	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Yeah, so if you have a question,
24		maybe, Barbara, just come up, stand
<del>25</del>		up and come up. And then hold the

1		short by reason of a failure to
_2		develop north coast watershed water.
_3		So we've got five million acre feet
_4		of shortage and we've got the San
_5		Luis project that adds on top of it.
-6		So the problem in this state is going
<del>-7</del>		to have to be addressed in a real way
_8		to look at demand and reducing demand
_9		on other resources. And the areas
10		that are importing water are going to
11		have to get self-sufficient. It's
12		not going to be available. We will
13		try and help on a solution. We'll
14		submit written comments. But by no
<del>15</del>		means, would we ever accept an
16		isolated facility such as a tunnel.
<del>17</del>		Thank you.
18	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
<del>19</del>		Before you start, I'll call the next
20		three up. David Fries, Jane Wagner
21		Tyack, and Dan Nomelini, Jr.
22		Please proceed.
23	JULIA RAPOZA:	My name is Julia Rapoza. I'm a
24		substitute teacher. And this month
25		I'm wearing the hat of earth science

1 teacher, so I'm doing a lot of rapid 2 learning about the environment, a lot 3 of things I didn't know about before. And I must say, you're facing a 4 terrible dilemma. I would not want 5 to be in your shoes. You're looking 6 at the needs of a massive population of Los Angeles and downward from us, and then you're looking at the 9 10 smaller population, and you're saying the needs of the greater number or 11 12 the needs of the few. But you might 13 be mislooking at the project. One of the things that I learned this 14 15 week in one of the documentaries I watched was about --16 called 17 the -- it's called, "The Gateway to the Underworld in the Permafrost." 18 19 It started with a simple project in 20 the 1960's. They were just going to 21 build a road through the permafrost. 22 They cut a few trees down. But that 23 triggered an effect, an unanticipated 24 effect that they didn't expect, that 25 the permafrost was going to start

```
1
     melting beneath it. And then more
 2
     and more trees just kept caving in
 3
     and caving in until they had this
     massive, massive and ever growing
 4
 5
     crater.
              You're going to create a
     legacy that you will not see the end
 6
     of.
          You won't live to the time that
     you find out what your legacy is.
 8
     But the impact will -- we're all
 9
10
     mortal.
              I'm mortal; you're mortal.
     And I've only recently come to the
11
12
     conclusion that the earth is mortal
13
           The question is will the
14
     consequences of what you do make the
15
     earth half an extra ten years, an
16
     extra 20 years or less a hundred
17
     years or a fewer thousand years?
                                        Our
     ecosystems are delicate.
18
19
     ecosystems are fragile. The Delta is
20
     where migrating birds from all over
21
     the word come.
                     The more you meddle
22
     with the Delta, the more you meddle
23
     with the ecosystems of the entire
24
     planet, because it's a migratory
25
     place for birds, for fish. This week
```

1 I was learning about the salmon. 2 Each salmon lays 4,000 eggs. 3 know how many salmon return each year Two. 4 to spawn? No, two. Two out of 5 4,000 eggs. What do you think is going to happen in our Sacramento 6 River, your Sacramento River, when you start dredging up silt and soils? 8 Maybe you're a vegan already. 9 Maybe 10 you don't eat salmon, so maybe you think they don't matter. What about 11 12 the bears? What about the forest? 13 Oh, yeah, I forgot about that. the salmon die, they fertilize the 14 15 forest. So if we're having all of these wild fires and the salmon 16 17 aren't returning to fertilize our forest, what will happen? 18 This is 19 vour forest. This is your Delta. 20 This is not us against Los Angeles. 21 This is for you. And when you 22 disrupt an ecosystem, it does not 23 This is your legacy. recover. 24 the courage, have the courage to say 25 I know if you are in a terrible no.

1		dilemma and you care about those
2		people down south. They will find a
3		way. There are hundreds of billions
4		of people that within 30 years will
5		be displaced all over the world.
6		Maybe Los Angeles was not the place
7		to settle in the place
8	PROGRAM MANAGER:	thank for your comments.
_9	DAVID FRIES:	Thank you. My name is David Fries.
<del>10</del>		I'm the Conservation Chair for the
11		San Joaquin Audubon Society. And the
12		Audubon Society submits the following
13		concerns relative to construction of
14		a single tunnel water conveyance
<del>15</del> —		structure through the heart of our
<del>16</del> —		Sacramento San Joaquin Delta.
<del>17</del>		First of all, there needs to be
18-		protection for all the bird species
<del>19</del>		there. The project proponents cannot
20		rely on the California Natural
21		Diversity Database to determine
22		whether species are present.
23		Thorough surveys must be done before
24		the project design is determined and
<del>25</del>		the EIR is written, so that the

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1		mic close so that everybody can hear.
2	BARBARA BARRIGAN	PARILLA: Thank you for coming to
3		Stockton. Thank you for the series
4		of meetings you've done. You had the
5		map up, figure two of the NOP. The
6		project runs from Trinity County to
7		the Mexican border. If that's the
8		total impacted area of the project, I
9		am curious why there isn't a scoping
10		meeting in Trinity, because it takes
11		two to three hours to get from
12		Trinity County to Redding. Why isn't
13		there a scoping meeting in San Diego
14		where you have rate payers paying the
15		highest rates of water in the state?
16		And why weren't there scoping
17		meetings for East L.A., Compton,
18		South Central L.A., Maywood, Downey
19		and Paramount, are other
20		environmental justice brothers and
21		sisters in California.
22	FACILITATOR:	So we selected scoping meetings based
23		on locations where people expressed
24		interest in having a scoping meeting,
25		based on availability of spaces that

1		were large enough to accommodate, and
2		based on histories of where people
3		have come and participated in the
4		meetings. So we tried to get a
5		pretty broad representation.
6		We did receive comments that we are
7		missing areas to the north. So we
8		added that Redding meeting to try to
9		address that concern.
10		For the environmental justice
11		communities, specifically, we're
12		really interested in trying to reach
13		out to communities in ways that are
14		easy for them, and we recognize that
15		coming to scoping meetings isn't
16		always easy for people.
17		So that's what the Ag Innovations
18		folks are trying to figure out ways
19		where we can go to their meetings or
20		do things in a way that is as easy as
21		possible for people to help make
22		comments.
23	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Other questions?
24	DANTE JOHN NOMELL	INI, SR.: I'm Dante John Nomellini,
<del>25</del>		Sr. Did I hear you correctly, that

1	their right to recreation guaranteed
_2	under the California Constitution.
_3	If the state insists on the project,
_4	there must be equity for Stockton
_5	that includes improvement in air
-6-	pollution and water quality, not just
<del>-7</del>	minimum mitigation. Because our
-8-	people are already starting at an
_9	environmental and economic
10	disadvantage. And we're almost the
11	worse in the state.
12	There must be a commitment that is
13	planned now to protect drinking water
14	supply and improve surface water
<del>15</del>	quality conditions for access to
16—	recreation for environmental justice
<del>17</del>	communities. But it's questionable
18-	that any amount spent will mitigate
<del>19</del>	the impacts on public health and a
20	sustainable economically sorry.
21	I'm just going to end it there.
22	Thank you.
23	BARBARA BARRIGAN PARILLA: Barbara Barrigan Parilla,
24	Restoring the Delta. I'm really
25	happy that my mentor, Dante

1 Nomellini, Sr., asked the question 2 about alternatives. And in your 3 answer, you talked that you were looking for additional alternatives 4 That's 5 rather than this project. what the Governor's Water Resilience 6 Portfolio was supposed to cover, but 8 it didn't. Comments for loading water projects 9 10 to create regional sustainability through other regions of California 11 12 were ignored. The science from the state's fourth climate change 13 14 assessment was ignored. 15 And so now you're saying that you're 16 looking for other solutions via this 17 process. We're totally confused. 18 19 The fourth climate change assessment 20 shows that there is going to be 21 extended periods of drought that will 22 impact water quality. You're 23 proposing a project that cannot be 24 operated during extreme flood. 25 You're building it to a

1 two-hundred-year flood plane 2 standard. But you have not completed 3 full analysis on the Sacramento River side and taking a look at elevations 4 on Delta lands, on what the total 5 flood impact could be during high 6 water events and the storm surge and with sea level rise. So we're 8 disturbed because climate change is 9 10 continuously used as the reason for the project, but you are not going 11 12 deep enough. You're not doubling 13 down. You're not looking at the 14 science to get to the real solutions. 15 As far as impacts, we really insist 16 from this community that the analysis 17 has to be at a cumulative impact in relation to urban populations on air 18 19 quality in relation to disturbed peat 20 soils for construction, diesel 21 emissions for small trucks, traffic, 2.2 emissions from concrete batch sites, 23 real traffic and barging. 24 It can't be separated. It has to be 25 put together. We have to see what

1		the cumulative impacts are.
2		This community must see an in-depth
3		analysis of potential for increased
4		algal blooms as a result of changes
5		in hydrology for construction and
6		operations.
7		We at Restore the Delta oppose the
8		project. We do not believe that you
9		can't mitigate all the negative
10		consequences.
11		But I will stress what my friends and
12		colleagues have said here. The
13		community, if you are going to do
14		this, should be made better. And I
15		don't think you can do it. But you
16		can't start by leaving it behind.
17	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
18—		Our next three. Earl Jones, Jack
<del>19</del> —		Saunders, and Clarence Kooi.
<del>20</del> —	SAL JOBRACK:	Hello, my name is Sal Jobrack. I'm a
21		Stockton City Council Member. So I'm
22		one of those people that's a policy
23		maker that's connected to this. I'm
24		not a water expert, but my whole
<del>25</del>		life, I've lived here in Stockton on

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1	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
2	MARIAH LOONEY:	Hello, again. My name is Mariah
3		Looney, and I'm the Campaign
4		Coordinator for Restore the Delta.
5		First of all, I'd like to thank you
6		all for coming to Stockton. I'm a
7		born-and-raised Stocktonian, and my
8		family has been here a long time. I
9		grew up in east Stockton and spent
10		most of my childhood in Gianonni
11		Park, which is located in the zip
12		code 95205.
13		For those of you unfamiliar with
14		Stockton, CalEnviroscreen shows that
15		this zip code is in the ninety-fifth
16		percentile for degraded environmental
17		conditions. Unfortunately, this is
18		not an uncommon statistic for
19		Stockton environmental justice
20		communities. Most neighborhoods in
21		south of east Stockton share these
22		degraded environmental conditions.
23		According to the 2018 report on the
24		Status of Women in Stockton done by
25		Mayor Michael Tubb's office and other

1 community leaders, thirty-nine point 2 six percent of the City of Stockton's population is under the age of 3 twenty-five. 4 5 Many young people in the Delta area will also often tell you that they 6 don't want contact with the water, 8 especially used in south and east Stockton. They can see the 9 10 degradation of our rivers and sloughs for themselves. And they see our 11 12 degraded waterways as a representation of how the world at 13 large does not value them. 14 15 There's also a great body of research that shows the link between degraded 16 17 environmental conditions and the increase in the school prison 18 19 pipeline. 20 There are also 40,000 substance 21 fissures in the Delta with a great number of these fissures residing in 22 23 Stockton. Pollution will 24 bioaccumulate, particularly mercury 25 in fish populations during

1	construction.
2	Residents from disadvantaged
3	communities, however, will continue
4	to catch and eat polluted fish,
5	despite education efforts, because
6	there are no other available and
7	affordable food sources for them.
8	The new eastern alignment released by
9	the DCA relocating the Delta tunnel
10	just a few miles east of the Port of
11	Stockton and much closer to the
12	entire city, the DCA plans to run
13	barges, trains and trucks at full
14	capacity from the port to the north
15	Delta for construction. And while
16	hundreds of trucks a day making new
17	runs from the port is being sold as
18	jobs, it can actually interfere with
19	the commutes for thirty thousand
20	residents who already drive daily to
21	Sacramento, and push business away
22	from downtown Stockton, which is in
23	the kind of a revitalization period.
24	Area residents will also be further
25	cut off from access at waterways and

1	their right to recreation guaranteed
2	under the California Constitution.
3	If the state insists on the project,
4	there must be equity for Stockton
5	that includes improvement in air
6	pollution and water quality, not just
7	minimum mitigation. Because our
8	people are already starting at an
9	environmental and economic
10	disadvantage. And we're almost the
11	worse in the state.
12	There must be a commitment that is
13	planned now to protect drinking water
14	supply and improve surface water
15	quality conditions for access to
16	recreation for environmental justice
17	communities. But it's questionable
18	that any amount spent will mitigate
19	the impacts on public health and a
20	sustainable economically sorry.
21	I'm just going to end it there.
22	Thank you.
23	BARBARA BARRIGAN PARILLA: Barbara Barrigan Parilla,
24	Restoring the Delta. I'm really
<del>25</del> —	happy that my mentor, Dante

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1	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you very much.
2	JAELYN SANIDAD:	Hello, my name is Jaelyn Sanidad. I
3		am Filipino, and I am only nineteen
4		years old. I was born and raised in
5		Stockton, and there is actually a lot
6		about my city that I don't know.
7		And one of the main reasons to blame
8		is environmental injustice. I am
9		speaking to you as a Stocktonian, a
10		young woman and just a normal kid
11		from the south side. The thing about
12		children is that every kid has dreams
13		of traveling to new places and making
14		new adventures filled with green
15		fields and blue waters. Except for
16		that in today's society, a lot of our
17		children have grown up too fast in
18		order to fight for their lives. Zena
19		Abdul Karu, (ph) eighteen years old,
20		Muslim environmental activist;
21		Amarianna Copeny, Little
22		Ms. Flint, thirteen years old, black
23		environmental activist; Minitsa
24		Flaco, (ph) twenty-three years old,
25		environmental activist of the Amazon

1 Rainforest, whoever said that we 2 aren't here hasn't been paying 3 attention. Our youth are ready to 4 What we are doing by going 5 forward with these projects is snatching away our children's dreams 6 and hopes. The older generation may be the ones making the decisions now. 8 But we need to remember that it is 9 10 the youth and our future generation that will be the ones living in your 11 12 consequences. Children are forced to 13 grow up too fast in order to repair 14 and fix problems that they never even 15 created. But why is that? Just a 16 few days ago, on February 12th, ABC 17 News published a report revolving around Stockton and our opportunities 18 19 offered to our children. Stockton 20 was ranked among one of the worse 21 places with opportunities for our 22 Reporters in the publication youth. 23 stated that there's a pattern with 24 central valley metro areas and how 25 they are the most very vulnerable to

1		poverty. With this project, wouldn't
2		we just be further proving their
3		point and deteriorating our
4		children's lives? It would be a
5		shame, and I would be disappointed
6		disappointed for real if this project
7		were to move forward. Environmental
8		racism and injustice has made its
9		dent in Stockton, our motherland, for
10		far too long. I am not just a
11		statistic to play with. We're here
12		fighting for our lives. We are
13		nature defending nature, and that's
14		what it is.
15	-GLORIA ALONSO:	My name is Gloria Alonso, I am a
<del>16</del> —		nineteen-year-old woman, a Mexican
<del>17</del>		woman immigrant. Coming from the
<del>18</del> —		south side of Stockton, I am here
<del>19</del>		today as a community member to share
<del>20</del> —		my concerns regarding the impacts
21		that the tunnel would have on the
22		city that I call home. I am here to
23		share with you, not the numbers, but
24		to remind you that they impact
<del>25</del>		historically marginalized

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1		and saltwater barrier.
_2	CLARENCE KOOI:	Thank you.
_3		Mr. Saunders.
_4	JACK SAUNDERS:	Yes.
_5	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Okay.
6	JACK SAUNDERS:	Thank you. And I am appreciative
7		that you're here today. And I hope
8		that this particular process will
9		help you get to a conclusion that
10		doesn't include a tunnel.
11		A little bit of history: We're
12		talking about the San Joaquin River.
13		Really, the San Joaquin River is
14		river, in name only. The San Joaquin
15		River actually runs south down the
16		valley. And over the years,
17		beginning in the Gold Rush, water has
18		been diverted just about every place
19		you can imagine. And in doing so,
20		we've created a situation where we've
21		become so dependent on water that we
22		don't have, because we're in drought
23		a third of the time, we've become to
24		depend on it; and we've gotten into
25		wars. And you're certainly all

1 familiar with the water wars that 2 have gone in in California. Well. 3 fortunately, the Delta has one of the prime targets of all of those wars. 4 5 And we've allocated more water to more people than exists or ever will 6 exist. And in doing so, we've degraded the Delta tremendously. 8 actually even thinking about draining 9 10 more water from the Delta is, in my opinion, insanity; because there's no 11 12 more water to give you. There just 13 really isn't. And, like I said, I'm happy to have 14 15 you here; but I'm a little bit 16 suspicious, especially since we went 17 through the WaterFix, which was a fix, in my opinion. And I think that 18 19 we're going to be watching to see 20 what happens in this. And the person 21 who was up here before me or up here a minute ago anyway, said that 22 23 probably you're not going to find a 24 very good reception here in this 25 area, because it's just happened to

1 us so many times. We've had to fight 2 so many battles to maintain the water 3 that should be flowing through the 4 Delta. And we're constantly reading 5 about people who are saying all of this water is going in -- wasted 6 going out to the Delta into the Well, the fact is that's what 8 makes our environment work. 9 It is 10 not working anywhere as near as well as it should because we're having 11 12 chemicals spewed into the Delta. 13 We're going to have more flowing down 14 the San Joaquin River because of some 15 policies that have been initiated 16 that are going to harm the Delta even 17 more. So continuing to take water out of the Delta is just a no-go for 18 19 And I'm pretty sure it is for 20 everybody else in this room, although 21 I don't speak for everybody, 22 obviously. 23 There are alternatives. And Restore the Delta has been in the forefront 24 25 of bringing those to the attention of

1 individuals who are thinking about 2 water. But they get ignored fairly 3 quickly. I'm tired of the 4 And, in my opinion. 5 grabs going on. When you look at where the water is going to go and 6 why the water is being treated the way it is, it all has to do with 8 money. And there are agencies that 9 10 basically have to do what they're told to do to keep their jobs and so 11 12 forth. And so there are farmers --13 not farmers, but big ag, I quess I 14 want to say, and developers who would 15 really like to get their hands on 16 this water. 17 What we know is there is some land that's going to be taken out of 18 19 farming, and but they're still going 20 to get the same amount of water. 21 what is going to happen is a great 22 deal for them. They're going to be 23 able to sell it at market price, and 24 we're going to be subsidizing all of 25 that.

1		Anyway, I'm glad you're here. We're
2		going to be keeping an eye on you.
3		And I hope it never happens. Thank
4		you.
5	PROGRAM MANAGER:	I'm going to call the next three.
-6		Brandon Dawson, Dan Nomellini, and
<del>-7</del>		Julia Rapoza, if you can come up.
-8-	BRANDON DAWSON:	Hello, Brandon Dawson, staff member
9		for Sierra Club California, here on
<del>10</del>		behalf of our half a million members
11		statewide, many of them live in the
12		Delta. Just here to urge you to
13		consider a no tunnel alternative
14		thoroughly.
<del>15</del>		The proposed project unfortunately is
16		currently being considered in a
<del>17</del>		vacuum. There's a larger context
18		though. The state currently has
<del>19</del>		numerous regulatory programs to
20		improve air quality and water quality
21		in low income and disadvantaged
22		communities, reduce the state's
23		energy footprint and greenhouse gas
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1	- We know the challenges we have with
_2	our levees, the threat of climate
_3	change, and the ever returning
_4	poisonous algae issue, none of which
_5	this proposal addresses yet.
-6-	And what do we have to say about the
<del>-7</del>	impact this proposal will have on our
-8	quality of air, which is already
_9	rated the fourth worse in our nation?
10-	The story of Parasite is how South
11	Korea is quickly becoming a class of
12	two system or a two-class system.
13	Let's fix this process so the end
14	result, there's equity. Mediate,
<del>15</del>	appoint a receiver, do whatever you
16	have to do to make this equitable.
<del>17</del>	If you don't, our very own director
18	will be making a movie about Stockton
<del>19</del>	and the Delta region and how it's at
20	the receiving end of California's new
21	two-class system.
22	Thank you.
23	PROGRAM MANAGER: Thank you.
24	DAVID SCATENA: I'm Dave Scatena, and I belong to a
25	number of organizations. And I want

1 to begin by saying that the 2 conveyance and neither of the 3 alignments are acceptable to me as a person who lives in this area. 4 This tunnel will not create one 5 additional drop of water. 6 The science and the scientists tell us that this conveyance will cause issues with the Delta as well as San 9 10 Francisco Bay. The project is too disruptive to 11 12 farming along the path, whichever one If the tunnel is 13 is chosen. installed, I predict that the Delta 14 15 protections will be pushed aside as the result of increased water shift 16 17 south. I am concerned about the effects of 18 19 the construction, increased truck 20 traffic throughout our area, the 21 economic impact to our area, and the 22 pollution of air and water. 23 I am also concerned that California 24 taxpayers will end up paying the 25 bill, which then causes us to

1		subsidize the water grabbers south of
2		the pump.
3		The taxpayers should vote prior to a
4		final decision to use taxpayer money.
5		Now, I also want to voice my concern
6		about the algae blooms. They already
7		occur, and construction will
8		undoubtedly increase the frequency
9		and magnitude which is destructive to
10		the Delta.
11		Finally, my opinion is, is that the
12		Delta Project is a boondoggle to
13		ultimately drain the Delta.
14		I suggest that the money that is to
15		be spent should be spent on projects
16		that produce more water, like
17		desalinization, water conservation
18		effects, and the planting of less nut
19		trees in our state.
20		Thank you.
21	PROGRAM MANAGER:	I'm going to call the next three up:
22		Jasmine D., Chris Neudeck, and Margo
23		Praus, if you can get yourselves
24		ready, and please proceed when you're
<del>25</del>		<del>ready.</del>

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23		energy footprint and greenhouse gas
24		emissions and reinvigorate
25		California's diversity. But the

1 proposed project is antithetical to 2 all of those programs. During 3 imposed construction, this project, whether operated to take 3,000 cfs, 4 6,000 cfs, or 7500 cfs of desperately 5 needed water from the Delta ecosystem 6 and its residents will worsen the air and water quality for the 8 communities, increase the state's 9 10 energy footprint as it facilitates more Delta exports and decimate much 11 12 of the state's biodiversity including among others, Sandhill cranes. 13 14 So we ask that the EIR thoroughly 15 consider a no tunnel alternative and the state's use of investment in 16 17 local programs in Southern California and all over the state that reduce 18 19 measures that take away water from 20 the Delta, as well as state 21 investment in restoring existing 22 Delta levees and infrastructure. 23 Whether or not the tunnel gets built, 24 those projects do need to get done 25 for the safety of the Delta

1		communities and the ecosystem. Thank
2		you.
3	PROGRAM MANAGER:	Thank you.
_4		Mr. Nomellini.
_5	DANTE JOHN NOMELLI	NI, SR.: Thank you very much. Dante
-6		John Nomellini again. This is almost
<del>-7</del>		51 years that I've been dealing with
-8-		the same subject going through at
_9		least three diversions of these types
10		of meetings and hearings.
11		The Delta project that's proposed
12		will clearly destroy the Delta.
13		There's no question about it. We
14		cannot sustain ten years of a
<del>15</del>		construction project. Wildlife is
16—		going to be totally devastated by the
<del>17</del>		activity. Our farming and the
18		traffic is going to be terrible.
<del>19</del>		And, of course, the worst thing would
20		be to take too much water out of the
21		<del>Delta.</del>
22		The projects have been operating for
23		70 years, running water through the
24		channels of the Delta. The problem
<del>25</del>		has developed to try and take more

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